CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

THARAMANI, CHENNAI – 113

(AN AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION)

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

(FULL TIME & PART TIME COURSES)

SYLLABUS

CPD 2022- SCHEME

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE, CHENNAI – 113 (Autonomous Institution) DIPLOMA COURSES IN ENGINEERING / TECHNOLOGY

(SEMESTER SYSTEM)

(Implemented from 2022 – 2023) D –SCHEME REGULATIONS

1. Description of the Course:

a. Full Time (3 years)

The Course for the Full time Diploma in Engineering shall extend over a period of three academic years, consisting of 6 semesters* and the First Year is common to all Engineering Branches.

b. Sandwich (31/2 years)

The Course for the Diploma in Engineering (Sandwich) shall extend over a period of three and a half academic years, consisting of 7 semesters* and the First Year is common to all Engineering Branches. The subjects of the three year full time diploma course are being regrouped for academic convenience.

During 4th and /or during 7th semester the students undergo industrial training for six months / one year. Industrial training examination will be conducted after completion of every 6 months of industrial training.

c. Part Time (4 years)

The course for the Part Time Diploma in Engineering shall extend over a period of 4 academic years containing of 8 semesters*, the subjects of the 3 year full time diploma courses are being regrouped for academic convenience.

*Each Semester will have 16 weeks duration of study with 35 hrs. / Week for Regular Diploma programme and 18 hrs. / Week (21 hrs. / Week 1 year) for Part – Time Diploma programmes.

The Curriculum for all 6 Semesters of Diploma courses has been revised and the revised curriculum is applicable for the candidates admitted from the 2022–2023academic year onwards.

2. Conditions for Admission:

Condition for admission to the Diploma courses is as follows:

The candidate shall be required to have passed in the S.S.L.C Examination of the Board of Secondary Education, Tamilnadu.

(Or)

The Anglo Indian High School Examination with eligibility for Higher Secondary Course in Tamilnadu.

(Or)

The Matriculation Examination of Tamil Nadu.

Any other Examination recognized as equivalent to the above by the Board of Secondary Education, Tamilnadu.

Note: In addition, at the time of admission the candidate will have to satisfy certain minimum requirements, which may be prescribed from time to time.

3. Admission to Second year (Lateral Entry):

A pass in HSC (Academic) or (Vocational) courses mentioned in the Higher Secondary Schools in Tamilnadu affiliated to the Tamilnadu Higher Secondary Board with eligibility for university Courses of study or equivalent examination, & should have studied the following subjects.

Sl.		H. Sc Academic	H. Sc Vocational		
No.	Courses		Subject studied		
	Courses	Subject studied	<u> </u>		
		a deject stadzed	Related subjects	Vocational subjects	
1	All the regular	Mathematics, Physics	Mathematics,	Related vocational	
	and Sandwich	& Chemistry	Physics & Chemistry	subjects theory &	
	Diploma Courses			practical	

- For the Diploma Courses related with Engineering / Technology, the related/equivalent subjects prescribed along with Practical may also be taken for arriving the eligibility.
- Branch will be allotted according to merit through counseling by the respective Principal as per communal reservation.
- Candidates who have studied Commerce subjects are not eligible for Engineering Diploma courses.
- **4. Age Limit:** No Age limit.
- **5. Medium of Instruction:** English.

6. Eligibility for the Award of Diploma:

No candidate shall be eligible for the diploma unless he / she has undergone the prescribed course of study for a period of not less than 3 academic years in any institution affiliated to the State Board of Technical Education and Training, Tamil Nadu, when joined in First Year and two years if joined under Lateral Entry scheme in the second year and passed the prescribed examination.

The minimum and maximum period for completion of Diploma courses are as given below:

Diploma Course	Minimum Period	Maximum Period
Full Time	3 Years	6 Years
Full Time (Lateral Entry)	2 Years	5 Years
Sandwich	3 ½ Years	6 ½ Years
Part Time	4 Years	7 Years

7. Subjects of Study and Curriculum outline:

The subjects of study shall be in accordance with the syllabus prescribed from time to time, both in theory and practical subjects. The curriculum outline is given in Annexure – I

8. Examinations:

Autonomous board examinations in all subjects of all the semesters under the scheme of examinations will be conducted at the end of each semester.

The internal assessment marks for all the subjects will be awarded on the basis of continuous internal assessment earned during the semester concerned. For each subject 25 marks are allotted for internal assessment and 75 marks are allotted for Autonomous Board Examinations.

9. Continuous Internal Assessment:

A. For Theory Subjects:

The Internal Assessment marks for a total of 25 marks, which are to be distributed as follows:

i) Subject Attendance

5 Marks

Award of marks for subject attendance to each subject Theory / Practical will be as per the range given below:

80%	-	83%	1 Marks
84%	-	87%	2 Marks
88%	-	91%	3 Marks
92%	-	95%	4 Marks
96%	-	100%	5 Marks

ii) Test #

2 Tests each of 2 hours duration for a total of 60 marks are to be conducted.

Out of which the best one will be taken and the marks to be reduced to: **05 Marks**

The Test – III is to be the Model test covering all the five units and the

marks so obtained will be reduced to: **05Marks**

Total 10 Marks

TEST	UNITS	WHEN TO CONDUCT	MARKS	DURATION
Test I	Unit-I & II	End of 6 th week	60	2 Hrs
Test II	Unit-III & IV	End of 12 th week	60	2 Hrs
Test III	Model Examination- Compulsory Covering all the 5 Units. (Autonomous Board Examinationsquestion paper-pattern).	End of 15 th week	75	3 Hrs

- From the Academic year 2022-2023 onwards.

Question Paper Pattern for the Periodical Test : (Test – I & Test – II)

With No Choice:

Part A Type questions: 2 Questions X 10 mark	 20 marks
Part B Type questions: 4 Questions X 5 mark	20 marks
Part C Type questions: 5 Questions X 2 mark	 10 marks

Total 50 marks

(or)

Suitable as per Question pattern

iii) Assignment 5 Marks

For each subject Three Assignments are to be given each for 20 marks and the average marks scored should be reduced for 5 marks

All Test Papers and Assignment notebooks after getting the signature with date from the students must be kept in the safe custody in the Department for verification and audit. It should be preserved for 2 Semesters and produced to the flying squad and the inspection team at the time of inspection/verification.

iv) Seminar Presentation

5 Marks

The students have to select the topics either from their subjects or general subjects which will help to improve their grasping capacity as well as their capacity to express the subject in hand. The students will be allowed to prepare the material for the given topic using the library hour and they will be permitted to present seminar (For First and Second Year, the students will be permitted to present the seminar as a group not exceeding six members and each member of the group should participate in the presentation. For the Third Year, the students should present the seminar individually.) The seminar presentation is mandatory for all theory subjects and carries 5 marks for each theory subject. The respective subject faculty may suggest topics to the students and will evaluate the submitted materials and seminar presentation. (2½ marks for the material submitted in writing and 2½ marks for the seminar presentation). For each subject minimum of two seminars are to be given and the average marks scored should be reduced to 5 marks.

All Test Papers, Assignment Papers / Notebooks and the seminar presentation written material after getting the signature with date from the students must be kept in safe custody in the department for verification and audit. It should be preserved for one semester after publication of Board Exam results and produced to the flying squad and the inspection team at the time of inspection/verification.

B. For Practical Subjects:

The Internal Assessment marks for a total of 25 marks which are to be distributed as follows:-

a) Attendance : 5 Marks

(Award of marks as same as Theory subjects)

b) Procedure/observation and tabulation / : 10 Marks

Other Practical related Work

c) Record writing : 10 Marks

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TOTAL 25 Marks

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• All the Experiments/Exercises indicated in the syllabus should be completed and the same to be given for final Autonomous Board examinations.

- The Record for every completed exercise should be submitted in the subsequent Practical classes and marks should be awarded for 20 for each exercise as per the above allocation.
- At the end of the Semester, the average marks of all the exercises should be calculated for 20 marks and the marks awarded for attendance is to be added to arrive at the internal assessment mark for Practical. (20+5=25 marks)
- The students have to submit the duly signed bonafide record note book/file during the Autonomous Practical Board Examinations.
- All the marks awarded for assignments, Tests and attendance should be entered in the Personal Log Book of the staff, who is handling the subject. This is applicable to both Theory and Practical subjects.

10. Communication Skill Practical, Computer Application Practical and Physical Education:

The Communication Skill Practical and Computer Application Practical with more emphasis are being introduced in First Year. Much Stress is given to increase the Communication skill and ICT skill of students.

As per the recommendation of MHRD and under Fit India scheme, the Physical education is introduced to encourage students to remain healthy and fit by including physical activities and sports

11.Project Work: 25 Marks

The students of all the Diploma Programs have to do a Project Work as part of the Curriculum and in partial fulfillment for the award of Diploma by the State Board of Technical Education and Training, Tamilnadu. In order to encourage students to do worthwhile and innovative projects, every year prizes are awarded for the best three projects i.e. institution wise, region wise and state wise. **The Project work must be reviewed twice in the same semester.**

a) Internal assessment mark for Project Work & Viva Voce:

Project Review I 10 marks
Project Review II 10 marks

Attendance **05 marks** (Award of marks

same as theory subject pattern)

Total 25 marks

•••••

Proper record is to be maintained for the two Project Reviews, and it should be preserved for 2 semesters and produced to the flying squad and the inspection team at the time of inspection/verification.

b) Allocation of Marks for Project Work & Viva Voce in Board Examinations:

Demonstration/Presentation/Viva ... 20 marks

voce

Report ... 20 marks

Written test ... 15 marks

Internship Report ... 20 marks

Total ... 75marks

C) Written Test Mark (from 2 topics for 30 minutes duration):

i) Environment Management 2 questions X 2 ½ marks = 5 marks

ii) Disaster Management 2 questions X 2 ½ marks = 5 marks

10 marks

Internship Report:

The internship training for a period of two weeks shall be undergone by every candidate at the end of IV / V semester during vacation. The certificate shall be produced along with the internship report for evaluation. The evaluation of internship training shall be done along with final year "Project Work & Internship" for 20 marks. The internship shall be undertaken in any industry / Government or Private certified agencies which are in social sector / Govt. Skill Centers / Institutions / Schemes.

Selection of Questions should be from Question Bank, by the External Examiner. No choice need be given to the candidates.

Project Work & Viva Voce in Autonomous Board

Examination -- **65 Marks**

Written Test Mark (from 2 topics

for 1 hour duration) -- 10 Marks

TOTAL -- 75 Marks

A neatly prepared PROJECT REPORT as per the format has to be submitted by individual student during the Project Work & Viva Voce Autonomous Board examination.

12. Scheme of Examination:

The Scheme of examinations for subjects is given in Annexure - II.

13. Criteria for Pass:

- 1. No Candidate shall be eligible for the award of Diploma unless he / she has undergone the prescribed course of study successfully in an institution approved by AICTE and affiliated to the State Board of Technical Education & Training, Tamil Nadu and pass all the subjects prescribed in the curriculum.
- 2. A candidate shall be declared to have passed the examination in a subject if he / she secures not less than 40% in theory subjects and 50% in practical subjects out of the total prescribed maximum marks including both the Internal Assessment and the Autonomous Board Examinations marks put together, subject to the condition that he / she secures at least a minimum of 30 marks out of 75 marks in the Autonomous Board Theory Examinations and a minimum of 35 marks out of 75 marks in the Autonomous Board Practical Examinations.

14. Classification of successful candidates:

Classification of candidates who will pass out the final examinations from April 2022 onwards

(Joined in first year in 2021-2022) will be done as specified below.

First Class with Superlative Distinction:

A candidate will be declared to have passed in **First Class with Superlative Distinction** if he / she secures not less than 75% of the marks in all the subjects and passes all the semesters in the first appearance itself and passes all subjects within the stipulated period of study $3/3 \frac{1}{2}/4$ years (Full Time / Sandwich / Part Time) without any break in study.

First Class with Distinction:

A Candidate will be declared to have passed in **First Class with Distinction** if he / she secures not less than 75% of the aggregate marks in all the semesters put together and passes all the semesters except the I and II semester in the first appearance itself and passes all subjects within the stipulated period of study $3/3 \frac{1}{2}/4$ years (Full Time / Sandwich / Part Time) without any break in study.

First Class:

A candidate will be declared to have passed in **First Class** if he / she secures not less than 60% of the aggregate marks in all the semesters put together and passes all the subjects within the stipulated period of study $3/3 \frac{1}{2}/4$ years (Full Time / Sandwich / Part Time) without any break in study.

Second Class:

All other successful candidates will be declared to have passed in **Second Class.**

The above mentioned classifications are also applicable for the Sandwich / Part – Time students who pass out Final Examination from October 2019 / April 2020 onwards (both joined in First Year in 2021-2022)

15. <u>Duration of a period in the Class Time Table:</u>

The duration of each period of instruction is 1 hour and the total period of instruction hours excluding interval and Lunch break in a day should be uniformly maintained as 7 hours corresponding to 7 period of instruction (Theory & Practical).

16. Seminar:

For seminar the total seminar 15 hours (15 weeks x 1 hour) should be distributed equally to total theory subject per semester (i.e 15 hours divided by 3/4 subject). A topic from subject or current scenario is given to students. During the seminar hour students have to present the paper and submit seminar material to the respective staff members, who is handling the subject. It should be preserved for 2 semesters and produced to the flying squad and the inspection team at the time of inspections / verification.

Syllabus Revision Committee Diploma in Civil Engineering (D-Scheme)

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6. Er.R.Aravindh Raj M.Tech

Industrialist

ANNEXURE - I (1010-DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING FULL TIME) CURRICULUM OUTLINE

THIRD SEMESTER (FULL TIME)

Subject		HOURS PER WEEK					
Code	SUBJECT	Theory Hours	Drawing Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours		
CED310	Mechanics of solids	6	-	-	6		
CED320	Construction Materials and Construction Practice	5	-	-	5		
CED330	Surveying	6	-	-	6		
CED340	Building planning & Drawing	-	4	-	4		
CED350	Civil Engineering Drawing & Cad Practical- I	-	1	4	4		
CED360	Material Testing Lab I	-	-	3	3		
CED 370	Surveying Practice I	-	-	4	4		
Co- curricular	Physical Education	-	-	-	2		
activities	Library	ibrary	-	1			
	TOTAL	17	4	11	35		

FOURTH SEMESTER (FULL TIME)

			HOURS P	ER WEEK	
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Theory Hours	Drawing Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours
CED410	Theory of Structures	6	-	-	6
CED 420	Estimation, costing & valuation	6	1	-	6
CED430	Transportation Engineering	5	-	-	5
CED440	Estimation, costing &valuation laboratory	-	1	4	4
CED450	Material Testing Lab II	-	-	3	3
CED460	Construction practice laboratory	•	1	4	4
CED470	Surveying Practice II	•	1	4	4
Co- curricular activities	Physical Education	-	-	-	2
	Library	-	-	-	1
_	TOTAL	17		15	35

(1010-DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING FULL TIME)

CURRICULUM OUTLINE

FIFTH SEMESTER (FULL TIME)

Cubicot		HOURS PER WEEK					
Subject Code		Theory	Drawing	Practical	Total		
	SUBJECT	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours		
CED510	Structural Engineering	6	-	-	6		
CED520	Environmental Engineering	5	-	-	5		
	Elective Theory- I						
	Remote Sensing and	F			_		
CED531	Geoinformatics	5	-	-	5		
CED532	Concrete Technology						
CED533							
CED540	Civil Engineering Drawing and CAD Practical – II	-	3	3	6		
	Environmental Engineering	-	-	2	2		
CED550	Laboratory			3	3		
	Elective Practical-I						
CED561	Advanced Surveying and Basic GIS Practical		-				
CED562	Concrete Technology Practical						
CED 563	Geotechnical Engineering			3	3		
CED 570	Entrepreneurship and Startups	-	-	4	4		
Co- curric	Physical Education	-	-	-	2		
ular activi ties	Library	-	-	-	1		
	TOTAL	16	3	13	35		

SIXTH SEMESTER (FULL TIME)

Subject		HOURS PER WEEK					
Code	SUBJECT	Theory Hours	Drawing Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours		
CED610	Construction Management with MIS	6	-	-	6		
CED620	Hydraulics	6	-	-	6		
E	lective Theory -II						
CED631	Sustainable and Green Building Technology		_	_			
CED632	Urban Planning and Development	5	_	-	5		
CED633	Water Resources Engineering						
CED640	Computer Application in civil engineering practice	-	-	5	5		
	Elective Practical-II						
CED651	Highway Engineering Laboratory						
CED652	Water Resources Engineering Laboratory	-	-	4	4		
CED653	Hydraulics laboratory						
CED660	Project Work and Internship	-	-	6	6		
Co- curricular activities	Physical Education	-	-	-	2		
	Library	-	-	-	1		
	TOTAL	17	-	15	35		

ANNEXURE - II (1010 - DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING FULL TIME) SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

THIRD SEMESTER

		Exami	۳ (of urs		
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal Assess- ment Marks	Board Exam. Marks	Total Marks		Duration of Exam Hours
CED310	Mechanics of solids	25	75	100	40	3
CED320	Construction Materials and Construction Practice	25	75	100	40	3
CED330	Surveying	25	75	100	40	3
CED340	Building planning & Drawing	25	75	100	40	3
CED350	Civil Engineering Drawing Cad Practical- I	25	75	100	50	3
CED360	Material Testing Lab I	25	75	100	50	3
CED370	Surveying Practice I	25	75	100	50	3
		175	525	700		

FOURTH SEMESTER

		Examination Marks			۳ %	of urs
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal Assess- ment Marks	Board Exam Marks	Total Mark	Minimum for Pass	Duration of Exam Hours
CED410	Theory of Structures	25	75	100	40	3
CED 420	Estimation, costing & valuation	25	75	100	40	3
CED430	Transportation Engineering	25	75	100	40	3
CED440	Estimation, costing &valuation laboratory	25	75	100	50	3
CED450	Material Testing Lab II	25	75	100	50	3
CED460	Construction practice laboratory	25	75	100	50	3
CED470	Surveying Practice II	25	75	100	50	3
	TOTAL	175	525	700		

(1010 – DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING FULL TIME) <u>SCHEME OF EXAMINATION</u>

FIFTH SEMESTER

THE THE SEWIEST		Exami	-	of Irs		
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal Assess- ment Marks	Board Exam. Marks	Total Mark	40 40 50 50 50 50	Duration of Exam Hours
CED510	Structural Engineering	25	75	100	40	3
CED520	Environmental Engineering	25	75	100	40	3
Ele	ctive Theory I					
	Remote Sensing and					
CED531	Geo informatics	25	75	100	40	3
CED532	Concrete Technology					
CED533	Geotechnical Engineering					
CED540	Civil Engineering Drawing and CAD Practical -II	25	75	100	50	3
CED550	Environmental Engineering Laboratory	25	75	100	50	3
	•					
Elect	ive Practical-I					
CED561	Advanced Surveying and Basic GIS Practical					
CED562	Concrete Technology Practical	25	75	100	50	3
	Geotechnical Engineering					
CED 563	Laboratory					
CED 570	Entrepreneurship & Startups	25	75	100	50	3
		175	525	700		

SIXTH SEMESTER

		Exami	nation Ma	arks	5 (0	of Irs
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal Assess- ment Marks	Board Exam Marks	Total Mark	Minimum for Pass	Duration of Exam Hours
CED610	Construction Management with MIS	25	75	100	40	3
CED620	Hydraulics	25	75	100	40	3
Electiv	e Theory II					
CED631	Sustainable and Green Building Technology					_
CED632	Urban Planning and Development	25	75	100	40	3
CED633	Water Resources Engineering					
CED640	Computer Application in civil engineering practice	25	75	100	50	3
	Elective Practical					
CED651	Highway Engineering Laboratory	25	75	100	50	3
CED652	Water Resources Engineering Laboratory					
CED653	Hydraulics laboratory					
CED 660	Project Work and Internship	25	75	100	50	3
	TOTAL	150	450	600		

ANNEXURE - III 3010 DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (PART-TIME) CURRICULUM OUTLINE

THIRD SEMESTER (Part Time)

Subject		HOURS PER WEEK						
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Theory Hours	Drawing Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours			
CED310	Mechanics of Solids	6	-	-	6			
CED330	Construction Materials and Construction Practice	4	-	-	4			
CED 340	Building Planning and Drawing	-	3	-	3			
D0001	Communication skill practical	-	-	2	2			
DBE15	Engineering Graphics-I		3		3			
	TOTAL	10	6	2	18			

FOURTH SEMESTER (Part Time)

		HOURS PER WEEK					
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Theory	Drawing	Practical	Total		
		Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours		
CED320	Surveying	4	1	-	4		
CED430	Transportation Engineering	4	-	-	4		
CED360	Material Testing Laboratory	-	-	2	2		
CED370	Surveying Practice-I	-	-	2	2		
D0001	Computer Application Practical	-	-	3	3		
DBE25	Engineering Graphics-II	•	3	-	3		
	TOTAL	8	3	7	18		

FIFTH SEMESTER (Part Time)

		HOURS PER WEEK					
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Theory Hours	Drawing Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours		
CED410	Theory of structures	5	-	-	5		
CED520	Environmental Engineering	5	-	-	5		
CED350	Civil Engineering Drawing and CAD Practical-I	-	-	3	3		
CED440	Material Testing Laboratory-II	-	-	2	2		
CED450	Surveying Practice-II	-	-	3	3		
	10	-	8	18			

3010 DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (PART-TIME) CURRICULUM OUTLINE

SIXTH SEMESTER (Part Time)

Cubicot		HOURS PER WEEK						
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Theory Hours	Drawing Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours			
CED620	Hydraulics	5	-	-	5			
CED430	Estimation, costing & Valuation	4	•	-	4			
CED 534	Civil Engineering Drawing and CAD Practical-II	-	2	2	4			
CED540	Environmental Engineering Laboratory	1	ı	3	3			
CED660	Hydraulics Laboratory	-	-	2	2			
	TOTAL	9	2	7	18			

SEVENTH SEMESTER (Part Time)

Out in at			HOURS PER	RWEEK	
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Theory Hours	Drawing Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours
	Structural				
CED510	Engineering	6	-	-	6
	Elective Theory I				
	Remote Sensing and				
CED531	Geo informatics	4	-	-	4
CED532	Concrete Technology				
	Geotechnical				
CED533	Engineering				
CED460	Construction			3	3
	Practice	-	-	3	3
	Laboratory				
	Elective Practical-I				
	Advanced Surveying				
CED550	and Basic GIS Practical	_	_		
CED560	Concrete Technology Practical	_		3	3
	Geotechnical				
CED570	Engineering				
	Laboratory				
CED580	Entrepreneurship and Startups	-	-	2	2
	TOTAL	10	-	8	18

3010 DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (PART-TIME) CURRICULUM OUTLINE

EIGHTH SEMESTER (Part Time)

Subject			HOURS PE	R WEEK	
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Theory	Drawing	Practical	Total
		Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours
CED610	Construction Management	5			5
	Elective Theory - II				
CED631	Sustainable and Green Building Technology				
CED632	Urban Planning and Development	4			4
CED633	Water Resources Engineering	•			7
CED640	Computer Application in Civil Engineering Practice			3	3
	Elective Practical- II				
CED470	Estimation and Costing Laboratory				
CED640	Highway Engineering Laboratory			3	3
CED650	Water Resources Engineering	-	-	3	
	Laboratory				
CED670	Project Work and Internship			3	3
	·				
	TOTAL	9		9	18

ANNEXURE – IV 3010 DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (PART-TIME) SCHEME OF THE EXAMINATION

THIRD SEMESTER (Part Time)

		Exami	Examination Marks			of urs
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal assess- ment Marks	Board Exam. Marks	Total Mark	Minimum for pass	Duration of Exam Hours
CED310	Mechanics of Solids	25	75	100	40	3
CED330	Construction Materials and Construction Practice	25	75	100	40	3
CED 340	Building Planning and Drawing	25	75	100	40	3
D0001	Communication skill practical	25	75	100	50	3
DBE15	Engineering Graphics-I	25	75	100	50	3
		125	375	500		

3010 DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (PART-TIME) SCHEME OF THE EXAMINATION

FOURTH SEMESTER (Part Time)

		Exami	nation Ma	ırks	۰.	of urs
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal assess- ment Marks	Board Exam Marks	Total Mark	Minimum for pass	Duration of Exam Hours
CED320	Surveying	25	75	100	40	3
CED430	Transportation Engineering	25	75	100	40	3
CED360	Material Testing Laboratory	25	75	100	40	3
CED370	Surveying Practice-I	25	75	100	50	3
D0001	Computer Application Practical	25	75	100	50	3
DBE25	Engineering Graphics-II	25	75	100	50	3
	TOTAL	150	450	600		

FIFTH SEMESTER (Part Time)

		Examination Marks			-	of urs
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal assess- ment Marks	Board Exam Marks	Total Mark	Minimum for pass	Duration of Exam Hours
CED410	Theory of structures	25	75	100	40	3
CED520	Environmental Engineering	25	75	100	40	3
CED350	Civil Engineering Drawing and CAD Practical-I	25	75	100	50	3
CED440	Material Testing Laboratory-II	25	75	100	50	3
CED450	Surveying Practice-II	25	75	100	50	3
	TOTAL	125	375	500		

3010 DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (PART-TIME) SCHEME OF THE EXAMINATION

SIXTH SEMESTER (Part Time)

		Examina	kamination Marks			of urs
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal assess- ment Marks	Board Exam. Marks	Total Mark	Minimum for pass	Duration (Exam Hou
CED620	Hydraulics	25	75	100	40	3
CED430	Estimation, costing & Valuation	25	75	100	40	3
CED534	Civil Engineering Drawing and CAD Practical-II	25	75	100	50	3
CED540	Environmental Engineering Laboratory	25	75	100	50	3
CED660	Hydraulics Laboratory	25	75	100	50	3
	TOTAL	125	375	500		

SEVENTH SEMESTER (Part Time)

		Exami	nation Ma	arks		rs _
Subject Code	SUBJECT Structural Engineering	Internal assessment Marks	Board Exam Marks	Total Marks	Minimum for pass	Duration of Exam Hours
CED510	Structural Engineering	25	75	100	40	3
E	Elective Theory I					
	Remote Sensing and					_
CED531	Geo informatics	25	75	100	40	3
CED532	Concrete Technology					
CED533	Geotechnical Engineering					
CED460	Construction					
	Practice Laboratory	25	75	100	50	3
E	Elective Practical-I		13	100		3
CED550	Advanced Surveying and Basic GIS Practical					
CED560	Concrete Technology Practical	25	75	100	50	3
	Geotechnical Engineering					
CED570	Laboratory					
CED580	Entrepreneurship and Startups					
		25	75	100	50	3
	TOTAL	125	375	500		

3010 DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (PART-TIME) SCHEME OF THE EXAMINATION

EIGHTH SEMESTER (Part Time)

		Exam	ination M	arks	5 40	Duration of Exam Hours
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal assess- ment Marks	Board Exam Marks	Total Mark	Minimum for pass	
CED610	Construction Management	25	75	100	40	3
	Elective Theory - II					
CED631	Sustainable and Green Building Technology Urban Planning and	25	75	100	40	3
CED632	Development					
CED633	Water Resources Engineering					
CED634	Computer Application in Civil Engineering Practice	25	75	100	50	3
	Elective Practical- II					
CED470	Estimation and Costing Laboratory					
CED651	Highway Engineering Laboratory	25	75	100	50	3
CED652	Water Resources Engineering Laboratory					
CED660	Project Work and Internship					
		25	75	100	50	3
	TOTAL	125	375	500		

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN COMMON TO ALL THEORY SUBJECTS

<u>PART-A</u> (1 to 8) 5 Questions are to be answered out of 8 questions for 2 marks each. From each unit maximum of two 2marks questions alone can be asked.

<u>PART-B</u> (9 to 16) 5 Questions are to be answered out of 8 questions for 3 marks each. From each unit maximum of two 2marks questions alone can be asked

(17 to 21) Five questions will be in the Either OR Pattern. Students have to answer these five questions. Each question carries 10 marks. (Based on the discretion of the question setter, he/she can ask two five mark questions (with sub division A& sub division B) instead of one ten marks question if required.)



DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING II YEAR D SCHEME

III SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

MECHANICS OF SOLIDS

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED310

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : MECHANICS OF SOLIDS

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Inst	ructions	Examination			
Subject Title	Subject Title Hours / Hours / Marks					
	Week	Semester	Marks		Duration	
ENGINEERING	6.11	00.11	Internal	Board	Total	
MECHANICS	6 Hrs	96 Hrs	Assessment	Examination	TOtal	
			25	75	100	3 Hrs

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS:

SI. No.	TOPIC	Time (Hrs)
1	SIMPLE STRESSES AND STRAINS	20
2	SHEAR FORCE AND BENDING MOMENT	17
3	GEOMETRICAL PROPERTIES OF SECTIONS	18
4	STRESSES IN BEAMS AND SHAFTS	17
5	PIN JOINTED FRAMES	17
6	TEST AND REVISION	7
	Total	96

RATIONALE:

This is a basic engineering subject. The purpose of the subject is to impart basic knowledge and skill regarding properties of materials, concept of stresses and strains, bending moment and shear force diagrams, second moment of area, bending and shear stresses, slope and deflection and analysis of trusses. The above knowledge will be useful for designing simple structural components. This subject is very important to develop basic concepts and principles related to structural mechanics. This subject will also enable the students to continue their further education.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be familiar with:

The mechanical properties of engineering materials, elastic constants, different
types of stresses and strains, the deformation of elastic bodies under simple
stresses, the use and principles of composite sections;
The effects of transverse forces such as shear force and bending moment in
beams; determination of SF and BM in simple beams under different loading
systems;
The geometrical properties such as centroid, moment of inertia etc of sections
of different shapes;
Determination of different types of stresses induced in beams and shafts due to
bending and twisting moments respectively
Analysis of perfect frames for vertical loads by analytical as well as graphical
methods.

CED310 MECHANICS OF SOLIDS

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
I	SIMPLE STRESSES AND STRAINS 1.1 INTRODUCTION TO STRESSES AND STRAINS Definitions of: Force, Moment of force, Actions and reactions, Statics, Static equilibrium of bodies, Mechanics, Engineering Mechanics - Conditions of static equilibrium - Types of forces on structural members - Study of strength of material - Mechanical properties of materials — Rigidity, Elasticity, Plasticity, Compressibility, Hardness, Toughness, Stiffness, Brittleness, Ductility, Malleability, Creep, Fatigue, Tenacity, Durability - Definitions of stress and strain - Types of stresses - Tensile, Compressive and Shear stresses - Types of strains - Tensile, Compressive and Shear strains - Blongation and Contraction - Longitudinal and Lateral strains - Poisson's Ratio - Volumetric strain - Simple problems in computation of stress, strain, Poisson's ratio, change in dimensions and volume etc- Hooke's law - Elastic Constants - Definitions of: Young's Modulus of Elasticity — Shear modulus (or) Modulus of Rigidity - Bulk Modulus - Relationship between elastic constants (Derivations not necessary)- Simple problems - Young's modulus values of few important engineering materials. 1.2 APPLICATION OF STRESS AND STRAIN IN ENGINEERING FIELD Behaviour of ductile and brittle materials under direct loads - Load Extension curve (or) Stress Strain curve of a ductile material - Limit of proportionality, Elastic limit, Yield stress, Ultimate stress, Breaking stress, Actual / Nominal stresses - Working stress - Factor of safety - Percentage elongation - Percentage reduction in area - Significance of percentage elongation and reduction in area of cross section - Deformation of prismatic and stepped bars due to uniaxial load - Deformation of prismatic bars due to its self weight - Numerical problems. Composite Sections — Examples of composite sections in Engineering field- Advantages - Assumptions made — Principles of analysis of Composite sections - Modular ratio - Equivalent area (No problems)	

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
II	2.1 TYPES OF LOADS AND BEAMS Definitions of: Axial load, Transverse load, Concentrated (or) Point load, Uniformly Distributed load (UDL), Varying load — Types of Supports and Reactions: Simple support, Roller support, Hinged support, Fixed support; Vertical reaction, Horizontal reaction, Moment reaction- Types of Beams based on support conditions- Diagrammatic representation of beams, loads and supports— Static equilibrium equations — Determinate and indeterminate beams. 2.2 SHEAR FORCE AND BENDING MOMENT IN BEAMS Definitions of Shear Force and Bending Moment — Conventionalsigns used for S.F. and B.M — S.F and B.M of general cases ofdeterminate beams — S.F and B.M diagrams for Cantilevers, Simply supported beams and Over hanging beams — Position ofmaximum BM - Point of contra flexure — Derivation of Relationbetween intensity of load, S.F and B.M. – Numerical problems on S.F and B.M. (Determinate beams with concentrated loads and udl only)	17Hrs
III	GEOMETRICAL PROPERTIES OF SECTIONS 3.1 CENTROID Geometrical properties — Definitions and examples of Symmetrical, Anti Symmetrical, Asymmetrical shapes - Definitions of centre of gravity and centroid - Centroid of Symmetrical shapes (solid / hollow square, rectangular, circular, I Sections) - Centroid of Asymmetrical shapes(triangular, semi circular, quadrant, trapezoidal, parabolic sections) - Centroid of Anti Symmetric shapes (S, Z sections) — Built up structural sections - Problems 3.2 MOMENT OF INERTIA Definitions of: Inertia, Moment of Inertia, Polar moment of inertia, Radius of gyration, Section Modulus, Polar modulus - Parallel and perpendicular axes theorems - Derivation of expressions for M.I / Polar M I, Section modulus and Radius of gyration of regular geometrical plane sections (Rectangle, circle, triangle) — M.I about centroidal axis / base, Section modulus, Radius of gyration of symmetric, asymmetric, anti symmetric and built up sections —Numerical problems.	18 Hrs

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
IV	STRESSES IN BEAMS AND SHAFTS 4.1 STRESSES IN BEAMS DUE TO BENDING Types of Bending stresses — Neutral axis — Theory of simple bending — Assumptions — Moment of resistance — Derivation of flexure/bending equation M / I = E / R = σ /y — Bending stress distribution — Curvature of beam — Position of N.A and centroidalaxis — Stiffness equation — Flexural rigidity — Strength equation — Significance of Section modulus — Numerical problems. 4.2 STRESS IN SHAFTS DUE TO TORSION Definitions of: Shaft, Couple, Torque (or) Twisting moment — Types of Shafts (one end fixed and the other rotating, both ends rotating at different speeds) — Theory of Pure Torsion — Assumptions -Derivation of Torsion equation, T / Ip = λ_{max} / R = G Θ / / — Shear stress distribution in circular section due to torsion — Strength and Stiffness of shafts — Torsional rigidity — Torsiona modulus — Comparative analysis of hollow and solid shafts — Power transmitted by a shaft - Numerical problems.	17 Hrs
V	PIN JOINTED FRAMES 5.1 ANALYSIS BY ANALYTICAL METHOD (METHOD OF JOINTS) Definitions of: Frame / Truss, Pin Joint, Nodes, Rafters, Ties, Struts, Slings - Determinate and indeterminate frames - Classification of frames - Perfect and imperfect frames — Deficient / Instable and redundant frames - Formulation of a perfect frame - Common types of trusses - Support conditions - Resolution of a force - Designation of a force - Nature of forces in the frame members - Analysis of Frames — Assumptions - Methods of analysis - Analytical methods - Method of Joints and Method of Sections - Problems on Analysis of cantilever and simply supported perfect frames (with not more than ten members) with vertical nodal loads by method of joints only. Identification of members with nil force in a determinate truss. 5.2 ANALYSIS BY GRAPHICAL METHOD Graphic statics - Advantages - Space diagram - Bow's notation-Resultant force (or) Equivalent force -Equilibrant force - Vector diagram - Determination of magnitude and nature of forces in the members of a cantilever / simply supported determinate trusses (with not more than ten members) with vertical nodal loads only.	17 Hrs
	TEST & REVISION	7 Hrs

- Reference Book: 1) R.S.Khurmi —Strength of MaterialsII, S.Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi
 - 2) S.Ramamirtham, —Strength of MaterialsII, Dhanpat Rai (2003)
 - 3) Vazirani & Ratwani, —Analysis of Structures-Vol 1II, KhannaPublishers(2003)
 - 4) S.B.Junnarkar, —Mechanics of Structures- Vol 11,
 - 5) Sanchayan Mukherjee, —Elements of EngineeringMechanicsII, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd
 - 6) R K Bansal, Engineering MechanicsII, Laxmi PublicationsPvt.Ltd.,

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING II YEAR D SCHEME

2022 -2023 onwards

III SEMESTER

CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE

CENTRAL POLYTECHNICCOLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student Admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED320

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Duration	
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS AND	5 Hrs	80 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE	SILIS	OU HIS	25	75	100	3 Hrs

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS:

SI. No.	TOPIC	Time (Hrs)
1	BUILDING MATERIALS	15
2	BUILDING MATERIALS (Contd.)	15
3	FOUNDATIONS AND MASONRIES	15
4	DOORS,FLOORS,ROOFS, etc.,	14
5	POINTING,PLASTERING,PAINTING,FORM WORK, etc.,	14
6	TEST & REVISION	7
	Total	80

RATIONALE:

Civil Engineering diploma holders have to supervise construction of various types of civil works involving use of various materials like stones, bricks and tiles, cement and cement based products, lime, timber and wood based products, paints and varnishes metals and other miscellaneous materials. The students should have requisite knowledge regarding characteristics, uses and availability of various building materials and skills in conducting tests to determine suitability of materials for various construction purposes. In addition specifications of various materials should also be known (PWD/BIS) for effective quality control.

To perform above task, it is essential that students should have knowledge of various sub components of buildings like foundations, walls, roofs, stair cases, floors etc., and their constructional details. Therefore, the subject of Construction Materials and Construction Practice is very important for Civil Engineering diploma holders.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be familiar to:

- State different construction materials and their properties.
- Explain different types of cement, grades of cements and tests on cement.
- State and explain different types of modern building materials such asceramic products, glass, metals and plastics.
- Explain method of preparation of mortar and cement concrete.
- State the different types of structures.
- Describe the different types of foundations.
- Describe the classification of stone masonry & brick masonry.
- State the different types of doors, windows, lintels & stairs.
- Describe the types of floors and roofs.
- Describe the different methods of pointing, plastering and termiteproofing.
- Explain the methods of scaffolding, shoring & underpinning and form work.
- Describe procedure of colour washing, white washing, painting and varnishing.

CED320 CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
I	1.1 INTRODUCTION	
	Physical properties of materials – Density, Bulk density, Specific gravity, porosity, water absorption, permeability, chemical resistance, fire resistance, weathering resistance, thermal conductivity, Durability. (Definitions only)	15 Hrs
	1.2 ROCKS AND STONES Rocks – Classification of Rocks – Geological, Physical and Chemical classification – Uses of stones – Requirements of a good building stone – Natural and Artificial stones for flooring-Examples (Detailed description not required)	
	1.3 BRICKS Definition — Brick earth — Composition of good brick earth —Manufacturing process —classification of bricks — properties of bricks — special types of bricks and their uses — compressive strength of bricks —Tests on bricks -grades and corresponding requirements of bricks as per BIS	
	1.4 LIME AND POZZOLANAS Sources of lime – classification lime – Fat, Hydraulic and Poor lime - uses of lime, Pozzolanic materials — Surki, Flyash, Ground blast furnace slag, Rice husk ash – Advantages of adding pozzolanas to cement.	
	1.5 CEMENT Definition — Composition of ordinary Portland cement — Functions of cement ingredients — Different types of cements — Grades of cement (33,43 and 53) — Storage of cement — Tests on cement — objects of each test — Test requirements/ BIS specifications of OPC - Admixtures — Definition — types and uses	
	1.6 WATER General — Requirement of water used in construction works —Use of sea water in construction works- Permissible limits of deleterious materials in construction water as per BIS- Effects of Sulphates and Chlorides in ground water — Minimum pH value.	
	 1.7 GLASS Definition — Constituents of glass — Classification of glass — Functions and Utility — Types of glass — sizes and thickness –uses in buildings. 	

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
II	2.1 MORTAR Definition – Properties and uses of mortar – Types of mortar – Cement and Lime mortar – Mix ratio of cement mortars for different works.	15 Hrs
	2.2 CONCRETE Definition – Constituents of concrete and their requirements – uses of concrete – Types of concrete: Lime concrete, cementconcrete and light weight concrete.	
	2.3 PAINTS AND VARNISHES Definition – Functions of paint – Types of paints and their uses - Oil, Enamel, Emulsion, Distemper, Cement, Aluminium, Bituminous and Plastic paints - Varnishes — Definition — Characteristics of a good varnish – Ingredients of varnish— Types of varnish and their uses –Oil, Turpentine, Spirit and water varnish	
	2.4 METALS AND PLASTICS Types of metals used in construction — Cast Iron ,Steel, Aluminium, G I, Stainless steel— Market forms of steel — Steel for reinforced concrete - steel for pre stressed concrete - Hot rolled steel sections — cold formed light gauge section Plastics — Characteristics and Uses of plastics — Types — Thermoplastics and Thermosetting plastics — Various plastic products: pipes, taps, tubs, basins, doors, windows, water tanks, partitions — sizes , capacity and uses - Advantages and disadvantages of Plastic products — UPVC pipes and fittings - Asbestos - uses ofasbestos.	
	2.5 TIMBER AND TIMBER PRODUCTS Types of Timber – Teak, Sal, Rosewood, Mango, and Jack – Defects in timber – seasoning of timber - objectives – Timber Products – Veneers, Ply woods, Particle Board, Fibre board, Hard board, Block board, Laminated board – Uses.	
	2.6 ROOF COVERINGS Definition – objectives and uses -Mangalore tiles – AC Sheets –FRB Sheets- G.I. sheets- Shell roof — R C C roof —Advantages – Types.	

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
III	2.7 DAMP PROOFING MATERIALS Materials used for damp proofing — Properties and functions of various types of water proofing materials commonly available — chemicals used for grouting / Coating porous concrete surfaces — Admixtures for cement mortar and cement concrete — Functions of Admixtures — Accelerators, Retarders, Air repelling chemicals.	15 Hrs
	3.1 INTRODUCTION TO STRUCTURES Permanent and temporary structures – Life of structures – Sub structure – super structure – load bearing structure – framed structure – concept of framed structure – advantages of framed structure.	
	3.2 FOUNDATION Definition – objectives of foundation – Bearing capacity of soil – Definition – maximum/ultimate and safe bearing capacity - Bearing capacity of different types of soils – Factors affecting bearing capacity – Requirements of a good foundation – Types of foundations – Shallow foundation: Spread foundation, Isolated column footing, combined footing, continuous footing, Raft foundation – Deep foundation: Pile, Stone columns – Types of piles: Bearing pile, Friction pile, under reamed pile – Causes of failure of foundation – Remedial measures.	
	3.3 STONE MASONRY Definition — Common terms used: Natural bed, sill, corbel, course, cornice, coping, weathering, throat, spalls, quoins, string course, lacing course, through stone, plinth, jambs — Classification of stone masonry — Rubble masonry: Coursed, un coursed & Random rubble masonry — Ashlar masonry— points to be considered in the construction of stone masonry— Tools used— Trowel, square, sprit level, plumb bob, chisel line& pins, spall hammer, punch, pitching tool.	
	3.4 BRICK MASONRY Definition — Common terms used — Header, stretcher, bed joint, lap, perpend, closer, king, queen& bevelled, bat — permissibleloads in brick masonry - Bond - Types — Header, stretcher, English bond & Flemish bond — one brick thick and one and ahalf brick thick— T' junction in English bond — Points to be considered in the construction of brick masonry — Cavity bond masonry- Defects in brick masonry — Maintenance of brick masonry Reinforced brick masonry — purpose — Its Advantage with respect to strength and Earthquake resistance.	

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
	3.5 PARTITION Definition — Requirements of good partition wall — Types — Brick, Concrete, glass, Aluminium frame with Glass sheet, timber, straw board, wood wool, Asbestos Cement board and plastic board partitions.	14 Hrs
	3.6 WATER PROOFING AND DAMP PROOFING Dampness — Causes of dampness — Effects of dampness - Damp proofing — Damp proof courses (DPC) — Method of mixing — Bad effects of excessive Admixtures in RCC — Water proofing coats for sump / overhead tank wall — Methods of grouting.	
IV	4.1 DOORS, WINDOWS AND VENTILATORS Standard sizes of doors and windows – Location of doors and windows – Different materials used – Doors – Component parts	
	 Types — Framed and panelled — gazed, flush, louvered, collapsible, rolling shutter and sliding doors — Windows — Types 	
	 Casement, Glazed, Bay, Corner – Pivoted Circular and Dormer windows – Ventilators – Definition – purpose – Types -Ventilator combined with windows / doors. 	
	4.2 HOLLOW BLOCK CONSTRUCTIONS Hollow blocks – Advantages of hollow blocks – load bearing and non load bearing hollow blocks — Open cavity blocks — face shells, web, gross area, nominal dimensions of blocks, minimum thickness of face shells and web, grades of hollow concrete blocks -Materials used, admixtures added – mixing, moulding, placing and compacting, curing, drying – Physical requirements	
	 Use of light weight aggregates -Hollow concrete (Hollow Block) masonry –Construction of walls– Advantages of hollow concrete masonry. 	
	4.3 STAIRS Definition — Terms used — Location of stair — types — Straight, Dog legged, Open well, bifurcated and spiral stairs — Moving stairs (Escalators) — Lift — components — uses and advantage of lifts over stairs.	
	4.4 FLOORS AND FLOORING Floors - Definition - Types - Timber, Composite, RCC floors - Flooring - Definition- Materials used - Selection of flooring - types — Construction Methods (As per C.P.W.D / P.W.D Specifications) - Mosaic, Granolithic, Tiled, Granite, Marble, Pre cast concrete flooring, Plastic & PVC tile flooring Carpet tile & Rubber flooring.	

Unit	Name of the Topic			
	4.5 ROOFS Definition –Types of roof – Flat roof – RCC roof – Pitched roof –Tile roof — Shell roof — Technical terms - Steel roof truss — Types: King post, Raised chord, Howe truss, Fan, fink, northlight and Modified north light trusses.	14 Hrs		
	4.6 WEATHERING COURSE Weathering course –Purpose-Materials Required- Brick Jelly Concrete preparation – Laying procedure- Preparation of mortar with Damp Proof materials for laying pressed clay tiles- Pointing and finishing of clay tiles - Use of Thermal Resistant Weathering Tiles.			
V	5.1 POINTING Objectives – Mortar for pointing – Methods of pointing (As per C.P.W.D. / P.W.D Specifications) – Types of pointing – Flush,recessed, weathered, keyed or grooved pointing.			
	5.2 PLASTERING Definitions — Objectives — Cement mortars for Plastering - Requirements of a good plaster — Methods of Plastering-Defects in plastering- Stucco plastering — Acoustic plastering — Granites silicon- plastering — Barium plastering — Asbestos marble plastering — Facade finishing (Structural Glazing)Sand faced — Pebble dash — Wall paper finishing—Wall tiling.			
	5.3 WHITE WASHING, COLOUR WASHING, DISTEMPERING, PAINTING & VARNISHING White washing – preparation of surface – Application of white wash – Colour washing - Distempering – Preparation of surfaces – Application of distemper- Painting & Varnishing -Preparation of surface – Application of Painting & Varnishing.			
	5.4 ANTI-TERMITE TREATMENT Definition – objectives and uses – Methods of termite treatment.			
	5.5 SCAFFOLDING, SHORING AND UNDER PINNING Scaffolding — Definition — Component parts — Types — Single,double & Steel scaffolding, Shoring — Definition — Types —Raking, flying and dead shores — Underpinning — definition —Purpose — Types — Pit Methods — Pile Method.			
	5.6 FORM WORK Definition — Materials used — Requirements of a good formwork – Form work for column, RC beams and RC slab.	7 Hrs		
	TEST & REVISION			

Reference Book:

- 1. P.C.Varghese, —Building MaterialsII, Prentice-Hall of India (P) Ltd., I Edition, 2011.
- 2. S.K.Duggal, —Building MaterialsII, New Age International (P) Ltd., II Edition, 2003.
- 3. S.C.Rangwala, Building Materials II, Charotar Publishing House, VII Edition, 1982.
- 4. P.C.Varghese, —BuildingConstructionsII, Prentice-Hall of India (P) Ltd., I Edition, 2011.
- 5. Dr. B.C. Punmia, —Building ConstructionII, Laxmi publications (p)Ltd NewDelhi.
- 6. S.C.Rangwala, Building ConstructionII, Charotar Publishing House, VII Edition.
- 7. Ashokkumar Jain, —Building ConstructionII, Laxmi publications (p)Ltd Chennai.
- 8. IS 2185 Part I & II
- 9. PWD & CPWD Specifications.

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING II YEAR

D SCHEME

III SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

SURVEYING

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 330

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : SURVEYING

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Duration	
SURVEYING	6 Hrs	96 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
			25	75	100	3 Hrs

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS:

Unit	Topics	Hours
1	Introduction to Surveying and Chain Surveying and campass	22
'	surveying	
II	Levelling	17
III	Theodolite Surveying	17
IV	Tacheometric Surveying & Contour Surveying	17
V	Total Station and Global Positioning system	16
	Test & Model Exam	7
	TOTAL	96

RATIONALE:

The important functions of a diploma civil engineer include the jobs of detailed surveying, plotting of survey data, preparation of survey maps and setting out works. While framing the curriculum for the subject of surveying, stress has been given to the development of the skill in each type of survey like chain surveying, compass surveying and levelling that the Civil Engineering diploma holder will normally be called upon to perform. Each type of Survey like Chain surveying, Compass surveying, Levelling, Theodolite surveying, Tacheometric surveying, Contour surveying, Total station surveying and GPS introduced in this course.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the students will posses knowledge about:

- Chain surveying
- Compass surveying
- Theodolite surveying
- Tachometric Surveying
- Preparation of Contour layouts
- Total Station Surveying
- Global Positioning System

CED330 SURVEYING

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topics	Hours
ı	INTRODUCTION TO SURVEYING AND CHAIN SURVEYING	
	AND CAMPASS SURVEYING	
	1.1 SURVEYING	2
	Definition - Objectives and uses of surveying -Classification of	
	Surveying - Principles of surveying.	
	1.2 CHAIN SURVEYING	10
	Introduction - Instruments used for chaining- Chains and Tapes	
	- Types - Definitions of terms commonly used in chain	
	surveying: Survey stations, base line, check line and tie line -	
	Ranging: Direct and Indirect ranging Offsets: Definition, types,	
	Instruments used - Errors in Chaining, Tape corrections and its	
	necessity.	
	1.3 COMPASS SURVEYING	10
	Angular measurements-Necessity Instruments used Prismatic	
	compass - Construction details, functions and Temporary	
	adjustment - Types of meridians - Types of bearings - Whole	
	circle and Reduced bearings, Fore and Back bearings-	
	Computation of included angles from bearings - Computation	
	of bearings from included angles - Problems.	
II	2.1 LEVELLING	17
	Levelling - Definition - Level Parts, Functions, Accessories-	
	Types of levels: Dumpy level, Quick setting level, Automatic	
	and Laser level Levelling staff - Types Component parts of	
	Levelling instrument - Definitions of terms used : Level	
	surface, Horizontal and Vertical surfaces, Datum, Bench marks,	
	Reduced level, Rise, Fall, Line of collimation, Axis of telescope,	
	Axis of bubble tube, Station, Back sight, Fore sight,	

	Intermediate sight, Change point, Height of instrument, Focusing	
	and Parallax - Temporary adjustment of a level - Balancing -	
	Back sight and Foresight- Principle of levelling - Simple	
	levelling -Levelling field book - Reduction of levels - Height of	
	collimation and Rise and Fall method - Comparison of	
	methods - Problems on reduction of levels - Missing entry	
	calculations : Problems.	
III	3.1 THEODOLITE SURVEYING	17
	Introduction - Types of Theodolites: Transit and non- transit	
	Theodolite, Vernier and Micrometer Theodolites, Electronic	
	Theodolite (Principles and description only) - Component parts	
	of a transit Theodolite - Functions - Technical terms used in	
	Theodolite surveying - Temporary adjustments- Measurement	
	of horizontal angle by method of repetition and reiteration-	
	Measurement of vertical angle and deflection angle - Reading	
	bearing of a line- Theodolite traversing - Methods - Field checks	
	in closed traverse - Latitude and departure - Consecutive	
	coordinates - independent coordinates - Problems on	
	computation of area of closed traverse - Omitted measurements	
	- Problems	
IV	4.1 TACHEOMETRIC SURVEYING	9
	Introduction-Instruments used in tacheometry - Systems of	
	tacheometry: Stadia and Tangential tacheometry - Principles -	
	Fixed hair method of tacheometry - Distance and Elevation	
	formulae - Anallactic lens (No proof) - Advantages and uses -	
	Direct reading tacheometers - Determination of constants of a	
	tacheometer - Problems.	
	4.2 CONTOUR SURVEYING	8
	Definition - Contour - Contouring - Characteristics of contours -	
	Methods of contouring - Direct and Indirect methods -	
	Tacheometric contouring - Interpolation of contours - Different	
	methods - Contour gradient - Uses of contour plan and map.	
<u> </u>		

V	TOTAL STATION AND GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM			
	5.1 Total Station	8		
	Introduction - Application of total station - Component parts of a			
	Total Station - Accessories used - Summary of total station			
	characteristics - Features of total station - Electronic display and			
	data reading - Field procedure for co-ordinate measurement -			
	Instrument preparation, Setting and Measurement (Distance,			
	Angle, Bearing, Curve etc.).			
	5.2 GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM (GPS)	8		
	Introduction - Maps - Types of Maps - Various Satellites used			
	by GPS - Differential GPS - Fundamentals of GPS - Application			
	of GPS - GPS Receivers - Hand held GPS Receiver - Function			
	Field procedure - Observation and processing applications in			
	Civil Engineering.			
	Test & Model Exam	7 Hrs.		

Reference Book:

- 1. Kanetkar.T.P. & S.V.Kulkarni, —Surveying and Levelling Part 1 & 2 II, Punavidyarthi griha, Prakashan, 23rd edition, 2008.
- 2. Punmia.B.C. Ashok K.Jain & Arun K. Jain, IlSurveying Volume I II, Laxmi Publications Private Limited, 16 edition, 2011.
- 3. Mimi Das Saikia, Bhargab Mohan Das & Madan Mohan Das, —Surveyingll, PHILearning Private Limited, Edition 2010.
- 4. S. K. Roy, —Fundamentals of Surveyingll, PHI Learning Private Limited, Edition 2010.
- 5. Learning Material Development Project NITTTR, Taramani, Chennai, CDprogramme on GPS and GIS

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

II YEAR

D-SCHEME

III SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

BUILDING PLANNING AND DRAWING

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 340

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : BUILDING PLANNING AND DRAWING

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instru	uctions	Examination			
Subject	Hours/	Hours/	Marks			
	Week	Semester			Duration	
BUILDING			Internal	Board	Total	
PLANNING AND	4 Hrs.	64 Hrs.	Assessment	Examination		
DRAWING			25	75	100	3 Hrs.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

Unit	Topics	Hours
I	Introduction	5
II	Planning of Building	5
III	Basic Drawings	9
IV	Building Drawings	38
	Test & Model Exam	7
	TOTAL	64

RATIONALE:

Drawing is the language of engineers. Engineering is absolutely incomplete without a thorough knowledge of drawing. A Civil Engineering diploma holder must be capable of sketching detailed constructional drawing of various components of building for the purpose of communication with the craftsman. Planning of small buildings, developing a line plan, dimensioning, key plan, and drainage plan should be a part of curriculum. The diploma engineer must be conversant with reading and interpretation of drawing for execution of work.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Study Conventions and Abbreviations;
- Prepare layout of buildings;
- Gain thorough knowledge of the rules, regulations and standards of buildings;
- Read the line sketch and prepare plan, elevations of buildings and gain thorough knowledge of planning various types of buildings.

CED 340 -BUILDING PLANNING AND DRAWING

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topics	Hours
I	INTRODUCTION	5
	1.1 CONVENTIONS, SYMBOLS:	
	General – Conventions- Title block- Scales- Line work- Lettering -	
	Symbols - Abbreviations	
	1.2 BUILDING BYE-LAWS AND SUBMISSION OF DRAWINGS	
	Objects of bye-laws- Importance of bye-laws- Function of local authority-	
	Set backs- Plot Coverage- Number of floors- Height of building- Built up	
	Area- Floor space index (FSI) - Views and details necessary for the	
	preparation of a civil engineering drawing- Site Plan – Necessity for	
	Approval of plans from local body- Layout plan and key plan-	
	Requirements for submission of drawing for approval- Rules and bye-	
	laws of sanctioning authorities for construction work.	
II	PLANNING OF BUILDINGS	5
	2.1 PLANNING OF RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS	
	Types of residential buildings- Usual requirements-Types of Rooms -	
	Minimum Size requirement for each type of rooms - Furniture	
	arrangement in each room- Position of stairs / lifts- Position of Doors/	
	Windows House drainage and Sanitary fittings – Sump/Water tanks-	
	Plumbing Pipes -Preparation of line drawing for given requirements with	
	dimensions, not to scale.	
	2.2 PLANNING OF INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES	
	Planning aspects - Requirements of industrial units - Sheets for pitched	
	roof coverings - Rolling Shutters - Ramps- Stores- Public Toilets/ Bath	
	rooms- Dining / Resting halls- Ventilation and Lighting - Preparation of	
	line drawing for given requirement with measurements (not to scale).	

	2.3 PLANNING OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS	
	Types of public buildings - Miscellaneous public buildings - General	
	requirements of Public Buildings -Landscape architecture - Preparation	
	of line plan with dimensions for the given requirements (not to scale).	
III	BASIC DRAWINGS	9
	Standard symbols used in Civil Engineering Drawing.	
	Draw the elevation of :	
	Fully panelled double leaf door.	
	2. Fully Panelled single leaf door	
	3. Flush door	
	4. Fully Panelled window with grill	
	5. Partly glazed and partly panelled window	
	6. Lean- to – roof	
	7. King post roof truss	
	8. Steel roof truss	
	9. Rain water Harvesting– Recharging into the ground	
	a. Shallow well system b. Percolation pit system.	
IV	BUILDING DRAWINGS	38
	Preparation of plan, section and elevation of buildings with specifications	
	for the given line drawing to suitable Scale:	
	1. A Reading room with R.C.C flat roof	
	2. A House with single bed room and attached bathroom with R.C.C.	
	flat roof. 3. A residential building with two bed rooms with R.C.C. flat roof	
	A Two roomed house with RCC slope roof with gable ends	
	5. A Small workshop with north light steel roof truss (6 to 10m Span)	
	over R.C.C. Columns.	
	6. A Primary health center for rural area with R.C.C roof.	
	7. A Village Library building with R.C.C flat roof	
	A small Restaurant building with R.C.C flat roof	
	-	
	9. A Single storied School building with R.C.C flat roof 10. A Bank building with R.C.C flat roof	
	10. A Bank building with R.C.C flat roof.	
	Test & Model Exam	7 Hrs.

Reference Books

- 1. National Building code of India 2016
- 2. Tamil Nadu District Municipal building rules and by-laws
- 3. Civil Engineering Drawing and house planning by B.P.Verma
- 4. Elements building drawings and design by R.S.Deshpande and N.K.Karandikar
- 5. Design of Houses by J.S.Yadav
- 6. A Guide to Civil Engg. Drawing by V.R.Thothathri Dr
- 7. Building Planning and Drawing by N. Kumaraswamy and A. Kameswara Rao.
- 8. Civil Engineering Drawing by S.C.Rangwala
- 9. Building Planning and Construction Companion", G. Vaidhyanathan,
 - I. Kulasekaran, G. Sathish Kumar"

Scheme of Examination

PART A	15 marks
From unit I and II (2 x 3,	
Unit III – 1 x 9)	
PART B	60 marks
From IV	
TOTAL	75 Marks

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DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

II YEAR

D SCHEME

III SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

CIVIL ENGINEERING DRAWING AND CAD PRACTICAL-I

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED350

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : CIVIL ENGINEERING DRAWING AND CAD PRACTICAL - I

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Duration	
CIVIL ENGINEERING	4 Hrs	64 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
DRAWING I	4 1715	U4 FIS	25	75	100	3 Hrs

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS:

SI. No.	TOPIC	Time (Hrs)
1	INTRODUCTION	6
2	PLANNING OF BUILDING	4
3	BASIC DRAWINGS	10
4	BUILDING DRAWINGS	44
5	TEST AND REVISION	10
	TOTAL	64

RATIONALE:

Drawing is the language of engineers. Engineering is absolutely incomplete without a thorough knowledge of drawing. A Civil Engineering diploma holder must be capable of sketching detailed constructional drawing of various components of building for the purpose of communication with the craftsman. Planning of small buildings, developing a line plan, dimensioning, key plan, and drainage plan should be a part of curriculum. The diploma engineer must be conversant with reading and interpretation of drawing for execution of work.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be:

- Able to study Conventions and Abbreviations;
- Able to prepare layout of buildings;
- Gain thorough knowledge of the rules, regulations and standards of buildings;
- Able to read the line sketch and prepare plan, sections and elevations ofbuildings; and gain thorough knowledge of planning various types of buildings.

CED350 CIVIL ENGINEERING DRAWING &CAD PRACTICAL-I

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
ı	INTRODUCTION	6 Hrs
	1. CONVENTIONS, SYMBOLS :	
	General — Conventions- Title block- Scales- Line work- Lettering- Symbols- Abbreviations	
	2. BUILDING BYE-LAWS AND SUBMISSION OF DRAWINGS	
	Objects of bye-laws- Importance of bye-laws- Function of local authority- Setbacks- Plot Coverage- Number of floors- Height of building- Built up Area- Floor space index (FSI) - Views and details necessary for the preparation of a civil engineering drawing- Site Plan — Necessity for Approval of plans from local body- Layout plan and key plan-Requirements for submission of drawing for approval.	
	PLANNING OF BUILDINGS	4 Hrs
II	1 PLANNING OF RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS	
	Types of residential buildings- Usual requirements-Types of Rooms — Minimum Size requirement for each type of rooms - Furniture arrangement in each room- Position of stairs / lifts- Position of Doors/ Windows House drainage and Sanitary fittings — Sump/Water tanks- Plumbing Pipes - Preparation of line drawing for given requirements with dimensions, not to scale.	
	2 PLANNING OF INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES	
	Planning aspects - Requirements of industrial units - Sheets for pitched roof coverings — Rolling Shutters - Ramps- Stores- Public Toilets/ Bath rooms- Dining / Resting halls- Ventilation and Lighting - Preparation of line drawing for given requirement with measurements (not to scale).	

	PLANNING OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS Types of public buildings - Miscellaneous public buildings - General requirements of Public Buildings -Landscape architecture-Preparation of line plan with dimensions for the given requirements (not to scale).	
S	Standard symbols used in Civil Engineering Drawing.	10 Hrs
	Draw the elevation of: 1) Fully panelled double leaf door. 2) Fully Panelled single leaf door 3) Flush door 4) Fully Panelled window with grill 5) Partly glazed and partly panelled window 6) Lean- to – roof 7) King post roof truss 8) Steel roof truss 9) Rain water Harvesting– Recharging into the ground (a) Shallow well system (b) Percolation pit system.	
	 VILDING DRAWINGS Preparation of plan, section and elevation of buildings with specifications for the given line drawing to suitable Scale: A Reading room with R.C.C flat roof A House with single bed room and attached bathroom with R.C.C. flat roof. A residential building with two bed rooms with R.C.C. flat roof A house with single bed and hall with partly tiled and partly R.C.C flat roof. A Two roomed house with RCC slope roof with gable ends A House with fully tiled roof with hips and valleys A Small workshop with north light steel roof truss (6 to 10m Span) over R.C.C. Columns. A Primary health center for rural area with R.C.C roof. A Village Library building with R.C.C flat roof A Single storeyed School building with R.C.C flat roof A Bank building with R.C.C flat roof 	44 Hrs 10 Hrs
R	EVISION & TEST	

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

Part A — (Unit I & Unit II - 2 X 3, Unit III - 1 X 9) - 15 Marks

Part B - (Unit IV) - 60 Marks

Reference Book:

- 1. National Building Code (NBC-2012)
- 2. TamilNadu District Municipal building rules and by-laws
- 3. B.P. Verma , ||Civil Engineering Drawing and house planning||
- 4. Dr N. Kumaraswamy and A. Kameswara Rao, Building Planning and Drawing ,
- 5. G. Vaidhyanathan, I. Kulasekaran, G. sathish Kumar —Building Planning and Construction

CompanionII,

- 6. S.C.Rangwala , llCivil Engineering Drawing —,
- 7. V.R.Thothathri, —A Guide to Civil Engg Drawing.

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

II YEAR

D SCHEME

III SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

MATERIAL TESTING LAB I

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name Diploma in Civil Engineering :

Subject Code : CED360

Semester III Semester

Subject Title **MATERIAL TESTING LAB I**

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Ins	tructions	Examination			
Subject Title	Hours /Week	Hours /Semester	r Marks		Duration	
MATERIAL TESTING LAB	3 Hrs	48Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
PRACTICE I			25	75	100	3 Hrs

RATIONALE:

The understanding of the structure, physical and mechanical properties and behaviour of engineering materials is at the very core of engineering design. A command of this knowledge is essential for all civil engineers. This laboratory provides a hands-on experience with the testing and evaluation of civil engineering materials, including steel, wood, and cements, Aluminium, Brass and Brick.

OBJECTIVES:

Aluminium, Brass and Brick

Study of UTM, Torsion testing machine, Hardness tester, Compression testing
machine,
To determine the Material Properties- test conducted on steel, wood, cement,

On completion of the course, the student will be familiar with:

CED 360 - MATERIAL TESTING LABORATORY - I

Contents: Practical Total: 48 Hrs.

Unit	Name of the Topics	Hours			
PART A	Tension test on mild steel / deformed steel bars.	25 Hrs.			
	2. Deflection test on Simply Supported Beams of				
	a. wood and b. steel to find Young's modulus				
	 Torsion test on mild steel bar to determine the Modulus of Rigidity. 				
	4. Double shear test on M.S. bar.				
	5. Impact Test on mild steel by performing Izod / Charpytests.				
	6. Find Brinnel's hardness numbers of the following materials.				
	a. Mild steel b. Brass c. Aluminium.				
	7. Find Rockwell"s hardness numbers of the following materials.				
	a. Mild steel b. Brass c. Aluminium.				
PART B	8. Compression Test on Wooden cube.	23 Hrs.			
	9. Compression test on Bricks.				
	10. Compression test on Solid Blocks				
	11. Water absorption test on Bricks /pressed tiles.				
	12. Flexure test on Tiles.				
	13. Casting of Cement Mortar cubes after determining the				
	normal consistency of cement				
	14. Determining the compressive strength of Cement Mortor				
	cubes.				

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

In the examination the students have to be given two experiments one from Part A and another from Part-B by lot.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

S.No	Description	Part - A	Part - B	
0.110	Description	Max. Marks(40)	Max.Marks(30)	
1	Procedure	5	5	
2	Tabulation and Observation	15	10	
3	Calculations	10	5	
4	Sketch / Graph	5	5	
5	Accuracy of result	5	5	
6	Viva-voce	5		
	Total	75		

S.NO	LIST OF THE EQUIPMENTS	QUANTITY REQUIRED
1.	UTM	1 no
2.	Rock well-cum-Brinell Hardness testing machine	1 no
3.	Torsion testing machine	1 no
4.	Impact testing machine for Izod and Charpy test	1 no
5.	Deflection test verification of Maxwell theorem with magnetic stand, deflection gauge, weights and sets of beam(floor type)	1 no
6.	Spring testing machine (hand operate) or spring testing machine (motorized)	1 no 1 no
7.	Weighing balance-digital 10 kg capacity one gram accuracy with battery backup 8 hours/direct electrical connection	1 no
8.	Vicat needle apparatus (to conduct cement test)	4 nos
9.	Sieve (test) sets for cement IS sieve no 9(90 microns) made of brace 8 inches dia	2 nos
10.	Compression testing machine 100 tons capacity (electrical operated)	1 no

1 no

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

II YEAR

D SCHEME

III SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

SURVEYING PRACTICE I

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED370

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : SURVEYING PRACTICE I

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks			Duration
SURVEYING	4 Hrs	64 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
PRACTICE I			25	75	100	3 Hrs

RATIONALE:

The important functions of a diploma civil engineer includes the jobs of detailed surveying, plotting of survey data, preparation of survey maps and setting out works. Field work should be a selected one so that student can check his work and have an idea of the results the extent of error in the work done by him. As far as possible, the surveys done should be got plotted, as this will also reveal errors in the work and develop skill in plotting

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student:

□ will have experience in handling surveying equipments and do practical exercises in Chain surveying, Compass surveying, , Levelling and GPS.

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours		
Oilit	1 CHAIN AND COMPASS SURVEYING	8 Hrs		
Part A	1.1 Study of chain, tape and accessories used for chainsurvey.			
	1.2 Study of Prismatic compass, setting up over a station and observe bearings of lines.			
	1.3 Running closed traverse and finding the included angles, using Chain / Tape and Compass. Minimum 5 points.			
	1.4 Determination of distance between two points when their base is accessible, using Chain / Tape and Compass.			
	1.5 Determination of distance between two points when their base is inaccessible, use Chain / Tape and Compass.			
	2 GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM (GPS)	0.11		
	2.1. Reading of various Maps like Taluk map, District Map and Topo sheets.	8 Hrs		
	2.2. Study of Hand held GPS.			
	2.3. Measurement of Latitude, Longitude and Altitude using hand held GPS.			
	2.4. Selection and marking of routings (Way points) using hand held GPS.			
DARTR	3 LEVELLING			
PART B	3.1. Study of a Level - Temporary adjustment, taking readings and booking in a field book.	48 Hrs		
	 Fly levelling – Reduction by Height of Collimation method Minimum 6 points with two change points (Minimum Four exercises) 			
	 Fly levelling – Reduction by Rise and Fall method - Minimum 6 points with two change points (Minimum Four exercises) 			
	3.4. Fly levelling covering minimum 6 points with 2 inverted readings (Minimum Two exercises).			
	3.5. Check levelling and reduction of levels (Minimum 2exercises)			
	REVISION & TEST	12 Hrs		

In Board Examination, questions will be chosen as follows:

PART – A
By Lot i) Compass survey
- 25 Marks
ii) GPS
- 10 Marks

PART – B
Levelling (Compulsory)
- 35 Marks

Viva-Voce
- 5 Marks

Record Marks - 25 Marks

TOTAL 100 Marks

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

		Part	Part - B	
S.No	Description	Max. Marks(25)	Max. Marks(10)	Max. Marks(35)
1	Procedure, Handling Instruments / Tools	5	3	5
2	Field works, Observation and Tabulation	10	5	15
3	Calculations and Check / drawings.	7	0	12
4	Accuracy of result	3	2	3
5	Viva-voce	5		
	Total		5	

S.NO.	LIST OF THE EQUIPMENTS	QUANTITY REQUIRED				
SURVEY	SURVEYING PRACTICE –I					
1.	Chain with (arrows)	6 nos				
2.	Prismatic compass	6 nos				
3.	Dumpy level	10 nos				
4.	Levelling staff	10 nos				
5.	Cross stares	6 nos				
6.	Ranging rod	2 nos				
7.	Hand held GPS	6 nos				

IV SEMESTER

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING II YEAR

D SCHEME

IV SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

THEORY OF STRUCTURES

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED410

Semester : IV Semester

Subject Title : THEORY OF STRUCTURES

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Duration	
THEORY OF	Wook	Comodor	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Baration
STRUCTURES	6 Hrs	96 Hrs	25	75	100	3 Hrs

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS:

SI. No.	TOPIC	Time (Hrs)
1	SLOPE AND DEFLECTION OF BEAMSPROPPED CANTILEVERS	16
2	FIXED BEAMS CONTINUOUS BEAMS – THEOREM OF THREE MOMENTS METHOD	16
3	CONTINUOUS BEAMS – MOMENT DISTRIBUTION METHOD PORTAL FRAMES - MOMENT DISTRIBUTION METHOD	18
4	COLUMNS AND STRUTS COMBINED BENDING AND DIRECT STRESSES	18
5	MASONRY DAMS EARTH PRESSURE AND RETAINING WALLS	18
6	TEST AND REVISION	10
	Total	90

RATIONALE:

Study of structural behavior, analysis and design is a principal part of civil engineering courses and is essential for professional accreditation. This subject enhances the structural analytical ability of the students.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be familiar with:

- Determine the Slope and Deflection of Determinate beams by area moment method.
- Analyse Propped cantilevers and Fixed beams by Area-Moment method and draw SFD, BMD.
- Analyse Continuous beams by Theorem of Three moments and draw SFD, BMD.
- Analyse Continuous beams, Portal frames and Substitute frames by Moment Distribution Method and draw SFD, BMD.
- Define different types of Columns and find critical loads of Columns.
- Analyse Columns and Chimneys subject to eccentric loading / moment / horizontal loads and find maximum and minimum combined stresses in their sections.
- Calculate maximum and minimum bearing pressures and check the stability of Masonry Dams and Retaining walls.

CED410 THEORY OF STRUCTURES DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
ı	1.1 SLOPE AND DEFLECTION OF BEAMS	16 Hrs
	Deflected shapes / Elastic curves of beams with different support conditions –Definition of Slope and Deflection- Flexural rigidity and Stiffness of beams- Mohr's Theorems — Area Moment method for slope and deflection of beams — Derivation of expressions for maximum slope and maximum deflection of standard cases by area moment method for cantilever and simply supported beams subjected to symmetrical UDL & point loads —Numerical problems on determination of slopes and deflections at salient points of Cantilevers and Simply supported beams from first principles and by using formulae	
	1.2 PROPPED CANTILEVERS	
	Statically determinate and indeterminate Structures- Stable and Unstable Structures- Examples- Degree of Indeterminacy-Concept of Analysis of Indeterminate beams - Definition of Prop – Types of Props- Prop reaction from deflection consideration — Drawing SF and BM diagrams by area moment method for UDL throughout the span, central and non-central concentrated loads – Propped cantilever with overhang – Point of Contra flexure.	
II	2.1 FIXED BEAMS – AREA MOMENT METHOD	16 Hrs
	Introduction to fixed beam - Advantages -Degree of indeterminacy of fixed beam- Sagging and Hogging bending moments - Determination of fixing end(support) moments(FEM) by Area Moment method - Derivation of Expressions for Standard cases — Fixed beams subjected to symmetrical and unsymmetrical concentrated loads and UDL — Drawing SF and BM diagrams for Fixed beams with supports at the same level (sinking of supports or supports at different levels are not included) — Points of Contra flexure — Problems- Determination of Slope and Deflection of fixed beams subjected to only symmetrical loads by area moment method — Problems.	

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
II	2.2 CONTINUOUS BEAMS - THEOREM OF THREE MOMENTS METHOD Introduction to continuous beams — Degree of indeterminacy of continuous beams with respect to number of spans and types of supports —Simple/Partially fixed / Fixed supports of beams-General methods of analysis of Indeterminate structures — Clapeyron's theorem of three moments — Application of Clapeyron's theorem of three moments for the following cases —Two span beams with both ends simply supported or fixed — Two span beams with one end fixed and the other end simply supported — Two span beams with one end simply supported or fixed and other end overhanging —Determination of Reactions at Supports- Application of Three moment equations to Three span Continuous Beams and Propped cantilevers — Problems- Sketching of SFD and BMD for all the above cases.	
III	3.1 CONTINUOUS BEAMS - MOMENT DISTRIBUTION METHOD Introduction to Carry over factor, Stiffness factor and Distribution factor -Stiffness Ratio or Relative Stiffness- Concept of distribution of un balanced moments at joints - Sign conventions —Application of M-D method to Continuous beams of two / three spans and to Propped cantilever (Maximum of three cycles of distribution sufficient) -Finding Support Reactions- Problems - Sketching SFD and BMD for two / three span beams- 3.2 PORTAL FRAMES- MOMENT DISTRIBUTION METHOD Portal Frames — Analysis of Non sway (Symmetrical) Portal Frames for vertical loads only - Problems-Sketch SFD&BMD.	18Hrs

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
	4.1 COLUMNS AND STRUTS	
IV	Columns and Struts – Definition – Short and Long columns – End conditions – Equivalent length / Effective length— Slenderness ratio – Axially loaded short column - Axially loaded long column – Euler's theory of long columns – Derivation of expression for Critical load of Columns with hinged ends – Expressions for other standard cases of end conditions (separate derivations not required) — Problems — Derivation of Rankine's formula for Crippling load of Columns– Factor of Safety- Safe load on Columns- Simple problems.	18Hrs
	4.2 COMBINED BENDING AND DIRECT STRESSES Direct and Indirect stresses – Combination of stresses – Eccentric loads on Columns – Effects of Eccentric loads / Moments on Short columns — Combined direct and bending stresses — Maximum and Minimum stresses in Sections— Problems — Conditions for no tension – Limit of eccentricity – Middle third rule — Core or Kern for square, rectangular and circular sections — Chimneys subjected to uniform wind pressure –Combined stresses in Chimneys due to Self weight and Wind load-Chimneys of Hollow square and Hollow circular cross sections	
V	only — Problem 5.1 MASONRY DAMS	18 Hrs
	Gravity Dams – Derivation of Expression for maximum and minimum stresses at Base – Stress distribution diagrams – Problems – Factors affecting Stability of masonry dams – Factor of safety- Problems on Stability of Dams– Minimum base widthand maximum height of dam for no tension at base – Elementary profile of a dam – Minimum base width of elementary profile for no tension.	101110
	5.2 EARTH PRESSURE AND RETAINING WALLS Definition — Angle of repose /Angle of Internal friction of soil— State of equilibrium of soil — Active and Passive earth pressures—Rankine's theory of earth pressure — Assumptions—Lateral earth pressure with level back fill / level surcharge (Angular Surcharge not required)— Earth pressure due to Submerged soils— (Soil retained on vertical back of wall only)—Maximum and minimum stresses at base of Trapezoidal Gravity walls—Stress distribution diagrams—Problems—	10 Ur-
	Stability of earth retaining walls — Problems to check the stability of walls- Minimum base width forno tension. REVISION & TEST	10 Hrs

REFERENCE:

- 1. S. Ramamrutham, —Theory of structures
- 2. B.C. Punmia, Ashok Jain & Arun Jain, II Theory of structures —, Laxmi Publications, 9th Edition, April1992.
- 3. S.B. Junnarkar, Mechanics of structures (Vol.II) Charator Publiching,22nd Edition,1997
- 4. V.N. Vazirani & M.M. Ratwani, —Analysis of structures
- 5. R.L. Jindal, —Elementary Theory of Structures
- 6. FV. Warnock, —Strength of materials
- 7. Madhan Mohan Dass, —Structural Analysisll PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING II YEAR D SCHEME IV SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

ESTIMATION COSTING AND VALUATION

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 420

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : **ESTIMATION, COSTING AND VALUATION**

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject	Hours/ Week	Hours/ Semester	Marks			Duration
ESTIMATION, COSTING AND	6 Hrs.	96 Hrs.	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
VALUATION			25	75	100	3 Hrs.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

Unit	Topics	Hours
İ	Introduction, Approximate Estimates, Measurements and Material	15
	Requirement and Specifications	
II	Preparation of Data and Rate Analysis	16
III	Detailed Estimate : Taking of quantities by Trade System	20
IV	Detailed Estimate : Taking of quantities by Group System	20
V	Report Writing, Valuation and Rent Calculation	18
	Test & Model Exam	7
	Total	96

RATIONALE:

Diploma holders in Civil Engineering are supposed to prepare material estimates and cost estimates for various Civil Engineering works namely; buildings, irrigation works, public health works and roads etc. In addition, they must have basic knowledge regarding analysis of rates and contracting principles of valuation. Therefore, this subject has great importance for diploma holders in Civil Engineering.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Learn the procedure for estimating and costing of Civil Engineering works. To write specifications for various materials and for different items of works.
- Perform rate analysis for various items of works using Standard data and Schedule of Rates.
- Prepare detailed estimate of quantities of various items of works
- Write Technical reports on the proposed projects
- Calculate the value of a building / property; to fix rent for a building adopting suitable method.

CED 420 - ESTIMATION, COSTING AND VALUATION

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topics	Hours
I	1.1 INTRODUCTION: Estimation – Definition of Estimate – Approximate estimate – Detailed estimate - Main estimate - Revised estimate – Supplementary estimate – Sub estimate – Annual maintenance estimate – Repair estimate – Complete estimate.	3
	1.2 APPROXIMATE ESTIMATES: Necessity – Types – Plinth area method – Cubical content method – Service unit method – Typical bay method – Simple problems on preliminary estimate of a building project.	3
	1.3 MEASUREMENTS & MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS: Units of measurements for works and materials – Degree of accuracy in measurements - Deduction for openings in masonry, plastering and white washing area – Painting co- efficient – out turn of works - working out of materials requirements – cement, sand, bricks, aggregates etc based on thumb rules for different works.	4
	1.4 SPECIFICATIONS: Specification – Necessity – Types of specifications – Essential requirements of specifications – Specification for various materials like Cement, Sand, Brick, Timber, Reinforcement Steel, Stone Aggregate, Water - Specifications for various items of works – General Specifications for a building - Culvert - Concrete Roads - Detailed specifications for works such as, earthwork excavation, foundation concrete, Reinforcement cement concrete in column, beam and slab - Weathering course - Steps involved in writing standard specifications.	5

2.1 PREPARATION OF DATA	4
Data - Types - Main and sub data - Observed data - lead statement -	
Schedule of rates - Standard data book - Sundries - Lump sum	
provision - Preparation of data using standard data and schedule of	
rates.	
2.2 RATE ANALYSIS:	
Brick and stone masonry - Plain cement concrete in foundation -	12
Cement concrete for flooring works - Weathering course - R.C.C works	
for slab, sunshade, beam and column – Partition wall – Form works for	
beams and slabs - Road works, WBM and surface dressing - White	
washing and painting works – A.C. sheet roofing – Apron and revetment	
works in canals – Wall plastering – Ceiling plastering – Pointing –	
Plumbing and sanitary works in buildings.	
3.1 TRADE SYSTEM:	
Introduction - Taking off Quantities: Systems - Trade system - Group	2
system - Methods - Long wall and Short wall method - Centre line	
method – Preparation of data – Lump sum provision and contingencies	
 Quantity surveyor – Duties – Essential Qualities. 	
3.2 TAKING OFF QUANTITIES USING TRADE SYSTEM:	18
Prepare detailed estimate using Trade system and Take off quantities	
for all items of works in the following types of buildings:	
i. A small residential building with two rooms with RCC roof.	
ii. Industrial buildings with AC/GI sheet roof with steel trusses.	
iii. Community Hall with R C C columns and T- beams	
iv. Septic tank with dispersion trench / soak pit	
v. R.C.C slab culvert	
vi. Water bound Macadam Road	
	Data – Types – Main and sub data – Observed data – lead statement - Schedule of rates – Standard data book – Sundries – Lump sum provision – Preparation of data using standard data and schedule of rates. 2.2 RATE ANALYSIS: Brick and stone masonry – Plain cement concrete in foundation – Cement concrete for flooring works - Weathering course – R.C.C works for slab, sunshade, beam and column – Partition wall – Form works for beams and slabs – Road works, WBM and surface dressing – White washing and painting works – A.C. sheet roofing – Apron and revetment works in canals – Wall plastering – Ceiling plastering – Pointing – Plumbing and sanitary works in buildings. 3.1 TRADE SYSTEM: Introduction - Taking off Quantities: Systems – Trade system – Group system – Methods – Long wall and Short wall method – Centre line method – Preparation of data – Lump sum provision and contingencies – Quantity surveyor – Duties – Essential Qualities. 3.2 TAKING OFF QUANTITIES USING TRADE SYSTEM: Prepare detailed estimate using Trade system and Take off quantities for all items of works in the following types of buildings: i. A small residential building with two rooms with RCC roof. ii. Industrial buildings with AC/GI sheet roof with steel trusses. iii. Community Hall with R C C columns and T- beams iv. Septic tank with dispersion trench / soak pit v. R.C.C slab culvert

IV	4.1 GROUP SYSTEM:	10
	Advantages of group system – Taking off and Recording Dimensions –	
	Squaring Dimensions – Abstracting or Working up – Billing –	
	Abbreviations.	
	Dimension paper – Timesing, Dimension, Squaring, Descriptive column	
	- Cancellation of Dimensions - Descriptions - Spacing of Dimensions -	
	Order of taking off – Squaring the Dimensions - Method of Squaring –	
	Checking the Squaring – Casting up the dimensions.	
	Function of the Abstract – Order in the Abstract – Preparing the abstract	
	Casting and reducing the Abstract – Method of writing Bill – Checking	
	the Bill.	
	4.2 TAKING OFF QUANTITIES USING GROUP SYSTEM:	10
	Prepare detailed estimate using Group system and Take off quantities	
	for all items of works in the following types of buildings:	
	i. A single roomed building using Group system	
	ii. A small residential building with two/three rooms with RCC roof.	
V	5.1 REPORT WRITING:	4
	Report writing – Points to be considered while writing a report – writing	
	typical reports for works such as	
	i. Buildings – Residential / Hospital / School	
	ii. Laying a village road	
	iii. Construction of a bridge	
	iv. Water supply system for a village	
	5.2 VALUATION	8
	Purpose of valuation – Types – Book value – Market value – Salvage	
	value - Scrap value - Depreciation - Obsolescence - Sinking fund -	
	Land valuation – Mortage & Lease – Problems on valuation – Annuity –	
	Definition & types only.	6
	5.3 RENT CALCULATION	6
	Fixation of rent – Outgoing – Gross & Net income – Years" Purchase –	
	Capital cost – Standard rent – Market rent – Economical rent –	
	Problems on rent calculation.	
	Test & Model Exam	7 Hrs.

Reference Books:

- 1. Rangawala, "Estimating & Costing", Charotor Publishing;
- 2. N.A.Shaw, "Quantity Surveying & Valuation", Khanna Publishers;
- 3. L.N.Dutta, "Estimating & Costing", Dhanpat Rai & Sons
- 4. Bridie, "Estimating & Costing"
- 5. Civil Estimating, Casting and Valuation Kalson Publication, Ludhiana.
- 6. Vazirani & Chandola," Estimating and Costing" 2001.

IS:1200 - Methods of Measurement of Building and Civil Engineering works.

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING II YEAR D SCHEME IV SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 430

Semester : IV Semester

Subject Title : TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester		Marks		Duration
TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING	5 Hrs	80 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
			25	75	100	3 Hrs

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS:

SI. No.	TOPIC	Time (Hrs)
1	HIGHWAY ENGINEERING	14
2	HIGHWAY ENGINEERING (Contd.)	14
3	RAILWAY ENGINEERING	14
4	RAILWAY ENGINEERING (Contd.)	14
5	BRIDGE ENGINEERING	14
6	TEST AND REVISION	10
	Total	80

RATIONALE:

Construction of roads is one of the area in which diploma holders in Civil Engineering get employment. These diploma holders are responsible for construction and maintenance of highways. Basic concepts of road geo-metrics, surveys and plans, elements of traffic engineering, road materials, construction of rigid and flexible pavements, special features of hill roads, road drainage system and various aspects of maintenance find place in above course.

In addition, this subject will cater to the needs of those technicians who would like to find employment in the construction of railway tracks, bridges. The subject aims at providing broad based knowledge regarding various components and construction of railway track, bridges.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be familiar with:

- To study about the importance of the roads, Development of roads, Classification of roads
- To know about highway pavements, Geometrical design, Traffic controls, Road Arboriculture and Highway Lighting
- To study about highway alignment, Road machineries and Construction of different types of Roads
- To study about Railway fixtures, Types of stations, Signalling and Control of movement of trains
- To study about Maintenance of Track and Rapid Transport System of Railways
- To Know about Bridges, Classifications and its Components

CED430 TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
ı	HIGHWAY ENGINEERING 1.1 INTRODUCTION General — Development of Roads in India - Modes of	14 Hrs
	transportation - Nagpur Plan - Ribbon development - Advantages of Roads - Importance of roads in India - Requirements of an ideal road - Indian Road Congress - Objects of Highway planning - Classifications of Highways.	
	1.2 HIGHWAY PAVEMENTS Objectives - Types of Pavement - Flexible and Rigid Pavements - Comparative study of Flexible and Rigid pavements - Factors affecting the design of pavements - Other types of pavements (Description not reqd.)	
	1.3 GEOMETRICAL DESIGN OF HIGHWAYS General - Road structure - Right of way - Land width - Width of formation - Road Camber - Super elevation - Sight distances - Road gradient - Road Curves - Horizontal curves - Vertical curves - Types - Widening of pavement on horizontal curves.	
	1.4 TRAFFIC ENGINEERING Objectives - Traffic surveys - Road accidents - Causes of road accidents - Preventive measures - Parking - Methods of parking - Road junctions (Grade intersections and Grade separators) - Traffic signals - Advantages - Types of road signs - Expressways — Bus Rapid Transport System (BRTS).	
	1.5 SUB GRADE SOIL Significance - Soil mass as a three phase system - Grain size classification - Atterberg limits - Definition and description - I S Classification of soils - Compaction - Definition - Objects of compaction - Standard Proctor Compaction test - Shear strength - Definition - importance - Direct shear test.	
	1.6 ROAD ARBORICULTURE AND LIGHTING Objects of Arboriculture - Selection of trees - Location of trees - Highway lighting - Benefits.	

HIGHWAY ENGINEERING (Contd.)

2.1 HIGHWAY ALIGNMENT AND SURVEYS

Definition - Principles for ideal highway alignment - Factors affecting highway alignment - Surveys - Engineering surveys - Reconnaissance, Preliminary and Location surveys - Project Report and Drawings - Highway Re-alignment projects.

2.2 ROAD MACHINERIES

Excavating equipments - Earth Movers, Tractor, Bull dozer, Grader, Scraper - Compaction equipments - Road rollers - Types - Equipments for Bituminous road construction.

2.3 LOW COST ROADS

General - Classifications - Earthen road, Gravel road, Water Bound Macadam roads - Construction with sketches - Advantages and disadvantages - Maintenance - Soil stabilization - Methods.

2.4 BITUMINOUS ROADS

General - Advantages and disadvantages - Bituminous materials used - Types of Bituminous roads - Surface dressing - Types - Bituminous Concrete - Maintenance of Bituminous roads.

2.5 CEMENT CONCRETE ROADS

General - Advantages and disadvantages - Methods of construction of cement concrete roads with sketches - Construction procedure for concrete roads.

2.6 HILL ROADS

Factors considered in alignment - Formation of hill roads - Hair pin bends - Retaining and Breast walls.

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RAILWAY ENGINEERING

14 Hrs

3.1 INTRODUCTION

Introduction to Railways - Classifications of Indian Railways - Rail Gauges - Types - Uniformity in gauges - Loading gauge - Construction gauge.

3.2 RAILS

General - Functions of rails - Requirements of an ideal rail - Types of rail sections - Length of rails - Welding of rails - Wear of rails - Coning of wheels - Hogged rails - Bending of rails - Creep of rails - Causes and prevention of creep.

3.3 SLEEPERS AND BALLAST

Functions of Sleepers - Types of sleepers - Requirements of sleepers - Materials for sleepers - Sleeper density — Ballast-Functions of Ballast - Requirements of ballast - Materials used as ballast.

3.4 RAIL FASTENINGS AND PLATE LAYING

Rail joints - Types - Rail fastenings - Fish plates - Fish bolts - Spikes - Chairs and Keys - Bearing plates - Blocks - Elastic fastenings - Anchors and anti-creepers - Plate laying - Methods of plate laying - PQRS method of relaying.

3.5 MAINTENANCE OF TRACK

Necessity - Maintenance of Track, Bridges and Rolling stock.

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RAILWAY ENGINEERING (Contd.)

14 Hrs

4.1 STATIONS AND YARDS

Definition of station - Purpose of railway station - Types of stations - Wayside, Junction and Terminal stations - Platforms - Passenger and Goods platforms - Definition of Yard - Types of yard - Passenger yard, Goods yard, Marshalling yard and Locomotive yards - Level crossings.

4.2 STATION EQUIPMENTS

General - Engine shed - Examination pits - Drop pits - Water columns - Triangles - Turn table - Traversers - Scotch Block - Buffer stops - Fouling marks - Derailing switch - Sand hump - Weigh bridges.

4.3 POINTS AND CROSSINGS

Purpose - Some definitions - Turnouts - Right hand and left hand turnouts -Sleepers laid for points and crossings - Types of switches - Crossings - Types of crossings.

4.4 SIGNALLING

General - Objects of signalling - Types of signalling - Based on function and location - Special signals - Control of movement of trains - Different methods - Following train system - Absolute block system - Automatic signalling - Pilot guard system - Centralized traffic control system.

4.5 INTERLOCKING

Definition - Principles of interlocking - Methods of interlocking - Tappets and locks system - Key system - Route relay system - Improvements in interlocking and signalling.

4.6 RAPID TRANSPORT SYSTEM

General Underground railways - Advantages - Tube railways — Hyperloop - Its features.

BRIDGE ENGINEERING

14 Hrs

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5.1 INTRODUCTION

Bridge: Definition - Components of bridge - IRC loadings - Selection of type of bridge - Scour - Afflux - Economic span - Waterway - Factors governing the ideal site for bridge - Alignment of bridge - Factors to be considered in alignment.

5.2 FOUNDATIONS

Functions of foundation - Types of foundations - Selection of foundations - Control of ground water for foundation - Caisson foundation - Coffer dam — Types.

5.3 CLASSIFICATION OF BRIDGES

Classification according to IRC loadings, Materials, Bridge floor, Type of superstructure - Culverts and Cause ways - Classifications with sketches - Conditions to construct causeways.

5.4 SUBSTRUCTURE

Abutments - Types - Piers - Types - Wing walls - Types.

5.5 SUPERSTRUCTURE

Types - Description - Simple bridge - Types according to bridge floor - Continuous bridge - Cantilever bridge - Balanced cantilever bridge - Arch bridge - Bow-string girder type bridge - Rigid frame bridge - Suspension bridge - Continuous steel bridges - Steel arched bridges.

5.6 BRIDGE BEARINGS

Definition - Purpose - Importance of bearings - Types of bearings — Elastomer bearings- Pot bearing.

TEST & REVISION

10 Hrs

REFERENCE:

- 1. RANGWALA, —Highway Engineeringl , Charotor Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., Edition 2010
- 2. RANGWALA, —Railway Engineeringll, Charotor Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., Edition 2010
- 3. RANGWALA, —Bridge Engineeringll, Charotor Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., Edition 2009
- 4. S P CHANDOLA, —A Text Book of Transportation Engineering S Chand & Company Ltd.,
- 5. G V RAO, —Principles of Transportation & Highway Engineeringll Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd.,
- 6. Madhan Mohan Dass, —Structural Analysis PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

II YEAR

D-SCHEME

IV SEMESTER

2022-2023 onwards

ESTIMATION, COSTING & VALUATION LABORATORY

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING D-SCHEME

Course Name : Diploma In Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 440

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : ESTIMATION, COSTING & VALUATION LABORATORY

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject	Hours / Week	Hours /Semester	Marks		Duration	
ESTIMATION AND	4 Hrs.	64 Hrs.	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
COSTING LABORATORY			25	75	100	3 Hrs.

RATIONALE:

Estimation and Costing Lab deals with the procedure for estimating and costing of Civil Engineering works and to perform rate analysis for different items associated with construction projects.

OBJECTIVES:

After completing this course, students will be able to:

- Select modes of measurements for different items of works.
- Prepare detailed estimate of a civil engineering works.
- Use relevant software for estimating the quantities and cost of items of works.
- Justify rate for given items of work using rate analysis techniques

DETAILED SYLLABUS

CED 440 - ESTIMATION, COSTING &VALUATION LABORATORY

Contents: Practical Total: 64 Hrs.

List of Experiments

58 Hours

- 1. Prepare the list of items to be executed with units for detailed estimate of a given structure from the given drawing.
- Prepare a report on market rates for given material, labour wages, hire charges of tools & equipments required to construct the given structure as mentioned in at Serial number 1 above.
- 3. Recording in Measurement Book (MB) for any four items
- 4. Prepare bill of quantities of given item from actual measurements. (any four items).
- 5. Prepare approximate estimate for the given engineering works.
- 6. Calculate the quantity of items of work from the given set of drawings using standard measurement sheet for load bearing residential structure using description of item from (1BHK Building with staircase).
- 7. Prepare detailed estimate from the given set of drawings using "standard measurement and abstract format" for RCC framed structure using description of item (G+1 Building)
- 8. Calculate the reinforcement quantities from the given set of drawings for a room size of 3 m x 4m with bar bending schedule.
- 9. Prepare detailed estimate of bitumen road of one kilometer length from the given drawing.
- 10. Prepare detailed estimate of small Septic tank from the given set of drawings.
- 11. Prepare bar bending schedule for the given singly reinforced and doubly reinforced beams
- 12. Prepare bar bending schedule for the given continuous beam
- 13. Prepare bar bending schedule for the given one way slab
- 14. Prepare bar bending schedule for the given two way slab
- 15. Prepare bar bending schedule for the given square column and square footing

Revision & Test 8 Hours

Reference Books:

- 1. Datta, B.N., Estimating and Costing in Civil engineering, UBS Publishers Distributors
- 2. Rangwala, S.C., Estimating and Costing, Charotar Publishing House, Anand.
- 3. Birdie, G.S., Estimating and Costing, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company(P) Ltd. Delhi.
- 4. Patil,B.S., Civil Engineering Contracts and Estimates, Orient Longman, Mumbai.. Monojit Chakraborti, Kolkata.
- 5. PWD Schedule of Rates.

CED 440- ESTIMATION AND COSTING LABORATORY

DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS

S.No	Description	Marks
1.	Tabulation and Observation	30
2.	Calculations	30
3.	Accuracy of result	10
4.	Viva-Voce	5
	Total	75

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING II YEAR D SCHEME IV SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

MATERIAL TESTING LABORATORY-II

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 450

Semester : IV Semester

Subject Title : MATERIAL TESTING LAB II

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours /Week	I /Samactar I IVIarve			Duration	
MATERIAL TESTING LAB PRACTICE II	3 Hrs	48 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
			25	75	100	3 Hrs

RATIONALE:

The understanding of the structure, physical and mechanical properties and behaviour of engineering materials is at the very core of engineering design. A command of this knowledge is essential for all civil engineers. This laboratory provides a hands-on experience with the testing and evaluation of civil engineering materials, including sand, clay, fine aggregates, course aggregates and water.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be familiar with:

- Test on properties of fine aggregate and coarse aggregate.
- Test on properties of soil.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

PART A 18 Hours

- 1. Determination of Voids ratio and porosity of sand.
- 2. Determination of liquid limit and plastic limit of the given soil.
- 3. Determination of bulk density and specific gravity of Fine aggregates.
- 4. Determination of bulk density and specific gravity of coarse aggregates.
- 5. Proctor's compaction test on clay.
- 6. Direct shear test on sand.
- 7. Field Density of Soil by core cutter method / sand replacement method.

PART B 24 Hours

- 8. Attrition test on Aggregate.
- 9. Abrasion test on Aggregate.
- 10. Aggregate crushing value test.
- 11. Aggregate impact value test.
- 12. Determination of Water absorption of coarse aggregate.

REVISION & TEST 3 Hours

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

In the examination, each student has to be given TWO questions, ONE from Part A and ONE from Part B.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

0 N		Part - A	Part - B	
S.No	Description	Max. Marks(40)	Max.Marks(30)	
1	Procedure	5	5	
2	Tabulation and Observation	15	10	
3	Calculations	10	5	
4	Sketch / Graph	5	5	
5	Accuracy of result	5	5	
6	Viva-Voce)	
	Total	75		

S.NO.	LIST OF EQUIPMENTS REQUIRED	QUANTITY REQUIRED
1.	Pycnometer	4 nos
2.	Liquid limit device with all accessories	2 nos
3.	Field density of soil apparatus (sand pouring cylinder) with complete set	2 nos
4.	Proctor compaction mould with all accessories	2 nos
5.	Direct shear machine with complete accessories	1 no
6.	Devals attrition testing machine with complete accessories	1 no
7.	Dorry's abrasion testing machine with complete accessories	1 no
8.	Aggregate impact testing machine with complete accessories	1 no
9.	Crushing strength apparatus	1 no

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING II YEAR D SCHEME IV SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE LAB

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 460

Semester : IV Semester

Subject Title : CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE LAB

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Duration	
CONSTRUC	4 Hrs	64 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
TION PRACTICE LAB			25	75	100	3 Hrs

RATIONALE:

The important functions of a civil technician includes the jobs of detailed surveying, plotting of survey data, preparation of survey maps and setting out works While framing the curriculum for the subject of surveying, stress has been given to the development of the skill in each type of survey like Theodolite surveying, Tachometric surveying and surveying using Total station that the Civil Engineering diploma holder will normally be called upon to perform.

OBJECTIVE:

At the end of the course, Students

- will have experience in handling surveying equipments
- Do practical exercises in Theodolite surveying,
- Do Tachometric surveying
- Do surveying using Total station.

CED460 CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE LAB

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

PART A: 22 Hours

- 1. Determination of the fineness of cement by Blains Permeability Apparatus or by sieve analysis.
- 2. Determination of Initial setting time of cement by using Vicat's Apparatus.
- 3. Determination of final setting time of cement by using Vicat's Apparatus.
- 4. Shape Test for coarse aggregate Flakiness Index test, Elongation Index test, Angularity number test.
- 5. Determine the bulking characteristics of given sand sample.
- 6.Prepare and develop a centre line plan, foundation Plan and set out spread footing in the field for the given line sketch of a building.
- 7.Prepare and develop a centre line plan, foundation Plan and set out the layout of columns and footing in the field for the given line sketch of a building (Framed structure).
- 8.Arrangement of bricks using English bond for one brick thick wall and one and half brick thick wall for right angled corner junction.
- 9.Arrangement of bricks using English Bond for one brick thick wall, one and half brick thick wall for Tee junction.
- 10. Arrangement of bricks using English bond for one brick thick, one and half and two brick thick square pillars.
- 11. Straightening, cutting, hooking and bending and arrangement of Steel reinforcement bars.
 - a. Singly reinforced beam b. Lintel and Sunshade c. Column and footing

PART B: 30 Hours

- 12. Determination of workability of concrete by slump cone test.
- 13. Determination of workability of concrete by compaction factor test.
- 14. Casting of concrete cube and compression test on concrete cube.
- 15. Determination of Fineness Modulus of fine aggregate sample and plot a particle size distribution curve and also find the effective size and uniformity co-efficient.
- 16. Determination of Fineness Modulus of coarse aggregate sample by conducting sieve analysis.
- 17. Vee- Bee Consistometer Test on concrete test.

Revision & Test 12 Hours

CED460 – CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE LAB

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS

S.No	Description	PART A (20 MARKS)	PART B (50 MARKS)
1.	Procedure	5	10
2.	Tabulation and Observation	5	15
3.	Calculations	5	15
4.	Sketch / Graph	3	5
5.	Accuracy of result	2	5
	Viva Voce	ţ	5
	Total		75

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS (for a batch of 30 students):

S.No	List of the Equipments	Quantity Required
1.	Slump cone apparatus	2 no.
2.	Compaction factor apparatus	1 no.
3.	Concrete cube mould 150*150*150 3sets	3 sets(9 no)
4.	Concrete cube mould 100*100*100 3sets	3 sets (9 no)
5.	Sieve test for fine aggregate made of brace 200mm dia complete set.	2 sets
6.	Sieve test for coarse aggregate made of brass 200mm dia complete set	2 sets
7.	Concrete mixing tray	2 no.
8.	Vee Bee Consistometer	1 no.
9	Weigh balance-digital up to 10kg capacity with 1gm accuracy battery backup with 8 hours	1no.
10.	Apparatus to find Flakiness index, Elongation index and Angularity number for Coarse Aggregate	1 no. each
11	Blaine Permeability apparatus	1 no.
12	Sieve No 9	2 nos.
13	Vicats apparatus	2 sets

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

II YEAR

D SCHEME

IV SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

SURVEYING PRACTICE -II

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 450

Semester : IV Semester

Subject Title : SURVEYING PRACTICE II

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Duration	
SURVEYING	6 Hrs	90 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
PRACTICE II			25	75	100	3 Hrs

RATIONALE:

The important functions of a civil technician includes the jobs of detailed surveying, plotting of survey data, preparation of survey maps and setting out works While framing the curriculum for the subject of surveying, stress has been given to the development of the skill in each type of survey like Theodolite surveying, Tachometric surveying and surveying using Total station that the Civil Engineering diploma holder will normally be called upon to perform.

OBJECTIVE:

At the end of the course, Students

- will have experience in handling surveying equipments
- Do practical exercises in Theodolite surveying,
- Do Tachometric surveying
- Do surveying using Total station.

CEC460 SURVEYING PRACTICE II

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

PART A: THEODOLITE SURVEYING

42 Hrs

- Study of a Theodolite Temporary adjustments Reading horizontalangles.
- 2. Measurement of horizontal angle by:
 - a. Reiteration method (not for Exam)
 - b. Repetition method (not for Exam)
- Determination of distance between two points when their bases are accessible, using Theodolite - Measuring Horizontal angles by repetition method and distances from a Theolite Station.
- 4. Determination of distance between two points when their bases are inaccessible, using Theodolite Measuring Horizontal angles by reiteration method from a baseline.
- 5. Run closed theodolite traverse Measuring length, included angles, and bearing at initial station. Plot the traverse.
- 6. Measurements of vertical angles to different points.
- 7. Determination of Elevation of an object when the base is accessible.
- 8. Determination of Elevation of an object when the base is inaccessible by .
 - a) Single plane method
 - b) Double plane method.

PART B: TACHEOMETRIC SURVEYING

18 Hours

- 9. Determination of constants of a tacheometer.
- 10. Determination of distance and elevation of points by Stadia tacheometry.
- 11. Determination of gradient between two points (with different elevations) by Stadia tacheometry.
- 12. Determination of distance and elevation of points by Tangential tacheometry.

PART C: TOTAL STATION 18 Hrs

13. Study of Total Station — General commands used - Instrument

preparation and setting – Reading distances and angles.

14. Measurement of distances and co-ordinates of given points, using Total

station.

15. Measurement of altitude of given elevated points, using Total Station.

16. Run closed traverse using Total Station and plotting the traverse.

17. Determination of area of a field / land / College Campus etc. using

Totalstation.

REVISION & TEST

12 Hours

SURVEY CAMP: (Outside the Campus)

Duration: 7 days

The objective of the survey camp is to enable the students to get practical training in the field work. Groups of not more than six members in a group will carry out each exercise in Survey camp. The camp must involve work on a large area of not less than 30 acres outside the campus. At the end of the camp, each student shall have mapped and contoured the area. The camp record shall

include all original field observations, calculations and plotting.

V SEMESTER

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

III YEAR

D SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED510

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 15 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks			Duration
STRUCTURAL	6 Hrs	90 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
ENGINEERING			25	75	100	3 Hrs

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS:

SI. No.	TOPIC	Time (Hrs)
1	REINFORCED CEMENT CONCRETE STRUCTURES	16
	DESING OF T-BEAMS AND LINTELS FOR FLEXURE BY LSM	
2	DESIGN OF CONTINUOUS BEAMS FOR FLEXURE AND SHEAR BY LSM	16
3	DESIGN OF ONE WAY SLABS AND STAIR CASES BY LSM	16
3	DESIGN OF TWO WAY SLABS BY LSM	10
4	DESIGN OF COLUMNS BY LSM	16
7	DESIGN OF COLUMN FOOTINGS	10
5	STEEL STRUCTURES	16
6	TEST AND REVISION	10
	TOTAL	90

RATIONALE:

This subject is an applied engineering subject. Diploma holders in Civil Engineering will be required to supervise RCC construction. He may also be required to design simple structural elements, make changes in design depending upon availability of materials (bars of different diameters). This subject thus deals with elementary design principles as per BIS code of practice BIS: 456 — 2000 by limit statemethod.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course the students should be able to:

- Analyse and design simple RCC elements like singly / doubly reinforced rectangular beams, and singly reinforced T-beams (Cantilevers, Simply supported/ Continuous beams, Lintels etc.) for shear and flexure by limit statemethod:
- Design One way/ Two way slabs and Staircases by limit state method;
- Design Axially loaded Columns and Footings by limit state method;
- Design simple Steel members like Laterally supported Beams, Tension members, Compression members and Welded connections by limit state method.

CED-510 STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
	REINFORCED CEMENT CONCRETE STRUCTURES	
ı	1.1 INTRODUCTION TO WORKING STRESS AND LIMIT STATE METHOD	16 Hrs
	Reinforced Cement Concrete- Materials used in R.C.C and their basic requirements — Purpose of providing reinforcement — Different types and grades of cement and steel — Characteristic strength and grades of concrete — Behaviour of R.C members in bending-Modular ratio and Equivalent area of R.C.Sections — Different types of loads on structures as per IS: 875-1987 - Different methods of design.	
	Working Stress Method-Assumptions made in the W.S.M- Singly reinforced rectangular sections — Strain and stress distribution due to bending — Actual and Critical neutral axes — Under / Over reinforced sections— Balanced sections — Lever arm — Moment of resistance of singly reinforced rectangular sections (No problems).	
	Limit State Method - Concept -Advantages- Different limit states-Characteristic strength and design strength of materials — Characteristic loads and design loads - Partial safety factors for loads and material strength - Limit state of collapse in flexure — Assumptions — Stress Strain curves for concrete and steel — Stress block — Maximum strain in concrete — Limiting values of neutral axis of singly reinforced section for different grades of steel -Design stress in tension and compression steel - Moment of resistance of singly and doubly reinforced rectangular sections — Problems.	
	1.2 DESIGN OF RECTANGULAR BEAMS FOR FLEXURE BY L.S.M Design requirements-Effective spans of cantilever and simply supported beams — Breadth and depth requirements of beams — Control of deflection — Minimum depth requirement for stiffness — Minimum concrete cover to reinforcement steel for durability and fire resistance — Minimum and maximum areas/spacing for main reinforcement and side face reinforcement as per IS 456 -2000 - Development Length-Anchorage values of bends and hooks - Curtailment of reinforcements- Design bending moments — Design of singly and doubly reinforced rectangular beams (Cantilevers and Simply supported beams carrying point loads and u.d.l only)- Problems- Practice on using Design Aids, SP16 (not for examination).	

2.1 DESIGN OF T-BEAMS AND LINTELS FOR FLEXURE BY L.S.M

Cross sections of Tee and L-beams- Effective width of flange-Neutral Axis and M.R of Singly Reinforced T-Sections- Design of singly reinforced T-beams/L-beams for flexure-Problems on Cantilevers (Inverted-T) and Simply supported T- beams — Loads on Isolated Lintels over openings of masonry walls - Design B.M for isolated lintels carrying rectangular/triangular loads- Design of Lintel- Simple problems

2.2 DESIGN OF CONTINUOUS BEAMS FOR FLEXURE AND SHEAR BY L.S.M

16 Hrs

Methods of analysis of continuous beams- Effective Span-Arrangement of Loading for Critical Bending Moments- B.M coefficients specified by IS:456-200-Design of rectangular continuous beams (Singly and Doubly Reinforced) using B.M. coefficients (equal spans & u.d.l only) for sagging and hogging moments.

Limit state of collapse in shear — Design shear strength of concrete — Design shear strengths of vertical / inclined stirrups and bent up bars —Principle of shear **design** — Critical sections forshear- S.F Coefficients specified by IS:456- 2000— Nominal shearstress —Minimum shear reinforcement- Design of vertical stirrups, inclined stirrups and bent up bars for rectangular beams using limit state method —Simple problems- Practice on use of Design Aids (not for examination).

III 3.1 DESIGN OF ONE WAY SLABS AND STAIRCASES BY 16 Hrs L.S.M

Classification of Slabs — Effective spans — Loads (DL and IL) on floor/roof slabs and stairs (IS: 875-1987) — Strength and Stiffness requirements —Minimum and maximum permitted size, spacing and area of main and secondary reinforcements as per IS 456 -2000- Cover requirement to reinforcements in slabs- Design of cantilever/simply supported one way slabs and sunshades by limit state method — Design of continuous slabs using B.M coefficients- Check for shear and stiffness — Curtailment of tension reinforcement —Anchoring of reinforcement— Practice in designing slabs using design aids (not for examination).

Types of stairs according to structural behaviour- Requirements of Stairs- Planning a staircase — Effective span of stairs — Effective breadth of flight slab- Distribution of loads on flights —Design of cantilever steps — Design of doglegged and Open wellstairs spanning parallel to the flight.

3.2 DESIGN OF TWO WAY SLABS BY L.S.M.

Introduction –Effective spans –Thickness of slab for strength and stiffness requirements - Middle and Edge strips – B.M coefficients as per IS:456 – Design B.Ms for Simply supported, Restrained and Continuous slabs – Tension and Torsion reinforcement requirement— Design of two way slabs using B.M. coefficients – Curtailment of reinforcement – Check for stiffness only.

IV 4.1 DESIGN OF COLUMNS BY L.S.M

16 Hrs

Limit state of collapse in compression — Assumptions - Limiting strength of short axially loaded compression members - Effective length of compression members — Slenderness limits for columns

— Classification of columns -Minimum eccentricity for column loads — Longitudinal and Transverse reinforcement requirements as per I S 456-2000 — Cover requirement - Design of axially loaded short columns with lateral ties / helical reinforcement — Practice on use of Design Aids (not for examination).

4.2 DESIGN OF COLUMN FOOTINGS

Basic requirements of Footings-Types of R.C footings –Minimum depth below GL- Footings with uniform thickness and varying thickness (sloped footing) — Critical sections for BM, Transverse/Punching Shears — Minimum reinforcement, Distribution of reinforcement, Development length, Anchorage, Cover, Minimum edge thickness requirements as per IS 456-2000 — Design of Isolated footing (square and rectangular) with uniform/ varying thickness by limit state method- For Examination: Problem either on (i) Designing Size of Footing and Area of tension steel for flexure only for the given Column load and SBC of soil, or on (ii) Checking the footing for Punching shear and Transverse shear only, for the given sizes and other required details of the footing.

STEEL STRUCTURES

16 Hrs

5.1 DESIGN OF TENSION AND COMPRESSION MEMBERS BY L.S.M

General- Characteristic Actions, Partial Safety Factors for Loads, Design Actions- Ultimate Strength, Partial Safety Factors for Materials, Design Strengths of Materials - Rolled Steel Sections - Different forms of Tension members — Gross area, Net area and Net Effective sectional area of Tension members— Maximum permitted values of Effective Slenderness Ratio —Design Strength of Tension members against Yielding of Gross section, Rupture of Critical section and Block Shear- Design Strength of given Plates/ Angles connected to gussets by bolts/welds- Design of ties using single/ double angles - Circular/square/rectangular hollow sections.

Different forms of Compression members- Classification of Cross sections- Limiting Width to Thickness Ratio- Effective sectional area- End Conditions and Effective length of Compression members — Maximum permitted values of Slenderness ratio

Imperfection factor and Stress reduction factor— Design Strength of Compression members- Problems — Design of single angle and double angle Struts — Design of steel columns using rolled steel sections (Symmetrical sections only) with or without cover plates. (Lacing and battens not included).

5.2 DESIGN OF SIMPLE BEAMS AND WELDED CONNECTIONS BY L.S.M

Classification of Steel beams –Effective span- Design principles-Minimum thickness of Web-Design Strength in Bending/ Shear-Limiting deflection of beams - Lateral buckling of beams — Maximum permitted Slenderness Ratio- Plastic Moment of Resistance and Plastic Section Modulus of Sections- Shape Factor — Design of laterally supported Simple beams using single / double rolled steel sections (symmetrical cross sections only) (Built-up beams not included).

10 Hrs

Types of welds – Size, Effective area and Effective length of Fillet welds — Requirements of welds-Stresses in Welds –Design strength of fillet/ butt welds — Lap and butt joints for plates and angles — Problems on design of welded connections for Platesand Angles (Moment resistant connections not included). **REVISION AND TEST**

Reference Book:

- 1. S.R.Karve and V.L.Shah, Limit state Theory and Design of ReinforcedConcretell, Pune Vidya Griha Prakashan.
- 2. P C Varghese, Limit state Design of Reinforced Concrete PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd 2011.
- 3. Dr.S.Ramachandra,Limit State Design of Concrete Structures||,Scientificpublishers, 2004.
- 4. Mallick and Rangasamy, ||Reinforced Cement Concrete|| Oxford-IBH.
- N Krishnaraju, Reinforced Concrete Design

 New Age International Publications, 2012
- B C Punmia, Limit State Design of Reinforced Concretell, LaxmiPublications,2007
- 7. B C Punmia, R C C Designsll, Laxmi Publications, 2006
- 8. S S Bhavikatti, Design of R C C and Structural Elements (RCC Vol I), New AgeInternational Publications, 2011

- 9. IS 456-2000; IS 875-1987; IS 800 -2007.
- 10. Explanatory hand book SP24, Design Aid SP 16, Detailing of Reinforcement, SP 34
- 11. M.R. Shiyekar —Limit State Design in Structural Steell, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd, 2011

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING III YEAR D SCHEME V SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name: DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Subject Code : CED 520

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours /	Hours /		Marks		
	Week	Semester				Duration
ENVIRONMENTAL			Internal	Board	Total	
ENGINEERING	5 Hrs	80 Hrs	Assessment	Examination	Total	
AND POLLUTION						
CONTROL			25	75	100	3 Hrs

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS:

SI. No.	TOPIC	Time (Hrs)
1	WATER SUPPLY ENGINEERING	14
2	WATER SUPPLY ENGINEERING (Contd.)	14
3	SANITARY ENGINEERING	14
4	SANITARY ENGINEERING (Contd.)	14
5	POLLUTION CONTROL	14
6	TEST AND REVISION	10
	Total	80

RATIONALE:

Diploma holders in Civil Engineering are expected to supervise construction of water supply and waste water treatment works. They are also responsible for waste disposal activities. This subject aims at imparting skills for preparing water supply and waste water engineering drawings to develop competencies for reading the drawings, and their execution in their field

In addition, Civil Engineering diploma holders must have the knowledge of different types of environmental aspects due to development activities so that they may help in maintaining the ecological balance and control pollution. They should also be aware of the environmental laws for effectively combating environmental pollution.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be able:

- To know the procedure of estimating water requirements for a water supply scheme.
- To select suitable sources of water supply and pipe materials.
- To determine the quality of water, testing procedures and standards for drinking water.
- To understand the methods of purification of water.
- To understand the systems of distribution for a water supply scheme.
- To understand the basic facts of sanitary engineering, the methods of collectionand conveyance of sewage.
- To understand the primary and secondary treatment of sewage and disposal.
- To know the methods of disposal of sludge and solid wastes.
- To identify the various pollution and their prevention.
- To create awareness about environmental impact assessment.

CED 520 ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
	PART I - WATER SUPPLY ENGINEERING 1.1 QUANTITY OF WATER	
I	Water supply - need for protected water supply - objectives of public water supply system — demand -types of demand - per capita demand - prediction of population - problems in arithmetical increase method, geometrical increase method, incremental increase method - sources of water - surface and subsurface sources.	14 Hrs
	1.2 INTAKES AND CONVEYANCE Intakes - types of intakes-description of intakes-infiltration galleries and infiltration wells in river beds - necessity of pumps - types of pumps - pipes for conveyance of water - cast iron, steel, G.I., cement concrete, R.C.C., hume and PVC pipes-pipe joints -laying and testing of pipe lines - pipe corrosion - corrosion control.	
	1.3 QUALITY OF WATER Impurities in water - testing of water - collection of water sample - physical, chemical, bacteriological tests - standards of drinking water - water borne diseases and their causes.	
II	2.1 TREATMENT OF WATER Object of water treatment - flow diagram of treatment plants — sedimentation — purpose - types of sedimentation - coagulation - coagulants and their choice - types of sedimentation tanks — filtration - theory of filtration - types and description of filters - disinfection of water — methods - water softening —miscellaneous water treatment(names only) - mineral water — requirements - R.O process.	14 Hrs
	2.2 DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM Distribution system - methods of distribution — gravity system, pumping system, combined system -systems of water supply - continuous and intermittent supply of water - layouts of distribution - dead end , grid iron, radial and circular systems - service reservoirs - types.	
III	PART II - SANITARY ENGINEERING 3.1 COLLECTION AND CONVEYANCE OF SEWAGE Sanitation — purpose — terms - systems of sanitation - quantity of sewage - variation in rate of flow of sewage - estimation of storm water — problems - minimum size of sewer - shapes of sewer (names only)-materials used for sewer- joints in sewer line -laying and testing of sewer lines - ventilation of sewers -cleaning ofsewers.	14 Hrs

3.2 SEWER APPERTENANCES Sewer appurtenances – manhole - lamp hole - catch basin - street inlet - grease and oil trap -flushing tanks - drainage arrangements inbuildings - sanitary fittings - sewage pumps -necessity - types of sewage pumps (names only). IV 4.1 TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL OF SEWAGE 14 Hrs Objects of sewage treatment - flow diagram of sewage treatment plants - treatment of sewage - primary and secondary treatments screens - skimming tanks - grit chambers - sedimentation tanks filters - types and description of filters - activated sludge process septic tanks for isolated buildings - construction and working of septic tanks - disposal of septic tank effluent - soak pits, dispersion trenches - oxidation ponds - sludge - types - methods of sludge disposal. 4.2 SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT Solid waste – classification - collection and conveyance of solid waste - disposal of solid waste - necessity - reduction and reuse of solid wastes - methods of solid waste disposal - incineration, dumping, sanitary landfill, composting - energy from waste **PART III - POLLUTION CONTROL** V 14 Hrs **5.1 ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION** Environment – definition - water pollution - sources of water pollution - effects of water pollution - control of water pollution - soil pollution sources of soil pollution - effects of soil pollution - control of soil pollution - noise pollution - sources of noise pollution - effects of noise pollution - control of noise pollution - air pollution - sources of air pollution - effects of air pollution on human beings, plants, animals, materials - air pollution control equipment - control devices for particulate contaminants - environmental degradation - ozone layer depletion - green house effect - acid rain. **5.2 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT** Environmental impact assessment (EIA) - methodology of EIA organising the job - performing the assessment - preparation of environmental impact statement (EIS) - review of EIS 10 Hrs environmental risk assessment - limitation of EIA. **REVISION AND TEST**

Reference Book:

- 1. N.N. BASAK- Environmental Engineering, Tata McGraw hill publishing company Ltd., New Delhi, 2010
- 2. A.KAMALA,D.L.KANTHRAO- Environmental engineering, Tata McGraw hill publishing company Ltd.,New Delhi
- 3. GURCHARAN SINGH- Water supply and sanitary engineering vol.I&II,Standard publishers & distributors,Delhi
- 4. Dr.SURESH K.DHAMEJA- Environmental engineering and management, S.K.Kataria &Sons, New Delhi.
- 5. S.K.GARG- Water supply and sanitary engineering, Khanna publishers, Delhi.
- M.ANJI REDDI- Text book of Environmental science and technology,BS Publications, Hyderabad.
- 7. P.VENUGOPALA RAO Principles of Environmental science and engineering, PHI learning pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 8. B C Punmia, —Environmental Engineeringll, Laxmi Publications, 2010
- 9. B C Punmia, —Waste Water Engineeringll, Laxmi Publications, 2010

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING III YEAR D SCHEME V SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

REMOTE SENSING AND GEOINFORMATICS
(ELECTIVE THEORY I)

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 531

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : REMOTE SENSING AND GEOINFORMATICS

(ELECTIVE THEORY I)

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions Examination					
Subject Title	Hours /Week	Hours /Semester	Marks			Duration
GIS AND REMOTE	5 Hrs	80 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
SENSING			25	75	100	3 Hrs

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS:

SI. No.	TOPIC	Time (Hrs)
1	FUNDAMENTALS OF REMOTE SENSING	14
2	PHOTOGRAMMETRY	14
3	IMAGE INTERPRETATION AND ANALYSIS	14
4	FUNDAMENTALS OF GIS	14
5	GIS - DATA ENTRY, STORAGE AND ANALYSIS	14
6	TEST AND REVISION	10
	Total	80

RATIONALE:

In civil engineering projects, RS and GIS techniques can become potential and indispensable tools. Various civil engineering application areas include regional planning and site investigation, terrain mapping and analysis, water resources engineering, town planning and urban infrastructure development, transportation network analysis, landslide analysis, etc

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be familiar:

- To understand the basic concepts of remote sensing
- To know the applications of Geographic information systems in Civil Engineering
- Identify the basic remote sensing concepts and its characteristics
- Implement the photogrammetry concepts and fundamentals of Air photo interpretation
- Use various analysis and interpretation of GIS results

CED 531-REMOTE SENSING AND GEO INFORMATICS (ELECTIVE THEORY I)

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
ı	FUNDAMENTALS OF REMOTE SENSING	
	Basics of Remote Sensing: Definitions and its components – Energy Sources and Radiation principles – electromagnetic radiation (EMR) – spectrum – wavelength regions important to remote sensing — Atmospheric scattering, absorption — Atmospheric windows – spectral signature concepts – typical spectral reflective characteristics of water, vegetation and soil. characteristic of real remote sensing system, platforms, orbit types, sensors, resolution concept satellite,-Pay load description of important Indian Earth Resources and Meteorological satellites	14 Hrs
II	Geometric elements of a vertical photograph — Stereoscopicplotting instruments, Ortho photos, Flight planning	14 Hrs
III	IMAGE INTERPRETATION AND ANALYSIS	
	Fundamentals of Air-photo interpretation - Elements of image interpretation, concepts of digital image processing image Rectification and Restoration, Image enhancement, Image classification, Application of Remote sensing in Civil Engineering	14 Hrs
IV	FUNDAMENTALS OF GIS	
	Basic Concepts of GIS — Basic spatial concepts — Coordinate Systems: Definitions - History of development of GIS - Components of GIS: Hardware, Software, Data, People and Methods — Proprietary and open source Software - Types of data — Spatial, Attribute data- types of attributes — scales/ levels	14 Hrs
	of measurements -Data Base Management Systems (DBMS).	
V	GIS - DATA ENTRY, STORAGE AND ANALYSIS	14 Hrs
	Data models - Vector and raster data – data compression – data input by digitization and scanning, data storage – attribute data analysis — integrated data analysis- mapping concept - development of map overlay, overlay operation - Errors and quality control. Land Information System (LIS) – Various GIS applications in Civil Engineering- Regional Planning and Site investigations, Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering, Transportation network analysis - Highway Alignments.	

Reference Book:

- Lo & Yeung (2005), Geographic Information Systems, Prentice of India.
- Anji Reddy.M. (1998), Remote Sensing and Geographical information systems.
- Lillesand, T.M. & Kiefer R.W. (1998), Remote Sensing and image interpretation, John Wiley & Sons, Newyork.
- Burrough P.A. (2000), Principle of Geographical Information Systems for land resources assessment, Clarendon Press, Oxford.
- Clarke Parks & Crane (2005), Geographic Information Systems & Environmental Modelling, Prentice-Hall of India.
- Wolf Paul (1998), Elements of Photogrammetry, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- Shahab Fazal, IIG I S Basics II, New Age International Publications, Chennai.

YEAR D SCHEME V SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY (ELECTIVE THEORY I)

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Semester : V SEMESTER

Subject Code : CED 532

Subject Title : CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

Subject	Instructions Examinatio Subject n					
,	Hours/ week	Hours/ Semeste r		Mark s		Duration
CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY	5 Hrs.	80 Hrs.	Internal Assessmen t	Board Examinatio n	Tota I	Duration
			25	75	100	3 Hrs.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

Unit	Topics	Hours
I	Concrete: Introduction, Cement, Aggregates and water	15
II	Admixtures , Mix Design for Concrete	15
III	Special Concrete, Pre-stressed Concrete	15
IV	Light Weight Concrete, Formwork	14
V	Cracks in Concrete Structure and their Prevention, Joints, Repairs and Maintenance of Concrete	14
	Test & Model Exam	7
	Total	80

RATIONALE:

Diploma students in Civil Engineering requires to know more about the concrete, which is one of the most important construction materials. This subject aims to improve the knowledge in the mix design and special types of concrete, to have the exposure of cracks in concrete structure and repairing, etc.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Materials used
- Admixtures used in concrete
- Mix design method
- Special and prestressed concrete
- Forms works
- Cracks and maintenance of concrete

DETAILED SYLLABUS

CED 532 - CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topics	Hours
I	1.1 CONCRETE Introduction of Concrete Technology and Concrete – Ingredients of Concrete.	15
	Cement: Composition of Cement – Function of Cement Ingredients – Types of Cements (Names Only) – Uses of Cement.	
	Aggregates: Fine Aggregate – Sand – Types of Sand based on the purpose of use – Types of sand based on the Grain size – Properties of good Sand. Coarse Aggregates – Functions – Properties – Requirements – Classification of Aggregates.	
	Water – Functions – Water for Curing of Concrete. Properties of Concrete – Production of Concrete – Types of Concrete and its uses – Test on Concrete (Names only).	
II	2.1 ADMIXTURES Definition – Functions of Admixtures – Classification of Admixtures: Accelerating admixtures – Retarding admixtures – Grouting admixtures – Air entraining admixtures – Pozzolanic or mineral admixtures – Air detraining admixtures – Plasticizers – Super plasicizers.	5
	2.2 Mix Design for Concrete Mix design – purpose of Mix design – object of Mix design – Factors influencing the choice of Mix design – variables in proportioning – Mix design methods – Mix design procedure I.S. Code method – Mix proportions for weigh batching and volume batching.	10

	5.2 Joints, Repairs and Maintenance of ConcreteTypes of joints – construction joints – contraction joints – expansion	8
	cracking – preventive measures.	
V	Cracks in concrete structures – assessment of cracks – types of	J
V	5.1 Cracks in Concrete Structure and their Prevention	6
	concrete in form work.	
	and treatments of forms - points to be kept in mind before placing	
	4.2 Formwork Requirements of formwork – materials used for formwork –cleaning	
	·	4
	losses in pre stress and remedial measures.	
	pre stressing – freyssinet system – Magnet blaton system – Lee-mc - call system – application of pre stressing elements – causes for	
	pre stressing – pretension method – post tension method – system of	
	stressed concrete – non bonded pre stressed concrete – methods of	
	tendon – anchorage – pre tensioning-post tensioning – bonded pre	
	Concrete – Need for High strength steel and concrete- terminology –	
	General principle of stressing – advantages of pre stressed –	
IV	3.1 Pre-stressed concrete	10
	concrete.	
	concrete - Applications of light concrete - Advantages of light weight	
	Classification of light weight concrete – Characteristics of light weight	
	3.2 Light Weight Concrete	8
	- Shot crete or guniting concrete (Applications and Advantages).	0
	Polymer concrete – Fiber reinforced concrete – Light weight concrete	

Reference Books:

- M.S.Shetty Concrete Technology (Theory and Practice) S.Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2. M L GAMBHIR Concrete Technology TATA McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi
- 3. Vineet Kumar (Edited)- Concrete Technology Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. A.R.Santhakumar, Concrete Technology, Oxford University press.
- 5. A.M.Neville, Concrete Technology, Pearson Education.

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING III YEAR D SCHEME V SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING
(ELECTIVE THEORY I)

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma In Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 533 Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : **GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING**

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination s			
Subject	Hours/	Hours /	Mark s			
	Week	Semester	Internal	Board		Duration
			Assessment	Examination	Total	
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING	5 Hrs.	80 Hrs.	25	75	100	3 Hrs.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

Unit	Topics	Hours
I	Index properties and Hydraulic Properties of Soil	15
II	Classification and Strength of Soil, Stabilization of Soil and Sub-soil Sampling	15
III	Seepage Analysis and Seepage below Hydraulic Structures, Bearing Capacity and Settlement of foundations	15
IV	Foundations and Foundations in Expansive Soil	14
V	Machine Foundation and Foundations of Transmission Line Towers	14
	Test & Model Exam	7
	Total	80

CED 533-GEO TECHNICAL ENGINEERING

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Unit	Name of the Topics	Hours
1	GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING: 1.1 Soil Mechanics and Index Properties Introduction - Development of Soil Mechanics - Fields of application of Soil	10
	Mechanics - Soil formation - Cohesive and Cohesion less soil - Soil	
	Properties -Three phase system - General, Index and Engineering	
	properties - Detailed description - Atter Berg"s limits - Simple problems -	
	Soil map of India.	
	1.2 Hydraulic Properties of Soil :	5
	Introduction - Permeability - Co-efficient of permeability - Darcy's law -	
	Factors affecting permeability - Permeability tests - Simple problems -	
	Quick sand conditions.	
II	CLASSIFICATION AND STRENGTH OF SOIL, STABILIZATION OF SOIL	
	AND SUB-SOIL SAMPLING	
	2.1 Classification and Strength of Soil	8
	Classification of soil - Introduction - Necessity - Systems of soil	
	classification - Field identification of soil - Shear strength of soil -	
	Introduction - Shear strength - Mohr"s stress circle - Mohr- Coulomb failure	
	theory - Shear strength test - Unconfined compression test - Mohr"s circle	
	for unconfined compression test - Compaction - Consolidation -	
	Consolidometer - Optimum moisture content - Proctor"s Compaction test -	
	Methods of compaction - Degree of compaction - Field density of soil -	
	Tests - Compaction and Consolidation - Comparison.	7
	2.2 Stabilization of Soil and Sub-Soil Sampling :	
	Stabilization of soil - Introduction - Objects of stabilization - Methods of	
	stabilization - Soil exploration - Introduction - Objects of soil exploration -	
	Methods of soil exploration - Direct , Semi-direct and Indirect methods -	
	Spacing and depth of test borings - Boring log - Sounding and Penetration	
	tests-Standard Penetration Test (SPT)- Geophysical methods - Sub-soil	
	Sampling - Disturbed and Undisturbed samples - Types of samplers - Split	
	spoon sampler - Thin-walled sampler - Chunk sampling.	

Ш SEEPAGE ANALYSIS AND SEEPAGE BELOW **HYDRAULIC** CAPACITY AND STRUCTURES, BEARING SETTLEMENT OF **FOUNDATIONS**

7

3.1 Seepage Analysis and Seepage Below Hydraulic Structures:

Seepage analysis - Introduction - Head, Gradient and Potential - Hydraulic gradient - Seepage pressure - Upward flow (Quick condition or Quick sand) - Types of flow lines - Types of flow (Definition only) - Two dimensional flow (Laplace equation) - Velocity potential -Properties of flow net - Uses of flow net - Seepage below Hydraulic structures - Introduction -Hydraulic gradient - Piping - Exit gradient - Khosla"s theory - Seepage flow nets below hydraulic structures.

8

3.2 Bearing Capacity and Settlement of Foundations:

Bearing capacity - Introduction - Terminology - Factors affecting bearing capacity of soils - Methods of determining bearing capacity - Types of failure in soil - General , Local and Punching shear failure - Analytical methods - Rankine"s analysis - Terzaghi"s analysis - Assumption and limitations - Effect of water table - Methods of improving bearing capacity of soil -Bearing capacity of different soil as per IS Settlement of foundation -Introduction - Causes and Effect of settlement - settlement values as per BIS provisions Plate load test - Simple problems.

IV FOUNDATIONS AND FOUNDATIONS IN EXPANSIVE SOIL

4. 1 Foundations:

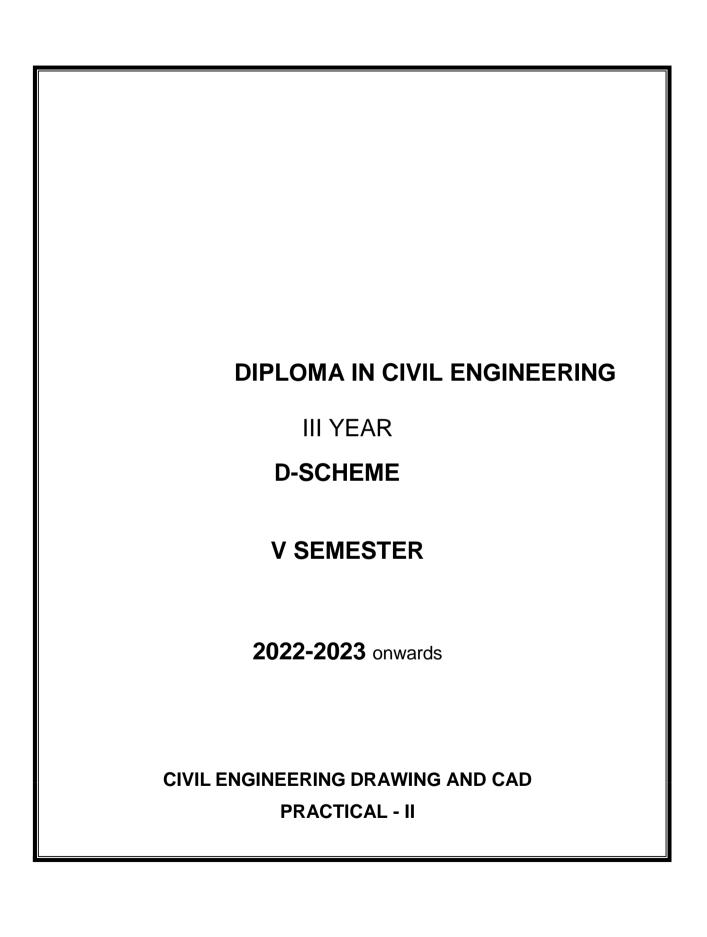
8

Introduction - Definitions - Objectives - Requirements of foundation -Criteria for selection of type of foundation - Types of foundations - Shallow foundation types-isolated, combined ,raft Deep foundations - Types -Foundation at different levels - Foundation on made up grounds - Deep foundation - Introduction - Pile foundation - Uses of piles - Types of piles -Caisson foundation - Types - Selection of piles - Pile Driving - Capacity of piles - Pile load test - Floating foundation - Negative skin friction - Pile groups - Bearing capacity of pile groups - BIS provision for Settlement of pile group – Design of foundation using software (Description only)

	4.2 Foundations In Expansive Soil :	6
	Introduction - Identification of expansive soil - Free Swell Test - Differential	
	free swell test - Indian expansive soil - Swell potential and Swelling	
	pressure - Traditional Indian practice - Methods of foundation in expansive	
	soils - Replacement of soils and "CNS" concept - Under reamed pile	
	foundation - Remedial measures for cracked buildings.	
V	MACHINE FOUNDATION AND TOWER FOUNDATIONS	
	(TRANSMISSION LINE)	
	5.1 Machine Foundation :	9
	Introduction - Soil dynamics - Free vibration and Forced vibration -	
	Definitions -Natural frequency - Barkan"s method Pauw"s method - Types of	
	machines and machine foundation - General requirements - Design of	
	machine foundations - Reciprocating type - Centrifugal type - Impact type -	
	design steps- Couzen theory - In-situ dynamic investigation of soil -	
	Methods - IS code of practice - Design criteria - Isolation of foundation -	
	Simple problems.	
	5.2 Foundations of Transmission Line Towers	5
	Introduction - Necessity - Forces on Tower Foundations - General design	
	criteria - Choice and type of foundations - Design procedures - Stability	
	conditions – Description only	
	Test & Model Exam	7 Hrs.

Reference Books:

- Dr.Punmia.B.C.- Soil Mechanics and Foundations S Laxmi publications(P)Ltd., New Delhi, 2005
- Dr.K.R.Arora, Soil Mechanics and Foundations Engineering, Standard publications, New Delhi, 2011/6th
- 3. Gopal Ranjan &Rao Basic and applied Soil Mechanics, New Age International, New Delhi, 2000/2nd
- 4. Terzaghi, Soil Mechanics in Engineering Practice, John Wiley and Sons, New Delhi
- 5. WAYNE C.TENG, Foundation Design, Prentice Hall of India (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
- 6. Dr S B SEHGAL, A Text Book of Soil Mechanics, CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi,
- 7. S. Kaur and R.Singh, Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering S.K. Ka



DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 540

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : CIVIL ENGINEERING DRAWING AND CAD

PRACTICAL - II

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject	Hours/ Week	Hours/ Semester	Marks			Duration
CIVIL			Internal	Board	Total	
ENGINEERING	6Hrs.	96Hrs.	Assessment	Examination	1 0 10.1	
DRAWING AND			25	75	100	3 Hrs.
CAD			20	70	100	01113.
PRACTICAL - II						

RATIONALE:

Computers play a very vital role in present day life, more so, in all the professional life of engineering. In order to enable the students to use the computers effectively in drafting, this course offers Computer Aided Drafting of various drawings in Public Health Engineering, Bridge Engineering and Structural Engineering.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Prepare Public Health Engineering drawings manually
- Know about RCC and Steel bridge structures and draw manually
- Draw the Structural Engineering drawings using CAD

DETAILED SYLLABUS

CED 540 - CIVIL ENGINEERING DRAWING AND CAD PRACTICAL- II

Contents: Practical Total: 96 Hrs.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

PREPARATION OF DRAWINGS MANUALLY (Part I and II) AND USING CAD SOFTWARE (Part III)

I PUBLIC HEALTH ENGINEERING

24 Hours

Draw plan and sectional views of the following:

- 1. Rapid Sand Filter
- 2. Septic Tank with dispersion Trench / Soak pit
- 3. R.C.C square overhead tank supported by four columns

II BRIDGE DRAWING

14 Hours

Draw plan and sectional views of the following:

- 4. Steel Foot over bridge across a highway
- 5. Two span Tee Beam Bridge with square returns

III STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING

58 Hours

Draw plan, cross section and longitudinal section using CAD

- 6. Continuous one-way slab (with three equal spans)
- 7. Simply supported two-way slab
- 8. Restrained two-way slab
- 9. Singly reinforced rectangular beam
- 10. Doubly reinforced Continuous beam (Rectangular beam with two spans)
- 11. Tee Beams supporting continuous slab
- 12. Lintel and Sunshade
- 13. Dog-legged staircase
- 14. R.C.C. Column with square isolated footings

4010540 - CIVIL ENGINEERING DRAWING AND CAD PRACTICAL - II DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Plan/Elevation	-	40 marks
Cross section/ longitudinal section	-	30 marks
Viva-Voce	-	5 marks
Record works	-	25 marks
Total	-	100 marks

Note:

- 1. For all the drawings, detailed specifications shall be given. Designs are not to be included in the examinations. The drawings must include Layout plans, full plan, sections, etc., as applicable to each topic.
- For all the drawings, detailed specifications shall be given and students should draw in the drawing sheet based on the given specifications. The drawings to be drawn using computer and CAD Software.

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS (for a batch of 30 students):

S.No.	List of the Equipments	Quantity Required
1.	Drawing table with Board	30 Nos.
2.	Computers	30 Nos.
3.	Laser printer	3 Nos.
4.	CAD software	30 Users

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING III YEAR D-SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023

onwards)

Course Name : Diploma In Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 550

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : ENVIRONMETAL ENGINEERING

LABORATORY

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

Subject	Instructions			Examinatio n		
	Hours / Week	Hours/ Semeste r	Mark s Du		Duration	
ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING	3 Hrs.	48 Hrs.	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Tota I	
LABORATORY			25	75	100	3 Hrs.

RATIONALE:

Diploma holders in Civil Engineering are expected to supervise construction of water supply and waste water treatment works. They are also responsible for waste disposal activities. This subject aims at imparting practical skills for testing of raw water, waste water and to study pollution control equipments to develop competencies for execution in their field.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Determine the quality of water, testing procedures and standards for drinking water.
- Understand the Cutting, threading and joining of G.I.Pipes / cutting and pasting of PVC pipes using solvents.
- Make suction and delivery pipe connections to a centrifugal pump (making indents, drawing a neat sketch of the connection with details).
- Analyse the properties of water/waste water

DETAILED SYLLABUS

CED 550- ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY

Contents: Practical Total: 48 Hrs.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

PART A

24 Hours

- Collection of water samples from sources and "Estimation of Sulphate content" in water sample.
- 2. Determination of pH value by Electrometric method using pH meter/ Calorimetric method and comparison by paper method.
- 3. Determine the optimum dose of coagulant in a given raw water sample by jar test.
- 4. Determine the dissolved oxygen in the given sample of water .
- 5. Determination of suspended solids and dissolved solids present in the given sample of water / waste water.
- 6. Determination of "Temporary and permanent Hardness" present in the given sample of water by EDTA titration method.
- 7. Estimation of chlorides in the given sample of water by silver Nitrate titration method.
- 8. Determination of Total solids present in the given sample of water.
- 9. Determination of Turbidity of water by "Jackson candle turbidity meter."
- 10. Determination of settleable solids present in the given sample of water/ waste water by "Imhoff cone."
- 11. Determination of Organic and inorganic matters present in the given sample of water

PART B 24 Hours

- 1. Study of pipe fitting used in water supply (with actual models displayed on board).
- 2. Study of sanitary wares (with actual models displayed on board).
- 3. Cutting, threading and joining of G.I.Pipes / cutting and pasting of PVC pipes using solvents.
- 4. Making a bathroom connection from an existing water supply main (making indents, drawing a neat sketch of the connection with details).
- 5. Making suction and delivery pipe connections to a centrifugal pump (making indents, drawing a neat sketch of the connection with details).
- 6. Study of air pollution control equipments (Gravity settling chamber, Cyclone filter with models/devices).
- 7. Prepare a report of a field visit to sewage treatment plant.
- 8. Prepare a report of a field visit to water treatment plant.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

In the examination the students have to be given two experiments one from Part A and another from Part-B._

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

		Part - A	Part - B	
S.No	Descriptio n	Max. Marks(40)	Max.Marks(30)	
1	Procedure	5	5	
2	Tabulation and Observation	15	10	
3	Calculations	10	5	
4	Sketch / Graph	5	5	
5	Accuracy of result	5	5	
	Viva Voce	5		
	Tota	75		

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS (for a batch of 30 students):

S. No	Name of the equipment	Numbers required
1.	pH meter	2 nos
2.	Spectrophotometer	1 no.
3.	Magnetic stirrer	1 no.
4.	Magnetic stirring device	1 set
5.	Turbidimeter	1 no.
6.	Dissolved oxygen meter	1 no.
7.	Drying oven	1 no.
8.	Analytical balance	1 no
9.	Dessicator	1 no.
10.	Dish tongs	1 no.
11.	Evaporating dish	1 no.
12.	Filter membrane	1 no.
13.	Vacuum pump	1 no.
14.	Crucible	1 no.
15.	Whattman filter paper	Required no.
16.	Wash bottle	2 nos.
17.	Pipette, Burette, Funnel, Conical flask, Beaker, Bunsen burner, Stand, Wire gauge, Filter paper	As required
18.	Jackson Candle Turbidity Meter	1 no.
19.	Imhoff Cone	1 no.

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

III YEAR

D-SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

ADVANCED SURVEYING AND BASIC GIS PRACTICAL

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Subject Code : CED-561

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : ADVANCED SURVEYING AND BASIC GIS PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

Cookings	Instru	uctions	Examination			
Subject	Hours/ Week	Hours/ Semester	Marks			Duration
ADVANCED SURVEYING AND	3 Hrs.	48 Hrs.	Internal Assessment	Board Examinations	Total	Daration
BASIC GIS PRACTICAL	51115.		25	75	100	3 Hrs.

RATIONALE:

This is an applied subject in Civil Engineering for learning Advanced Surveying and Basic GIS Practical. Diploma holders in Civil Engineering are expected to survey the construction features and this course aims to teach about Surveing using Remote Sensing and GIS applications.

OBJECTIVES:

On the Completion of the course the students will be able to:

Acquire practical knowledge in the use of Arc GIS and Arc Map.

CED 561- ADVANCED SURVEYING AND BASIC GIS PRACTICAL

Contents: Practical Total: 48 Hrs.

	Remote Sensing Exercises:	
1.	Introduction to Remote Sensing and GIS and creating a map using tools.	6
2.	Introduction to ARC GIS Desktop.	6
3.	Geo referencing an image using ARC GIS.	6
4.	Creating and editing Shape files in ARC MAP.	6
5.	Editing in ARC MAP.	6
6.	Adding fields to a Shape file.	6
7.	Querying the data.	4
8.	Buffering and Clipping.	4
9.	Case study of creation of campus map using Arc GIS software	4

Reference Books:

- Lillesand T.M., and Kiefer,R.W. Remote Sensing and Image interpretation, VI edition of John Wiley & Sons-2015.
- 2. John R. Jensen, Introductory Digital Image Processing: A Remote Sensing Perspective,4th Edition, 2015.
- 3. Paul R.Wolf, Elements of Photogrammetry, McGraw-Hill Science, 2013,ISBN0070713464, 9780070713468
- 4. Karl Kraus, Photogrammetry, Fundamentals and standard processes, Dümmler, 2000,ISBN 978 3 110190076
- 5. Mikhail Kasser and Yves Egels, "Digital Photogrammetry", Taylor and Francis, 2003, ISBN 748 40944 0
- 6. Francis h. Moffitt, Edward M. Mikhail, Photogrammetry, TBS The Book Service Ltd, 1980,ISBN 13: 9780700221370
- 7. Edward M.Mikhail, James S.Bethel, J.Chris McGlone, Introduction on "ModernPhotogrammetry", John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2012, ISBN 0-471-30924-9
- 8. Wilfried Linder, "Digital Photogrammetry"-Theory and Applications, Springer-Verlag BerlinHeidelberg New York, 3rd Edition, 2014, ISBN 3-540-00810-1
- 9. Digital Photogrammetry A practical course by Wilfried Linder, 3rd edition, Springer, 2009.

CED 561- ADVANCED SURVEYING AND BASIC GIS PRACTICAL SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS

S.No	Description	Max.Marks (75 marks)
1.	Procedure	15
2.	Tabulation and Observation	20
3.	Calculations	15
4.	Sketch / Graph	10
5.	Accuracy of result	10
	Viva Voce	5
	Total	75

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS (for a batch of 30 students):

S. no	Name of the equipment	Numbers required
1.	Arc GIS software	No of users as per requirement
2.	Arc Map Software	No of users as per requirement

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

III YEAR

D-SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED-562

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject	Hours/ Week	Hours/ Semester	Marks			
CONCRETE	3 Hrs.	48 Hrs.	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Duration
PRACTICAL			25	75	100	3 Hrs.

RATIONALE:

Diploma holders in Civil Engineering are supposed to supervise the construction of buildings. To perform the above task, it is essential that students should have knowledge of various sub components of buildings like foundations, walls, roofs, stair cases, floors etc., and their constructional details. Therefore, the subject of concrete technology practical is very important for Civil Engineering diploma holders.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Find the fineness setting time of cement.
- Know the shape tests and fineness for modulus coarse aggregate.
- Determine the bulking characteristics of sand.
- Determine the workability of concrete using slumpcone, compaction factor and Vee Bee consistometer tests.
- Know the arrangement of steel reinforcement for concrete elements
- Study the workability properties of self compacting concrete.

CED 562 - CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL

Contents: Practical Total: 48 Hrs.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

PART A 20 Hours

- 1. Determination of the fineness of cement by Blains Permeability Apparatus or by sieve analysis.
- 2. Determination of Initial setting time of cement by using Vicat's Apparatus.
- 3. Determination of final setting time of cement by using Vicat's Apparatus.
- 4. Shape Test for coarse aggregate Flakiness Index test.
- 5. Shape Test for coarse aggregate Elongation Index test.
- 6. Shape Test for coarse aggregate Angularity number test.
- 7. Determine the building characteristics of given sand sample.

PART B 28 Hours

- 8. Determination of workability of concrete by slump cone test.
- 9. Determination of workability of concrete by compaction factor test.
- 10. Casting of concrete cube and compression test on concrete cube.
- 11. Determination of Fineness Modulus of fine aggregate sample and plot a particle size distribution curve and also find the effective size and uniformity co-efficient.
- 12. Determination of Fineness Modulus of coarse aggregate sample by conducting sieve analysis.
- 13. Vee- Bee Consistometer Test on concrete test.
- 14. Study of workability of self compacting concrete.

CED 562 - CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION: DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS

S.No	Description	PART A (40MARKS)	PART B 35 MARKS)
1.	Procedure	5	10
2.	Tabulation and Observation	15	25
3.	Calculations	5	15
4.	Sketch / Graph	5	5
5.	Accuracy of result	5	5
	Viva Voce		5
	Total		100

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS (for a batch of 30 students):

S.No	List of the Equipments	Quantity Required
1.	Slump cone apparatus	2 no.
2.	Compaction factor apparatus	1 no.
3.	Concrete cube mould 150*150*150 3sets	3 sets(9 no)
4.	Concrete cube mould 100*100*100 3sets	3 sets (9 no)
5.	Sieve test for fine aggregate made of brace 200mm dia complete set.	2 sets
6.	Sieve test for coarse aggregate made of brass 200mm dia complete set	2 sets
7.	Concrete mixing tray	2 no.
8.	Vee Bee Consistometer	1 no.
9	Weigh balance-digital up to 10kg capacity with 1gm accuracy battery backup with 8 hours	1no.
10.	Apparatus to find Flakiness index, Elongation index and Angularity number for Coarse Aggregate	1 no. each
11	Blaine Permeability apparatus	1 no.
12	Sieve No 9	2 nos.
13	Vicats apparatus	2 sets

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING III YEAR D-SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Subject Code : CED 563

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instru	ictions	Examinations				
Subject Hours /		Hours / Mark					
	Week	Semester	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Duration	
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY	3 Hrs.	48 Hrs.	25	75	100	3 Hrs.	

RATIONALE:

This subject is introduced to know the practical important of Geotechnical Engineering, the students studying this course will gain the knowledge in practical aspects which is directly linked to the construction of structures on different soil.

OBJECTIVES:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Understand and determine physical and index properties of soil.
- Estimate the permeability and shear strength of soil.
- Compute optimum moisture content values for maximum dry density of soil through various tests.
- Know the procedure for performing CBR test.
- Learn various compaction methods for soil stabilization.
- Study the SPT at construction site.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

CED 563 - GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY

Contents: Practical Total: 48 Hrs.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Identification of rocks from the given specimen.
- Determine water content of given soil sample by oven drying method as per IS: 2720 (Part-II).
- 3. Determine Shrinkage limit of given soil sample as per IS 2720 (Part- V).
- 4. Determine grain size distribution of given soil sample by mechanical sieve analysis as per IS 2720 (Part- IV).
- 5. Use different types of soil to identify and classify soil by conducting field tests-Through Visual inspection, Dry strength test, Dilatancy test and Toughness test.
- 6. Determine coefficient of permeability by constant head test as per IS 2720 (Part- XVII).
- 7. Determine coefficient of permeability by falling head test as per IS 2720 (Part- XVII).
- 8. Determine shear strength of soil by triaxial shear test as per IS 2720 (Part- XIII).
- 9. Determine shear strength of soil by vane shear test as per IS 2720 (Part-XXX).
- 10. Determine the consolidation properties of given soil sample.
- 11. Find the unconfined compressive strength of given clay sample.
- 12. Study of CBR value on the field as per IS2720 (Part XVI).
- 13. Study on Standard Penetration Test to find SBC of soil.

CED 563 - GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS

S.No	Description	Max. Marks (100)
1.	Procedure	15
2.	Tabulation and Observation	20
3.	Calculations	15
4.	Sketch / Graph	10
5.	Accuracy of result	10
	Viva Voce	5
	Total	75

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS (for a batch of 30 students):

S.No	Description	Number required
1.	Glass cup, oven, Desiccator, Weighing balance and other accessories	1 set
2.	Hot air oven	1 no.
3.	Shear testing machine	1 no.
4.	Triaxial testing machine	1 no.
5.	Permeameter mould, compacting equipment. Drainage bade, cap, graduated glass jar, stop watch	1 set
6.	Vane shear test apparatus	1 no.
7.	Unconfined compressive strength apparatus	1 no.

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING III YEAR D-SCHEME V SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND STARTUPS

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Subject Code : CED 570

Semester : V

Subject Title : **ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND STARTUPS**

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of Weeks per Semester: 16 Weeks

	Instruction		Examination			
Subject	Hours/ Hours/		Marks			
		Semester	Internal Assessment	Board Examinations	Total	Duration
ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND STARTUPS	4 Hrs.	64 Hrs.	25	75	100	3 Hours

Topics and Allocation of Hours

Unit	Topics	Hours
I	Entrepreneurship – Introduction and Process	10
II	Business Idea and Banking	10
III	Startups, E-cell and Success Stories	10
IV	Human Resource Management, Industrial Legislation and Micro and Small Enterprises	10
V	Preparation of Project Reports	10
	Field visits and preparation of case study report	14
	Total	64

RATIONALE:

Development of a diploma curriculum is a dynamic process responsive to the society and reflecting the needs and aspiration of its learners. Fast changing society deserves changes in educational curriculum particularly to establish relevance to emerging socio-economic environments; to ensure equity of opportunity and participation and finally promoting concern for excellence. In this context the course on entrepreneurship and start ups aims at instilling and stimulating human urge for excellence by realizing individual potential for generating and putting to use the inputs, relevant to social prosperity and thereby ensure good means of living for every individual, provides jobs and develop Indian economy.

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- Excite the students about entrepreneurship
- Acquire Entrepreneurial spirit and resourcefulness
- Understand the concept and process of entrepreneurship
- Acquire entrepreneurial quality, competency and motivation
- Learn the process and skills of creation and management of entrepreneurial venture
- Familiarize with various uses of human resource for earning dignified means of living
- Know its contribution in and role in the growth and development of individual and the nation
- Understand the formation of E-cell
- Survey and analyze the market to understand customer needs
- Understand the importance of generation of ideas and product selection
- Learn the preparation of project feasibility report
- Understand the importance of sales and turnover
- Familiarization of various financial and non financial schemes
- Aware the concept of incubation and starts ups

CED 570- ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND STARTUPS

Contents: Practical

Unit	Name of the Topics	Hours				
ı	ENTREPRENEURSHIP - INTRODUCTION AND PROCESS	10				
	Concept, Functions and Importance					
	Myths about ntrepreneurship					
	Pros and Cons of Entrepreneurship					
	Process of Entrepreneurship					
	Benefits of Entrepreneur					
	Competencies and Characteristics					
	Ethical Entrepreneurship					
	Entrepreneurial Values and Attitudes					
	Motivation					
	Creativity					
	Innovation					
	Entrepreneurs - as problem solvers					
	Mindset of an employee and an entrepreneur					
	Business Failure – causes and remedies					
	Role of Networking in entrepreneurship					
II	BUSINESS IDEA AND BANKING	10				
	Types of Business: Manufacturing, Trading and Services					
	Stakeholders: sellers, vendors and consumers and					
	Competitors					
	E- commerce Business Models					
	Types of Resources : Human, Capital and Entrepreneurial					
	tools					
	Goals of Business; Goal Setting					
	Patent, copyright and Intellectual property rights					
	Negotiations - Importance and methods					
	Customer Relations and Vendor Management					

	Size and Capital based classification of business enterprises	
	Role of financial institutions	
	Role of Government Policy	
	Entrepreneurial support systems	
	Incentive schemes for state government	
	 Incentive schemes for Central governments 	
III	STARTUPS, E-cell and SUCCESS STORIES	10
	Concept of Incubation centre's	
	Activities of DIC, financial institutions and other relevance	
	institutions	
	 Success stories of Indian and global business legends 	
	Field Visit to MSME"s	
	Various sources of Information	
	Learn to earn	
	Startup and its stages	
	Role of Technology – E-commerce and Social Media	
	Role of E-Cell	
	E-Cell to Entrepreneurship	
IV	4.1 HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	4
	Meaning of Manpower Planning	
	Recruitment and Selection procedure	
	 Payment of wages, factors determining the wage 	
	Methods of payment of wages – Time rate and Piece rate	
	Labour Turnover – definition, its causes, impact and remedy	
	THE BOCW ACT— The Building and Other Construction	
	Workers (Regulation of Employment and Condition of	
	Services) Act, 1996. The Building and Other Construction	
	Workers (Regulation of Employment and Condition of	
	Services) Central Rules, 1998	

	4.2 INDUSTRIAL LEGISLATION:	3
	Need of Industrial legislation	
	• Indian Factories Act - 1948 - Definition of Factory, main	
	provisions regarding health, Safety and Welfare of Workers	
	 Industrial Dispute Act – 1947 – Definition of Industrial 	
	dispute, Machineries for settlement of Industrial dispute in India	
	4.3 MICRO AND SMALL ENTERPRISES	2
	Definition of Micro & Small enterprises	3
	Meaning and characteristics of Micro and Small enterprise	
	Scope of SSI with reference to self-employment	
	 Procedure to start SSI – idea generation, SWOT analysis- 	
	Selection of site for factories	
V	PREPARATION OF PROJECT REPORTS FOR:	
	5.1 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION AND FORMULATION REPORT:	2
	Introduction - Collection of Data.	
	Compilation of Data.	
	 Analysis and Assimilation of Data. 	
	Product Selection	
	Report Finalization and Report Writing.	
	5.2 PROJECT PROFILE/PRE-FEASIBILITY REPORT :	5
	Introduction of the product	
	Market.	
	Man Power (Personnel Required).	
	Manufacturing Process- Plant and Machinery.	
	Means of Finance	
	Cost of Production	
	Annual Turnover	
	Profit - Profit on Investment	

5.3 TECHNO-ECONOMICAL FEASIBILITY REPORT (TEFR).

- Introduction on product
- Market Prospects and Marketing
- Location
- Manufacturing Programme and Annual Turnover
- Manufacturing Process
- Cost of Project
- Means of Finance
- Requirement of Raw materials, Consumables, Utilities and Working Capital
- Organizational Structure, Management and Man Power
- Project Implementation Schedule
- Profitability and Cash Flow.

5.4 MARKET SURVEY REPORT FOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECT:

- Data Collection & Processing through Primary & Secondary Sources
- Questionnaire method, e-mail, by post, by phone -
- Present Status Growth of the Industry- Import and Export -Present market Demand
- Forecast Future Prospect/Scope Market Segmentation.

Reference Books:

- Dr. G.K. Varshney, Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship, Sahitya Bhawan Publications, Agra - 282002
- Dr. G.K. Varshney, Business Regulatory Framework, Sahitya Bhawan Publications,
 Agra 282002
- 3. Robert D. Hisrich, Michael P. Peters, Dean A. Shepherd, Entrepreneurship, McGraw Hill (India) Private Limited, Noida 201301
- 4. M.Scarborough, R.Cornwell, Essentials of Entrepreneurship and small business management, Pearson Education India, Noida 201301
- 5. Charantimath Poornima M. Entrepreneurship Development and Small Business Enterprises, Pearson Education, Noida 201301

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- 6. Trott, Innovation Management and New Product Development, Pearson Education, Noida 201301
- 7. M N Arora, A Textbook of Cost and Management Accounting, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi-110044
- 8. Prasanna Chandra, Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited, New Delhi
- 9. V. Trivedi, Renu Jatana, Indian Banking System, RBSA Publishers, Rajasthan
- 10. Simon Daniel, HOW TO START A BUSINESS IN INDIA, BUUKS, Chennai 600018
- 11. Ramani Sarada, The Business Plan Write-Up Simplified A practitioners guide to writing the Business Plan, Notion Press Media Pvt. Ltd., Chennai 600095.

Board Examination – Evaluation Pattern Internal Mark Allocation

Total	-	25
Attendance	-	5
Seminar Presentation	-	10
Assignment (Theory portion)*	-	10

Note:

* Two assignments should be submitted. The same must be evaluated and Converted to 10 marks.

Each assignment should have five three marks questions and two five marks questions.

Guidelines for assignment:

First assignment – Unit I
Second assignment – Unit II
Guidelines for Seminar Presentation – Unit III

BOARD EXAMINATION

Note:

- 1. The students should be taught all units and proper exposure and field visit also arranged. All the portions should be completed before examinations.
- 2. The students should maintain theory assignment and seminar presentation. The assignment and seminar presentation should be submitted during the Board Practical Examinations.

- 3. The question paper consists of theory and practical portions. All students should write the answers for theory questions (45 Marks) and practical portions (55 Marks) should be completed for board examinations.
- 4. All exercises should be given in the question paper and students are allowed to select by lot. If required the dimensions of the exercises may be varied for every batch. No fixed time allotted for each portion and students have liberty to do the examination for 3 Hrs.
- For Written Examination: theory question and answer: 45 Marks
 Ten questions will be asked for 3 marks each. Five questions from each unit 1 & 2.
 (10 X 3 = 30).

Three questions will be asked for 5 marks each. One question from each unit 1, 2 & 3. (3 X 5 = 15)

6. For Practical Examination: The business plan/Feasibility report or Report on Unit 4 & 5 should be submitted during the board practical examinations. The same have to be evaluated for the report submission (40 marks).

DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS

S. No	Description	Marks
Part A	Written Examination - Theory Question and answer (10 questions x 3 marks:30 marks & (3 questions x 5 marks: 15 marks)	40
Part B	Practical Examination – Submission on Business Plan/Feasibility Report or Report on Unit 4 & 5	30
Part C	Viva voce	5
	TOTAL	75



DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

III YEAR

D SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT WITH MIS

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED610

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT WITH MIS

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No of weeks per semester: 16weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours /Week	Hours /Semester	Marks		Duration	
CONSTRUCTION	6 Hrs	96 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
MANAGEMENT WITH MIS			25	75	100	3 Hrs

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS:

SI. No.	TOPIC	Time (Hrs)
	CONSTRUCTION SECTOR IN INDIA	
1	FEASIBILITY STUDY	20
ı	PLANNING OF CIVIL ENGINEERING PROJECT	20
	CONTRACT MANAGEMENT	
	CONSTRUCTION ORGANISATION AND THEIR	
2	SUPERINTENDENCE	17
	DEPARTMENTAL PROCEDURE AND ACCOUNTING	
3	SCHEDULING AND TIME MANAGEMENT	18
<u> </u>	RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	10
	QUALITY MANAGEMENT AND SAFETY	
4	CONSTRUCTION DISPUTES AND THEIR SETTLEMENT	17
_	CONSTRUCTION LABOUR AND LEGISLATION	17
	ETHICS IN ENGINEERING	
	ENTREPRENEURSHIP	
5	INFORMATION MANAGEMENT AND COMPUTERS	17
	FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT	
6	TEST AND REVISION	7
	Total	96

RATIONALE:

This is an applied engineering subject. The subject aims at imparting basic knowledge about construction planning and management, site organisation, construction labour, control of work progress, inspection and quality control, accidents and safety and heavy construction equipment.

A good percentage of diploma engineers start working as small contractors. They require the knowledge of contractor ship, tendering and preparation of specifications for various types of jobs. Also diploma holders adopt values as their profession. To promote entrepreneurship amongst these engineers, knowledge and associated skills in above field becomes essential. Hence this subject is of great importance to diploma engineers.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Describe the Role of government and construction agencies in the field of housing
- Describe the organization set up of PWD
- Mention the construction activity and fixing the construction agency.
- Describe the aspects of inspection and quality control methods
- Describe the banking system.
- Carryout the Feasibility study of a project
- Understands the process of Planning for civil engineering projects.
- Explain the significance of CPM and PERT Techniques.
- Understand the types of contract system
- Study the organization chart of a construction company.
- Understands the concepts and requirement of Entrepreneurship
- Perform the Computation of Net present value.

CED610 CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT WITH MIS DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
I	1.1 CONSTRUCTION SECTOR IN INDIA Construction Management — Definition- Need — Scope - Objectives and & functions - Role of government and private construction agencies — Types of construction sectors - Public and Private functions of construction management in national development - Construction practice:- the owner, consultant, and contractor - Duties and responsibilities - Various stagesof a construction project.	20 Hrs
	1.2 FEASIBILITY STUDY Study of necessity of project— Technical feasibility, Financial feasibility, Ecological feasibility, Resource feasibility, Recovery from the project, Economical Analysis—Building Economics—Preliminary studies-Analysis—valuation.	
	1.3 PLANNING OF CIVIL ENGINEERING PROJECT Objectives of planning – Public Project - Preliminary planning –Design factors – Site utilization- – Reconnaissance survey –Preliminary survey – Analysis and plotting of data – Estimate :preliminary and detailed estimate – Project report — Landacquisition – Administrative approval – Technical sanction –Budget provision- Private project – Advantages of planning to client and engineer – limitations -Stages of planning by ownerand contractor.	
	1.4 CONTRACT MANAGEMENT Types of contracts - Contract documents - Contractual obligations - Specifications - Tender notice — Types - Tender documents - Earnest money deposit (EMD) and Security deposits (SD) - Scrutiny and acceptance of a tender - Contractagreement — Contractual changes and termination of contract — Work order — Execution of agreement — Sub contract - Rights and duties of sub-contractor.	

| 2.1 CONSTRUCTION ORGANISATIONS AND THEIR

17 Hrs

SUPERINTENDENCE

Forms of business organizations - sole proprietorship — Partnership - Joint stock company,- Co-operative society,- and State enterprises- Advantages and Disadvantages -delegation of responsibility, personnel requirements and division of works — Decentralization - Construction supervision and Superintendence — Requirements and Responsibilities of Executives of the project — Qualities of Efficient construction Manager - Pay rolls and Records - Purchase and delivery of construction materials and equipments — Percentage completion report - Insurance record - Project office requirement - Organisation chart of a small / medium / large construction company (broad outline only).

2.2 DEPARTMENTAL PROCEDURE AND ACCOUNTING

Organisation of P.W.D. - Responsibilities of officers - Accounting procedure (administrative sanctions, technical sanctions, payment of bills) – Imprest and Temporary accounts – Cashbook - Works register - Accounting for consumable materials -Record for tools and plants – Importance of M-book and itsentries – Work charged establishment – Nominal muster roll(N.M.R) – Daily labour reports (D.L.R)

III 3.1 SCHEDULING AND TIME MANAGEMENT

18 Hrs

Scheduling – Definition – Preparation of Schedule – uses and advantages — Classification of Schedules — Methods of scheduling — Bar chart — Job layout — Work breakdown chart(WBC) - Network for projects management - Activity - Event - Dummies - Basic assumptions in creating a network - Rules for developing networks - Fulckerson's rule for numbering the events - Critical Path Method Critical Critical and Subcritical paths and Non activities/events - - Significance of critical path - Simple Problems -PERT - Time estimate - EST, EFT, LST, LFT -Earliest expected time - Latest allowable occurrence time -Floats - Slack. Standard deviation - Variance - Simple problems.

3.2 RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Definition — Need for resource management — Optimum utilization of resources- finance, materials, machinery, human resources - Resource planning — Resource levelling and its objectives — Construction planning — Stages — Operations — Schedule —Crashing — Need for crashing an activity — Methods and tips for crashing — Time Vs Cost optimization curve — Cost slope and its significance in crashing — simple problem on resource levelling (not for examination)

IV

4.1 QUALITY MANAGEMENT AND SAFETY

17 Hrs

Importance of quality — Elements of quality — Quality assurance techniques (inspection, testing, sampling) Importance of safety — Causes of accidents — Role of various parties (designer / employer / worker) in safety management

- Benefits - Approaches to improve safety in construction.

4.2 CONSTRUCTION DISPUTES AND THEIR SETTLEMENT

Introduction – Development of disputes – Categories of disputes

Modes of settlements - Arbitration

4.3 CONSTRUCTION LABOUR AND LEGISTATION

Need for legislation - Payment of wages Act - Factories Act — Contract labour(Regulation and abolition) Act — Employees Provident Fund (EPF) Act.

4.4 ETHICS IN ENGINEERING

Human values - Definition of Ethics - Engineering ethics - Engineering as a profession - Qualities of professional - Professional institutions - Code of ethics - Major ethical issues - Ethical judgement - Engineering and management decision - Value based ethics.

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5.1 ENTREPRENEURSHIP

17 Hrs

Definition — Role and Significance — Risks and Rewards — Concepts of Entrepreneurship – Profile and requirement of entrepreneur - Programmes existing in India — SISI, DIC, TANSIDCO — Funding and technical assistance to Entrepreneurship- NIDCO,ICICI,IDBI,IFCI,SFC

5.2 INFORMATION MANAGEMENT AND COMPUTERS

Introduction — Definition of MIS — Out lines of MIS — Use ofcomputers in construction industry — Requirements of MIS — Adata base approach — Definition —Benefits - A data baseapproach to contractor's account and its advantage — Basicconcepts of estimation — Project management and operations simulation packages — Construction automation and Robotics.

5.3 FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Elements of cash flow – Time value of money – Interest rate of capital — Present value computation - NPV method — IRR method – simple problems - Global banking culture - Types of banks –Activities of Banks – Corporate finance – Personal, retailand rural banking – Treasury management.

REVISION AND TEST

7 Hrs

Reference Book:

- 1. Sanga Reddy. S, —Construction Managementll, Kumaran Publications, Coimbatore.
- 2. Sengupta.B, &H.Guha. —Construction Management and Planning II, TataMcGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi
- Seetharaman. S, Il Construction Engineering & Management
 —,UmeshPublications, NaiSarak, New Delhi
- 4. Boyd.C. & Paulson Jr, —Computer Applications in Construction II, Tata McGrawHill Publishing company Ltd., New Delhi.
- 5. Rangwala.S.C., Construction of Structures and Management of Works Charotar Publishing House, Anand 388 001, 2000
- 6. B C Punmia, Project Planning and control with PERT and CPMII, LaxmiPublications.

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

III YEAR

D-SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

HYDRAULICS

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023

onwards)Course Name : Diploma in Civil Engineering

Subject Code : CED 620

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : **HYDRAULICS**

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours/ Week	Hours/ Semester	Marks			
LIVERALILICS	LICS 6 Hrs 96 Hrs	00.11	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Duration
HYDRAULICS		25	75	100	3 Hrs	

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS:

SI. No.	TOPIC	Time (Hrs)
1	INTRODUCTION MEASUREMENT OF PRESSURE	19
	HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE ON SURFACES	
2	FLOW OF FLUIDS FLOW THROUGH ORIFICES AND MOUTHPIECES	19
	FLOW THROUGH PIPES	
3	FLOW THROUGH NOTCHES FLOW THROUGH WEIRS	15
4	FLOW THROUGH OPEN CHANNELS	15
5	GROUND WATER	18
	PUMPS TEST AND REVISION	10
	Total	96

RATIONALE:

Subject of hydraulics is a science subject and helps in solving problems in the field of Aeronautical, Electronics, Electrical, Mechanical, Metallurgical Engineering subject The subject deals with basic concepts and principles in hydrostatics, hydrokinematics and hydrodynamics and their application in solving fluid flow problems.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- To define the properties of fluids and their physical quantities.
- To list different types of pressures and various pressure measuring devices.
- To calculate hydrostatic forces on plane surfaces immersed in water.
- To explain types of forces, energy and application of Bernoulli's theorem.
- To describe different types of Orifices and Mouthpieces and to derive discharge formulae and their practical applications.
- To state the different losses of head of flowing liquids in pipes and their equations.
- To describe different types of Notches and Weirs, and deriving the discharge formulas and their Practical applications.
- To describe different types of Channels and their discharge formulas and to determine the condition for maximum discharge;.
- To explain the procedure of Canal Linings and explain the different forms of ground water resources
- To explain the construction details, specifications and efficiencies of Reciprocating Pumps and Centrifugal Pumps.

CED- 620 HYDRAULICS DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
I	1.1 INTRODUCTION Hydraulics — Definition - Properties of fluids - Mass, force, weight, specific volume, specific gravity, specific weight, density, relative density, compressibility, viscosity, cohesion, adhesion, capillarity and surface tension - Dimensions and Units for area, volume, specific volume, velocity, acceleration, density, discharge, force, pressure and power.	19 Hrs
	1.2 MEASUREMENT OF PRESSURE Pressure of liquid at a point — Intensity of pressure - Pressure head of liquid – Conversion from intensity of pressure to pressure head and vice-versa - Formula and Simple problems - Types of pressures - Static pressure, Atmospheric pressure, Gauge pressure, Vacuum pressure and Absolute pressure — Simple problems - Measurement of pressure - Simple mercury barometer - Pressure measuring devices- Piezometer tube - Simple U-tube manometer - Differential manometer - Micrometer - Problems.	
	1.3 HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE ON SURFACES Pressure on plane surfaces - Horizontal, vertical and inclined surfaces-Total pressure-Centre of pressure - Depth of centre of pressure - Resultant pressure - Problems on Practical application - Sluice gates, Lock gates and Dams- Descriptions.	
II	2.1 FLOW OF FLUIDS Types of flow — Laminar and turbulent flow - Steady and unsteady flow — Uniform and Non-uniform flow - Equation forcontinuity of flow (law of conservation of mass) — Energy possessed by a fluid body - Potential energy and Potential Head — Pressure energy and Pressure Head - Kinetic Energy and Kinetic Head - Total Energy and Total Head — Bernoulli's theorem — (No proof) — Problems on Practical applications of Bernoulli's theorem — Venturimeter - Orificemeter (Derivation not necessary) - Simple problems.	19 Hrs
	 2.2 FLOW THROUGH ORIFICES AND MOUTHPIECES Definitions- Types of orifices - Vena contracta and its significance Hydraulic coefficients Cd, Cv and Cc - Formula - Simple problems - Large orifice — Definition — Discharge formula — Simple problems - Practical applications of orifices — Types of mouthpieces - External and internal mouthpieces - Dischargeformula - Simple problems. 	

2.3 FLOW THROUGH PIPES

Definition of pipe-Losses of head in pipes — Major losses - Minor losses - Sudden enlargement, sudden contraction, obstruction in pipes (no proof) - Simple problems — Energy / Head losses of flowing fluid due to friction - Darcy's equation - Chezy's equation (No derivation) — Problems - Transmission of power through pipes — Efficiency - Pipes in parallel connected to

reservoir - Discharge formula - Simple problems.

III 3.1 FLOW THROUGH NOTCHES

15 Hrs

Definitions- Types of notches — Rectangular, Triangular and Trapezoidal notches — Derivation of equations for discharges - Simple problems - Comparison of V-Notch and Rectangular Notch.

3.2 FLOW THROUGH WEIRS

Definitions - Classification of weirs - Discharge over a rectangular weir and trapezoidal weir — Derivation — Simple problems — End contractions of a weir — Franci's and Bazin's formula — Simple problems - Cippoletti weir — Problems - Narrow crested weir — Sharp crested weir with free over fall - Broad crested weir - Drowned or Submerged weirs - Suppressed weir - Stepped weir — Problems - Definition of terms - Crest of sill, Nappe or Vein, Free discharge - Velocity of approach — Spillways and Siphon spillway - Definition.

IV 4.1 FLOW THROUGH OPEN CHANNELS

15 Hrs

Definition - Classification - Rectangular and Trapezoidal channels – Discharge – Chezy's formula, Bazin's formula and Manning's formula - Hydraulic mean depth – Problems - Conditions of rectangular/trapezoidal sections - Specific energy, critical depth

-Conditions of maximum discharge and maximum velocity - Problems - Flow in a venturiflume -Uniform flow in channels — Flow through a sluice gate — Types of channels — Typical cross-sections of irrigation canals - Methods of measurements of velocities — Channel losses - Lining of canals — Advantages of lining of canals - Types of lining- Cement concrete lining with

sketches - Soil cement lining with sketches - LDPE lining.

V 5.1 GROUND WATER

18 Hrs

Aquifer - Water table – Exploring the availability of ground water - Taping of ground water - Open well - Bore well-Types of well construction - Yield of a open well — Equation - Specific capacity or specific yield of a well -Test for yield of well — Methods of rain water harvesting - Sanitary protections — No problems.

5.2 PUMPS

Pumps — Definition — Difference between a pump and a turbine- Classification of pumps - Positive displacement pumps and roto- dynamic pressure pumps - Characteristics of modern pumps - Maximum recommended suction, lift and power consumed-

Reciprocating pump - Construction detail and working principle - Types - Single acting and Double acting -Slip -Air vessels-Discharge and Efficiency- Problems - Centrifugal pump — Advantages and disadvantages over a reciprocating pump - Layout -Construction details — Priming of centrifugal pump — Working of the pump — Classification — Functions of Foot valve, Delivery valve and Non-return valve — Fundamental equation of centrifugal pump - Characteristics of a centrifugal pump — Discharge, power and efficiency - Problems - Specifications of centrifugal pumps and their sections- Hand pump - Jet pump- Deep well pump - Plunger pumps - Piping system.

10 Hrs

REVISION AND TEST

Reference Book:

- Dr. Jagadish Lal Hydraulics, Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines-Metropolitan Book
- 2. Company- New Delhi
- 3. P.N. Modi & S.M. Sethi Fluid Mechanics Standard Publishers New Delhi
- 4. S. Ramamirtham-Hydraulics, Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulics Machines-Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi
- 5. K.L.Kumar Fluid Mechanics Eurasa Publshing House New Delhi
- 6. R.K. Bansal Fluid Mechanics Lakshmi Publications
- 7. Prof. S. Nagarathinam Fluid Mechanics Khanna Publishers New Delhi
- 8. K.R. Arora Hydraulics, Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulics Machines StandardPublishers & Distributors, New Delhi
- 9. B C S Rao, —Fluid Mechanics and Machineryll Tata-McGraw-Hill Pvt. Ltd., NewDelhi

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

III YEAR

D-SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

(Elective Theory-II)

2020 -2021 onwards

SUSTAINABLE AND GREEN BUILDING TECHNOLOGY

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Subject Code : CED 631

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : SUSTAINABLE AND GREEN BUILDING TECHNOLOGY

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Inst	ructions	Examination			
Subject	Hours/ Week	Hours/ Semester	Marks		Duration	
SUSTAINABLE AND GREEN	5 Hrs.	80 Hrs.	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Duration
BUILDING TECHNOLOGY			25	75	100	3 Hrs.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

Unit	Topics	Hours
I	Introduction to Green Building and Design Features	15
II	Energy Audit and Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)	15
III	Energy and Energy conservation	15
IV	Principles and planning of Green building	14
V	Rating System	14
	Test & Model Exam	7
	Total	80

RATIONALE:

On learning Sustainable and Green Building Materials, the students will be able to Identify various requirements for green building, use different steps in environmental impact assessment, relate the construction of green building with prevailing energy conservation policy and regulations, supervise the construction of green building construction using green materials and focus on criteria related to particular rating system for assessment of particular Green building.

OBJECTIVES:

After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Know various aspects of green buildings
- Use different steps involved in measuring environmental impact assessment.
- Relate the construction of green building with prevailing energy conservation policy and regulations.
- Know and identify different green building construction materials.
- Learn different rating systems and their criteria

CED 631 - SUSTAINABLE AND GREEN BUILDING TECHNOLOGY

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topics	Hours
I	INTRODUCTION TO GREEN BUILDING AND DESIGN FEATURES Definition of Green Building, Benefits of Green Building, Components/ features of Green Building, Site selection, Energy Efficiency, Water efficiency, Material Efficiency, Indoor Air Quality. Site selection strategies, Landscaping, building form, orientation, building envelope and fenestration, material and construction techniques, roofs, walls, fenestration and shaded finishes, advanced passive heating and cooling techniques, waste reduction during construction.	15
II	ENERGY AUDIT AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT (EIA) 2.1 ENERGY AUDIT: Meaning, Necessity, Procedures, Types, Energy Management Programs. 2.2 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT (EIA): Introduction, EIA regulations, Steps in environmental impact assessment process, Benefits of EIA, Limitations of EIA, Environmental clearance for civil engineering projects.	7
III	ENERGY AND ENERGY CONSERVATION 3.1 ENERGY: Renewable Energy Resources: Solar Energy, Wind Energy, Ocean Energy, Hydro Energy, Biomass Energy. Non-renewable Energy Resources: Coal, Petroleum, Natural Gas, Nuclear Energy, Chemical Sources of Energy, Fuel Cells, Hydrogen, Biofuels. 3.2 ENERGY CONSERVATION Introduction, Specific objectives, present scenario, Need of energy conservation, LEED India Rating System and Energy Efficiency.	7

	Energy-saving houses, Green House, Passive house, Passive house	
	construction, Low-energy house, Zero-energy house, Energy consulting,	
	Energy efficiency:	
IV	PRINCIPLES AND PLANNING OF GREEN BUILDING	14
	Features: Salient features of Green Building, Environmental design (ED) strategies for building construction. Process: Improvement in environmental quality in civil structure Materials: Green building materials and products- Bamboo, Rice husk	
	ash concrete, plastic bricks, Bagasse particle board, Insulated concrete forms. reuse of waste material-Plastic, rubber, Newspaper wood, Nontoxic paint, Green roofing.	
	Housing modernization and management (building and construction safety, energy efficiency in housing, Property Refurbishment / Upgrade / Modernization / Renovation - Modular kitchens, bathrooms,	
V	Introduction to (LEED) criteria, Indian Green Building council (IGBC) Green rating, Green Rating for Integrated Habitat Assessment. (GRIHA) criteria Heating Ventilation Air Conditioning (HVAC) unit in green Building Functions of Government organization working for Energy conservation and Audit(ECA) - National Productivity council(NPC) Ministry of New and Renewable <i>Energy</i> (MNRE) Bureau of Energy efficiency (BEE) - BER (Building Energy Rating) - Certificates – Plumbing and Electrical to heating efficiency	14
	Test & Model Exam	7 Hrs.

Reference Books

- 1. Kibert, C.J., Sustainable construction: Green Building design and Delivery, John Wiley Hobouken, New Jersey.
- 2. Chauhan, D S Sreevasthava, S K., Non-conventional Energy Resources, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. O.P. Gupta, Energy Technology, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi
- 4. Jagadeesh, K S, Reddy Venkatta Rama & Nanjunda Rao, K S., Alternative Building Materials and Technologies, New Age International Publishers, Delhi.
- 5. Sam Kubba., Handbook of Green Building Design and Construction, Butterworth-Heinemann.
- 6. Means R S, Green Building Project Planning and Cost Estimating, John Wiley & Sons
- 7. Sharma K V, Venkataseshaiah P., Energy Management and Conservation, IK International.

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING III YEAR D SCHEME VI SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

URBAN PLANNING AND DEVELOPEMNT (ELECTIVE THEORY II)

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Subject Code : CED 632

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : URBAN PLANNING AND DEVELOPEMNT

(ELECTIVE THEORY II)

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Ins	structions	Examination			
Subject Title	Hours /Week	Hours /Semester	Marks			
TOWN PLANNING	5 Hrs	80 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Duration
			25	75	100	3 Hrs

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS:

SI. No.	TOPIC	Time (Hrs)
1	TOWN PLANNING PRINCIPLES SURVEYING	14
	ZONING	
2	HOUSING	14
	SLUMS	17
	PUBLIC BUILDINGS	
3	PARKS AND PLAY GROUNDS	14
3	MASTER PLAN	14
	RE-PLANNING EXISTING TOWNS	
4	URBAN ROADS	14
4	TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT	14
5	BUILDING BYE-LAWS	14
5	MISCELLANEOUS TOPICS	14
6	TEST AND REVISION	10
	Total	80

RATIONALE:

Considerable employment opportunities are available in urban sector. This subject aims at imparting knowledge and skill in the Town Planning and surveys, urban roads and Traffic management, Master plan and Building bye laws which can be promoted for upgrading standards of life in urban areas.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the student will be familiar:

- To understand the principle of Town Planning and surveys.
- To study the requirements of housing and slum clearance.
- To study the requirement of Public buildings, parks and play grounds.
- To study the requirements and types of Urban roads and Traffic management
- To study the Importance of housing and slum clearance programmes
- To prepare Master plan and for Re-planning of existing Towns.
- About Building bye laws and other miscellaneous topics.

CED632 URBAN PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT (ELECTIVE THEORY II) DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
I	1.1 TOWN PLANNING PRINCIPLES General - Evolution of planning - Objects of town planning — Economic justification for town planning - Principles of Town planning - Necessity of town planning - Origin of towns - Growth of towns — Stages in town development - Personality of town - Distribution of land - Forms of planning - Site for an ideal town - Requirements of new towns - Planning of a modern town - Powers required for enforcement of Town planning scheme - Cost of Town planning - Present position of Town Planning in India.	14 Hrs
	1.2 SURVEYS General — Necessity - Collection of Data - Types of surveys forplanning a new town - Uses of surveys.	
	1.3 ZONING Meaning of the term - Uses of land, objects and Principles of Zoning - Advantages of Zoning - Importance of Zoning - Aspects of Zoning — Transition Zone — Economy of Zoning — Special Economic Zone (SEZ) -Zoning powers - Maps for Zoning.	
II	2.1 HOUSING General - Importance of housing - Demand for houses - Building site - Requirements of residential buildings - Classification of residential buildings - Design of residential areas - Rural Housing - Agencies for housing -Investment in housing - HUDCO — CIDCO - Housing problems in India.	14 Hrs
	2.2 SLUMS General - Causes of slums - Characteristics of slums - Effects of slums - Slum clearance - Problems in removing slums - Improvement Works - Open plot scheme - Slum clearance and rehousing - Prevention of slum formation - Resources for slum clearance programmes - The Indian slums.	
III	3.1 PUBLIC BUILDINGS General – Suitable Location of Public Buildings – Classification of Public Buildings - Principles of design of public buildings - Town centres - Grouping of public buildings – Requirements of Public buildings – Green House– Civic aesthetics.	14 Hrs

	2.2 DADICE AND DI AVIODOUNDO	
	3.2 PARKS AND PLAY GROUNDS General – Types of recreation - Necessity of open spaces - Location of urban green spaces - Classification of parks - Park systems - Park design — Finance for parks — Parkways — Playgrounds - Space standards - Landscape architecture.	
III	3.3 MASTER PLAN General — Objects — Necessity - Factors to be considered - Data to be collected - Drawings to be prepared - Features of master plan - Planning standards — Report — Stages of preparation — Method of Execution - Conclusion.	
	3.4 RE-PLANNING EXISTING TOWNS General - Objects of re-planning — Analyzing the defects of existing towns - Data to be collected —difficulties in Master Planning existing towns / cities - Urban renewal projectsmerging of suburban areas — Decentralization - Satellite Towns	
	 Smart cities- definition and features- Surface drains — Refuses of Towns – Refuse disposal methods. 	
IV	4.1 URBAN ROADS General - Objects - Requirements of good city road – Factors to be considered – Classification of urban roads – Types of street systems - Through and By-pass roads — Outer and inner ring roads - Expressways – Freeways – Precincts - Road aesthetics.	14 Hrs
	4.2 TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT General - Object - Traffic survey - Traffic congestion - Traffic control - Traffic diversion - Road junction -Parking - Traffic capacity of road - One way traffic - Road traffic problems - Use of islands and flyovers at crossings - causes of road accidents - Traffic signal - Advantages and disadvantages of Automatic Light signals - Road sign - Road marking - Name boards of streets - Direction boards - Street lighting in a town - Traffic problem of existing towns - Peculiarities of traffic.	
v	5.1 BUILDING BYE -LAWS	14Hrs
	General - Objects of bye-laws - Importance of bye-laws - Function of local authority - Responsibility of owner - Applicability of bye-laws - Set backs to buildings — Necessity of setbacks - Light plane — Plot coverage - Floor space index-Maximum Height of buildings - Off-street parking — Fire protection - Minimum width of streets and plot sizes — Some other terms - Principles underlying in framing building bye-laws — Building bye-laws for residential area of a typical town planning scheme — Building bye-laws for other types of buildings -Development control rules - General rules of metropolitan Area - CMDA rules.	

5.2 MISCELLANEOUS TOPICS

Airports - Location - size - Noise control - Parts of an airports

- Betterment and compensation — City blocks —Conurbations - Cul-de-sac streets - Focal point - Green belt - Public utility services - Rapid transit —Remote sensing application — Urban planning using remote sensing — Site suitability analysis Location of Bus Terminus, Whole sale markets, Exhibition Centres etc., — Location for water/sewage treatment plants, location for waste disposal etc.,—Transportation planning.

10 Hrs

REVISION AND TEST

Reference Book:

- 1. Town Planning S.C. Rangwala,: Charotar Publisher (2011), Publisher
- 2. K.S.Rangwala and P.S.Rangwala,. _Town Planning II, Charotar PublishingHouse,15th Edition,1999.
- 3. Michael Hord, R. Remote sensing methods and application, John Wiley and Sons, NewYork, 1986.
- 4. National Building Code of India- Part-III.(2005).
- 5. Municipal and Panchayat bye-laws, CMDA Rules and Corporation bye-laws.
- 6. KA. Ramegowda, Urban and regional planning, University of Mysore
- 7. Principles and practice of town and country planning Lewis B. Keeble, Estates Gazette, University of Michigan, 2010

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

III YEAR

D-SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2022-2023 onwards

W ATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING

(Elective Theory-II)

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Subject Code : CED 633

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instr	uctions	Examination			
Subject	Hours /	Hours /	Marks			
	Week	Semester			Duration	
WATER			Internal	Board	Total	Baration
RESOURCES	5 Hrs.	80 Hrs.	Assessment	Examination	IOtai	
MANAGEMENT			25	75	100	3 Hrs.

^{*}Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and it will be reduced to 75 Marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

Unit	Topics	Hours
I	Introduction and Hydrology	15
II	Ground Water and Management of Ground Water	15
III	Rivers and River Training Works, Storage Works	15
IV	Distribution Works and Management of Canal Irrigation	14
V	Water Shed Management and Water Harvesting and Recycling	14
	Test & Model Exam	7
	Total	80

RATIONALE:

Diploma holders in civil engineering have to supervise the construction, repair and maintenance of canals, head works, river training works, cross drainage works, regulatory and other works. Some of the diploma holders are also engaged for preventing water logging and irrigation by tubewells. This subject imparts knowledge regarding hydrology, flow irrigation – storage and distribution system, constructional features of head works, river training works, cross drainage works, causes and prevention of water logging and construction of tube wells.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand water resource potential in India and need for water resource management.
- Understand the components of hydrological cycle and hydrograph.
- Understand the occurrence of ground water and ground water explorationmethods.
- Understand the ground water basin management concept.
- Learn the classification of rivers and river training works.
- Know the different types of storage works and dam structures.
- Understand the distribution system of canals and management of canalirrigation.
- Understand the concept of water shed management including GISapproach.
- Learn the types of detention basins and reclamation of water logged lands.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

CED 633 - WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topics	Hours
I	1.1 INTRODUCTION Water resources – world water inventory - Importance of water resources - Necessity for conservation and development of water resources – water resources of India - water resources management - purpose - factors involved in water resources management.	7
	1.2 HYDROLOGY Introduction – Definition - Application of Hydrology in engineering - Hydrological cycle - Precipitation – forms of Precipitation - measurements of rain fall - Rain gauge - types of rain gauges - rain gauge network – mean rainfall over a drainage basin – methods - Radar and Satellite Measurements of rainfall - runoff - Estimation of runoff - losses – Hydrograph – Unit Hydrograph - uses	8
II	2.1 GROUND WATER Ground water resources- zones of Ground water-Aquifer - types-terms used –porosity, permeability, yield, specific yield, specific retention, coefficient of storage, specific capacity – Darcy"s law- measurement of yield of well -pumping test- recuperation test- ground water exploration –geo physical methods -Electrical resistivity method – seismic resistivity method- logs.	8
	2.2 MANAGEMENT OF GROUND WATER Concept of basin management - Ground water basin investigations - data collection and field work -mining yield - perennial yield - salt balance - basin management by conjunctive use - artificial recharge of Ground water - recharge methods.	7

Ш	3.1 RIVERS AND RIVER TRAINING WORKS	7
	Classification of river - Major rivers in India and Tamil Nadu -Inter	
	linking of rivers in India and its importance - flood - flood forecasting -	
	flood control in India. River training - objectives of river training -	
	classification of river training - methods of river training - levees -	
	guide banks - spurs - types - artificial cut-offs - launching apron -	
	pitching of banks - pitched islands - miscellaneous methods.	
	3.2 STORAGE WORKS	8
	Surface storage - purpose of surface storage - tanks - types - tank	
	weirs - tank outlet - reservoirs - types - storage capacity of reservoir -	
	methods of determination of storage capacity of reservoir - reservoir	
	losses - dams - classification of dams - selection of dam site - Earth	
	dams - types - methods of construction- causes of failure of earth	
	dam - remedial measures - spillway - types - spillway crest gates-	
	types – sluiceway - types.	
IV	4.1 DISTRIBUTION WORKS	7
	Irrigation Canal - Typical cross section of canal - components of canal	
	section - classification of canal -alignment of canal - canal head works	
	- types - components of diversion head works - cross drainage works	
	 types - canal losses - lining of canal – necessity - types of lining. 	
	4.2 MANAGEMENT OF CANAL IRRIGATION	7
	Canal irrigation system - Need for canal irrigation management -	
	objectives of canal irrigation management - methods of improving	
	canal irrigation management - cropping pattern - need for crop rotation	
	- crop water requirement - water delivery system - irrigation scheduling	
	- frequency of irrigation - optimum use of irrigation water - irrigation	
	efficiencies - conservation of water on the field - farmer's participation	
	- Irrigation manager.	

5.	.1 WATER SHED MANAGEMENT	8
W	Vater shed - classification of water sheds - integrated approach for	
w	vater shed management - role of remote sensing and GIS in water	
sl	hed management - soil and water conservation - Necessity - soil	
е	rosion - causes - effects - remedial measures against erosion -	
C	ontour bunding - strip cropping - bench terracing - check dams -	
V	egetated water way - afforestation - crop residue - land drainage -	
SI	urface drains - sub surface drains.	
5.	.2 WATER HARVESTING AND RECYCLING	6
w	vater harvesting - runoff collection - onsite detention basin - ponds -	
ty	pes - Seepage control – methods -evaporation control - Recycling of	
h	arvested water - waste water recharge for reuse - methods -water	
lo	ogging-remedial measures-soil reclamation.	
T	est & Model exam	7 Hrs.

Reference Books:

- Santhosh Kumar Garg, Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering, Khanna Publishers, Delhi.
- 2. G.L.Asawa, Irrigation and Water Resources Engineering, New ageinternational(p) Ltd., Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. David Keith Todd., Ground water Hydrology, John wiley &sons, Singapore.
- 4. Dilip Kumar Majumdar, Irrigation Water Management Principles and Practice, PHI Pvt.Ltd. NewDelhi-1.
- Madan Mohan Das & Mimi Das Saikia, Irrigation and water power Engineering,PHI learning pvt. Ltd., NewDelhi-1
- 6. K.Subramanya, Engineering hydrology, Tata McGraw-Hill publishing company ltd., New Delhi.

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

III YEAR

D SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

CENTAL POLTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name: DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Subject Code: CED 640

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title: COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hour / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Duration	
COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN	5 Urc	90 ∐rc	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE	3 1118	5 Hrs 80 Hrs	25	75	100	3 Hrs

RATIONALE:

Computers play a very vital role in present day life, more so, in all the professional life of engineering. In order to enable the students use the computers effectively in problem solving, this course offers various engineering applications of computers in civil engineering.

GUIDELINES:

- All the experiments given in the list of experiments should be completed and given for the end semester practical examination.
- In order to develop best skills in handling Instruments/Equipment and taking readings in the practical classes, every two students should be provided with a separate experimental setup for doing experiments in the laboratory.
- The external examiners are requested to ensure that a single experimental question should not be given to more than four students while admitting a batch of 30 students during Board Examinations.

CED 634 COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

PART A

I ELECTRONIC SPREAD SHEET USING SOFTWARE

20 Hours

Solving problems involving estimation, analysis and design using any one of the available packages mentioned below or any other suitable packages for the following exercises.

- 1. Prepare the Estimate sheet with given data (provide all the measurement details) and calculate the quantity using formula bar.
- 2. Prepare the Abstract sheet for the given data and calculate Amount and Total Amount using Formula bar (Use separate column for rates and units)
- 3. Design and Analysis problems
 - i) Calculate Area and Elongation using Formula bar
 - ii) Calculate Effective depth_d' and Area of Steel _Ast 'using Formula Bar
- 4. For given dimension of Masonry/R.C.C Dam ie. top width, bottom width, height of Dam, height of water, Specific weight of masonry/R.C.C., Sp.wt of Water etc,. Find the base pressure and check the stability of the dam
- 5. Finding centre of gravity; I_{ZZ} and I_{YY} of I, L,T and channel sections Note: In addition to the above, similar exercises may be given for practice

Commercial Software	Similar Open source	Download Link
Microsoft Office	Open office	http://download.openoffice.org/
Who obot office	LibreOffice	http://www.libreoffice.org/

PART B

II RCC DETAILING USING SOFTWARE

12 Hours

Generation of detailed drawings for given specification and Preparation of Bar Bending schedule using suitable package for the following exercises.

Cross section and longitudinal section of:

- 6. Continuous one way slab (with three equal spans)
- 7. Simply supported two-way slab
- 8. Restrained two way slab
- 9. Singly reinforced rectangular beam
- 10. Doubly reinforced continuous rectangular beam with two equal span
- 11. Dog-legged staircase
- 12. R.C.C Column with square isolated footing

III RCC STRUCTURES - ANALYSIS USING SOFTWARE

18 Hours

13. Carry out the analysis and design of RCC structures using any one of the available packages mentioned below or any other suitable packages.

Commercial Softwares	AICTE - Autodesk ARC educational grant software	Download Link
STAADPRO, STRUDD,	Robot Structural Analysis Professional	http://www.autodesk.com/education/free- software/robot-structural-analysis-
CADS3D etc.	T TOTOSSIONAL	professional

IV CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGEMENT USING SOFTWARE 10 Hours

14. Develop the CPM / PERT Network for the proposed simple building project using any one of the available packages mentioned below or any other suitable packages.

Commercial	Similar Open	Download Link
Software	source	
Microsoft Project	GANTT PROJECT	http://www.ganttproject.biz/

V DRAWING MAPS USING GIS SOFTWARE

10 Hours

(FOR PRACTICE ONLY - NOT FOR EXAMINATION)

15. Develop Aerial map of given area using **any one** of the available packages mentioned below or any other suitable packages.

AICTE - Autodesk ARC educational grant software	Download Link		
AUTOCAD MAP 3D	http://www.autodesk.com/educatio n/free-software/autocad-map-3d		

Commercial Software	Similar Open source	Download Link
ARCGIS	QGIS	http://www.qgis.org/en/site/
ARCOIS	GRASS GIS	http://grass.osgeo.org/

REVISION & TEST 10 Hours

References:

- 1. http://www.aicte-india.org/downloads/Commercial%20Software.pdf
- 2. http://www.aicte-india.org/downloads/Autodesk%20Program%20Briefing%20Document.pdf

IN BOARD EXAMINATION. QUESTIONS WILL BE CHOSEN AS FOLLOWS

By lot one question each in Part A & Part B

Part A - 30 marks
Part B - 40 marks
Viva - voce - 5 marks
Record works - 25 marks

Total - 100 marks

S.NO.	LIST OF THE EQUIPMENTS	QUANTITY REQUIRED
1.	Computers	30 Nos.
2.	Suitable Software for Electronic Spread Sheet	30 Users
3.	Suitable RCC Detailing Software	30 Users
4.	Suitable Structural Analysis Software	30 Users
5.	Suitable Project Management Software	30 Users
6.	Suitable GIS Software	30 Users

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING III YEAR D-SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2022-2023 onwards

HIGHWAY ENGINEERING LABORATORY
(Elective Practical -II)

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Subject Code : CED 651

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : HIGHWAY ENGINEERING LABORATORY

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject	Hour/ Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Duration	
HIGHWAY			Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Baration
ENGINEERING LABORATORY	4 Hrs.	64 Hrs.	25	75	100	3 Hrs.

RATIONALE:

In this course, the students learn about testing of aggregates, bitumen and preparing a report about roadworks.

OBJECTIVES:

After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Identify the types of roads as per IRC recommendations.
- Understand the geometrical design features of different highways.
- Perform different tests on road materials.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

CED 640- HIGHWAY ENGINEERING LABORATORY

Contents: Practical Total: **64 Hours**

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Exercises:

- Draw the sketches showing standard cross sections of Expressways, Freeways, NH/SH, MDR/ODR
- 2. Flakiness and Elongation Index of aggregates.
- 3. Angularity Number of aggregates.
- 4. Los Angeles Abrasion test
- 5. Softening point test of bitumen.
- 6. Penetration test of bitumen.
- 7. Ductility test of Bitumen.
- 8. Study of dense Bituminous macadam design
- 9. Visit the constructed road for visual inspection to identify defects and suggest remedial measures.
- 10. Prepare the photographic report containing details for exercise No.9
- 11. Visit the hill road constructed site to understand its components.
- 12. Prepare the photographic report containing details for exercise No.11
- 13. Visit the road of any one type (flexible or rigid) to know the drainage condition.

Reference Books:

- 1. L.R. Kadiyali, Transportation Engineering, Khanna Book Publishing Co., New Delhi (ISBN:978-93-82609-858) Edition 2018
- 2. Khanna S.K., Justo, C E G and Veeraragavan, A., Highway Engineering, Nem Chand and Brothers, Roorkee.
- 3. Arora, N. L., Transportation Engineering, Khanna Publishers, Delhi.
- 4. Saxena S C and Arora S P, A Textbook of Railway Engineering, Dhanpat Rai Publication.
- 5. Birdi, Ahuja, Road, Railways, Bridge and Tunnel Engg, Standard Book House, Delhi.
- 6. Sharma, S.K., Principles, Practice and Design of Highway Engineering,, S. Chand
- 7. Duggal, Ajay K. and Puri, V. P., Laboratory Manual in Highway Engineering, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, New Delhi.
- 8. Subramanian, K.P., Highway, Railway, Airport and Harbour Engineering, Scitech Publications, Hyderabad.

CED 640 - HIGHWAY ENGINEERING LABORATORY

DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS

S.No	Description	Marks
1.	Procedure	15
2.	Tabulation and Observation	40
3.	Calculations	30
4.	Accuracy of result	10
5.	Viva-Voce	5
	Total	100

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS (for a batch of 30 students):

S. NO.	LIST OF EQUIPMENTS	QUANTITY REQUIRED
1.	Sieve test for coarse aggregate made of brace 200mm dia complete set	2 sets
2.	Length gauge and Thickness gauge	2 Nos.
3.	Los Angeles Abrasion testing equipment	1 no.
4.	Viscometer	1 no.
5.	Ductility testing machine, briquette mould, water bath	1 No.
6.	Flash and Fire point apparatus	1 set
7.	Bitumen Penetro meter	1 No.
8.	Weigh balance-digital upto 10kg capacity with 1gm accuracy battery backup	1No

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

III YEAR D-SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING LABORATORY (Elective Practical -II)

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Subject Code : CED 652

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING LABORATORY

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject	Hour/ Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Duration	
WATER	ESOURCES IGINEERING 4 Hrs.		Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Duration
ENGINEERING LABORATORY		64 Hrs.	25	75	100	3 Hrs.

RATIONALE:

Diploma holders in civil engineering have to supervise the construction, repair and maintenance of canals, head works, river training works, cross drainage works, regulatory and other works. Some of the diploma holders are also engaged for preventing water logging and irrigation by tubewells. This subject imparts knowledge regarding hydrology, flow irrigation – storage and distribution system, constructional features of head works, river training works, cross drainage works, causes and prevention of water logging and construction of tube wells.

OBJECTIVES:

The following are the objectives of this course:

- To learn estimation of hydrological parameters.
- To understand water demand of crops and provisions to meet the same.
- To know planning of reservoirs and dams.
- To design irrigation projects, canals and other diversion works.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

CED 652 - WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING LABORATORY

Contents: Practical Total: 64 Hrs.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

EXERCISES

- 1. Calculate average rainfall for the given area using arithmetic mean method.
- 2. Calculate average rainfall for the given area using isohyetal, Theissen polygon method.
- 3. Delineation of contributory area for the given outlet from the given topo-sheet.
- 4. Estimate crop water requirement for the given data.
- 5. Estimate capacity of the canal for the given data.
- 6. Calculate reservoir capacity from the given data.
- 7. Calculate control levels for the given data for a given reservoir.
- 8. Draw a labeled sketch of the given masonry/earthen dam section.
- 9. Draw the theoretical and practical profile of the given gravity dam section.
- 10. Prepare a presentation on the technical details of any one micro or minor irrigation scheme.
- 11. Prepare a model of any irrigation structure using suitable material.
- 12. Prepare a maintenance report for any major/minor irrigation project site in the vicinity of your area, based on field visit.
- 13. Prepare summary of the technical details of any existing water resource project in the vicinity of your area.
- 14. Draw a labeled sketch of the given diversion head works and Cross Drainage works.
- 15. Design a canal section for the given conditions with estimation of the quantity of material required for lining.

Reference Books

- 1. Punmia, B.C., Pande, B, Lal, Irrigation and water power engineering, Laxmi Publications
- 2. Subramanayan, Engineering Hydrology, McGraw Hill.
- 3. Mutreja K N, Applied Hydrology, McGraw Hill
- 4. Sharma, R.K. and Sharma, T.K., Irrigation Engineering, S.Chand and Company
- 5. Basak, N.N., Irrigation Engineering, McGraw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Asawa, G.L., Irrigation and water resource Engineering, New Age International(P)
- 7. Dahigaonkar, J.G., Irrigation Engineering, Asian Book Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 8. Garg, S K, Irrigation and Hydraulic structures, Khanna Publishers, Delhi.
- 9. Priyani V.B., Irrigation Engineering, Charotar Book Stall, Anand.

DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS

S.No	Description	Marks
1.	Tabulation and Observation/	25
	Procedure	
2.	Calculations	40
3.	Accuracy of result	5
4.	Viva-Voce	5
	Total	75

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

III YEAR

D SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

HYDRAULICS LAB

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the student admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Subject Code : CED 653

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : **HYDRAULICS LAB**

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Duration	
HYDRAULICS LAB	4 Hrs	64 Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
			25	75	100	3 Hrs

RATIONALE:

Subject of hydraulics lab is a practical subject deals with basic concepts and principles in hydrostatics, hydro-kinematics and hydrodynamics and their application in solving fluid flow problems.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of the course the student will be familiar with:

- Measuring the fluid pressure using manometers
- Determination of co-efficient of discharges of Orifice, mouthpiece, orifice meter, venturimeter, notches etc.,
- Determination of pipe friction factor
- Drawing characteristic curves for centrifugal and Reciprocating pumps.

CED660 HYDRAULICS LAB

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

54 Hrs

Flow of Fluids:

- 1. Verification of Bernoulli's theorem.
- 2. Flow through Venturimeter Determination of Co-efficient of Discharge.
- 3. Flow through Orificemeter Determination of Co-efficient of Discharge.

Flow through orifice:

- 4. Determination of Co-efficient of Discharge by Time fall Head method
- 5. Determination of Co-efficient of Discharge by Constant head method

Flow through external cylindrical mouth piece:

- 6. Determination of Co-efficient of Discharge by Timing fall in head method
- 7. Determination of Co-efficient of Discharge by Constant head method

Flow through pipes:

8. Determination of friction factor for the given GI pipe / PVC pipe.

Flow through notch:

9. Determination of Co-efficient of Discharge for Rectangular Notch / V-Notch

Pumps:

- 10. Reciprocating pump To draw characteristic curves.
- 11. Centrifugal pump To draw characteristic curves

REVISION &TEST 10 Hrs

REFERENCE:

- 2. Hydraulic Lab Manual Compiled T.T.T.I. Chennai 113
- 3. Ghosh and Talapohia Experimental Hydraulic Khanna Publishers New Delhi

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

S.No	Description	Marks
1	Procedure	10
2	Tabulation and Observation	25
3	Calculations	20
4	Sketch / Graph	10
5	Accuracy of result	5
6	Viva-Voce	5
7	Record	25
	Total	100

S.No.	LIST OF EQUIPMENTS REQUIRED	QUANTITY REQUIRED			
	HYDRAULICS LAB				
1.	Bernoulli's theorem apparatus (closed circuit)	1 NO.			
2.	Venturimeter/Orificemeter apparatus (closed circuit) with all accessories	1 NO.			
3.	Pipe Friction apparatus (closed circuit) with all accessories	1 NO.			
4.	Orifice/Mouthpiece apparatus (closed circuit) with all accessories	1 NO.			
5.	Notch apparatus (closed circuit) with accessories	1 NO.			
6.	Reciprocating Pump test rig with accessories	1 NO.			
7.	Centrifugal Pump test rig	1 NO.			

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING III YEAR

D-SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2022 -2023 onwards

PROJECT WORK AND INTERNSHIP

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS D-SCHEME

(To be implemented to the students admitted from the year 2022-2023 onwards)

Course Name : DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Subject Code : CED 660

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : PROJECT WORK AND INTERNSHIP

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject	Hours/	Hours /	Marks			
	Week	Semester			Duration	
PROJECT			Internal	Board	Total	Daration
WORK AND	6 Hrs.	96 Hrs.	Assessment	Examination	Total	
INTERNSHIP			25	75	100	3 Hrs.

RATIONALE:

The students of all the Diploma Courses have to do a Project Work as part of the Curriculum and in partial fulfillment for the award of Diploma by the State Board of Technical Education and Training, Tamil Nadu. In order to encourage students to do worthwhile and innovative projects, every year prizes are awarded for the best three projects i.e. institution wise, region wise and state wise.

As far as possible, the students should be given live project problems with a view to:

- Develop understanding regarding the size and scale of operations and nature of field work in which students are going to play their role after completing the courses of study.
- ii) Develop understanding of subject based knowledge given in the classroom in the context of its application at work places.

- iii) Develop first and experience and confidence amongst the students to enable them to use and apply polytechnic/institute based knowledge and skills to solve practical problems of the world of work.
- iv) Develop special skills and abilities like interpersonal skills, communication skills, attitudes and values

OBJECTIVES:

The objective of the project work is to enable the students to work in convenient groups of not more than six members in a group on a project involving theoretical and experimental studies related to Civil Engineering. Every Project Work shall have a Guide who is a member of the faculty of Civil Engineering of the college. The hours allotted for this course shall be utilized by the students to receive directions from the Guide, on library reading, laboratory work, computer analysis or field work and also to present in periodical seminars the progress made in the project. Each student shall finally produce a comprehensive report covering background information, literature Survey, problem statement, Project work details and conclusions.

This experience of project work shall help the student in expanding his / her knowledge base and also provide opportunity to utilise the creative ability and inference capability.

- Implement the theoretical and practical knowledge gained through the curriculum into an application suitable for a real practical working environment preferably in an industrial environment
- Get exposure on industrial environment and its work ethics.
- Understand what entrepreneurship is and how to become an entrepreneur.
- Learn and understand the gap between the technological knowledge acquired through curriculum and the actual industrial need and to compensate it by acquiring additional knowledge as required.
- Carry out cooperative learning through synchronous guided discussions within the class in key dates, asynchronous document sharing and discussions, as well as to prepare collaborative edition of the final project report.

WORKS INVOLVED IN PROJECT WORK:

Collection of Data from various Journals and Civil Engineering Magazines about the list of Projects given below- Select a suitable project based on the data collected and available resources in your locality -Surveyed Site Plan – Site particulars – Preparation of Architectural Drawings – soil type in the location – Specification for materials & construction procedure - Structural design – Preparation of Detailed Estimate, Data as per Current schedule of Rates - Abstract Estimate – Structural Drawings – Preparation of Report about the project.

IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS TO BE REFERRED FOR THE ABOVE ACTIVITIES:

S.No	Activity	Reference
1.	Preparation of Architectural Drawings	Building Regulations of Locality National Building Code of India, etc
2.	Structural design, Concrete Reinforcement, Steel etc.	1.Relevant IS code for Masonry, Structures 2. IS 456 for Reinforced Cement Concrete 3. Hand book on Concrete Reinforcement and Detailing (SP-34)
3.	Specification of material and work procedure as per State Govt. Highways, Central Govt. Railways, etc	 Construction procedure by organization, viz. PWD Construction procedure by organization viz. CPWD Specification by Architect etc.,

The Project work must be reviewed twice in the same semester. The project work is approved during the V semester by the properly constituted committee with guidelines.

a) INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:

The internal assessment should be calculated based on the review of the progress of the work done by the student peridocially as follows:

Details of assessment	Period of assessment	Max.Marks
First Review	6 th Week	10
Second Review	12 th week	10
Attendance	Entire semester	5
	25	

b) Allocation of Marks for Project Work and Intership in Board Examinations:

Details of Mark allocation	Max. Marks
Demostration/Presentation	20
Report	20
Written Test	15
Internship report	20
Total	75

c) Internship Report:

The internship training for a period of two weeks shall be undergone by every candidate at the end of IV / V semester during vacation. The certificate shall be produced along with the internship report for evaluation. The evaluation of internship training shall be done along with final year "Project Work & Internship" for 20 marks. The internship shall be undertaken in any industry / Government or Private certified agencies which are in social sector / Govt. Skill Centres / Institutions / Schemes.

A neatly prepared PROJECT REPORT as per the format has to be submitted by individual student during the Project Work & Internship Board examination.

LIST OF SUGGESTED PROJECTS

COMPARATIVE STUDY

Conventional and Composite concrete mixtures Light weight construction materials

Prefabricated and R.C.C. Structures

Cost and construction procedures for steel and R.C.C. Structures

Cost and Construction procedures for Prestressed and R.C.C. Structures

ADMIXTURES

Economy of using flyash in concete

MIX DESIGN

Comparative study of mix design by different methods

• STUDY OF SPECIAL TYPES OF CONCRETE IN CONSTRUCTION BY EXPERIMENTS

- Bamboo as a reinforcing material
- Baggase ash concrete
- Flyash concrete
- Concrete with Natural vegetative materials
- Concrete using Plastic waste
- Concrete using Steel slag
- Concrete using factory wastes
- Self Compacting concrete, Fibre reinforced concrete, Ferro cement products,

PAPER PROJECTS

- Residential Houses, Primary Health center, School Buildings, Guest House
- Panchayat Union Office Building, Bank Building
- Post Office Building, College Building, Hospital Building, Hotel Building, Hostel
 Building, Factory Building, Auditorium, Shopping Centre, Community Hall, Theatre
- o Market Building, Multistoried Car park, Rural Bus Stand, Stadium
- Swimming Pool
- Over head tank for a village, New village road with culvert, Small Bridge
- Plate girder bridge
- Septic Tank for a Colony
- Other Civil Engineering related structures

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROJECTS

- Treatment of Wastewater and recirculation for a Colony.
- Solid waste management in a Colony.
- Hydrological data Collection for a river basin/water shed Industrial effluent Collection and analysis.

MISCELLANEOUS

- Rain water Harvesting system for buildings
- o Rain water Harvesting system for a small colony
- Low cost Housing techniques
- Rehabilitation of structures

FORMAT FOR PREPARATION OF PROJECT REPORT

1. ARRANGEMENT OF CONTENTS:

The sequence in which the project report material should be arranged and bound should be as follows:

- Cover Page & Title Page
- Bonafide Certificate
- 3. Abstract
- 4. Table of Contents
- List of Tables
- 6. List of Figures
- 7. List of Symbols, Abbreviations and Nomenclature
- 8. Chapters
- 9. Appendices
- 10. References

The table and figures shall be introduced in the appropriate places.

2. PAGE DIMENSION AND BINDING SPECIFICATIONS:

The dimension of the project report should be in A4 size. The project report should be bound using flexible cover of the thick white art paper. The cover should be **printed in black letters** and the text for printing should be identical.

3. PREPARATION OF FORMAT:

- **3.1** Cover Page & Title Page A specimen copy of the Cover page & Title page of the project report are given in **Appendix 1.**
- **3.2 Bonafide Certificate –** The Bonafide Certificate shall be in double line spacing using Font Style Times New Roman and Font Size 14, as per the format in **Appendix 2.**

The certificate shall carry the guide"s signature and shall be followed by the guide"s name, academic designation (not any other responsibilities of administrative nature), department and full address of the institution where the supervisor has guided the student. The term 'GUIDE' must be typed in capital letters between the guide"s name and academic designation.

- **3.3 Abstract** Abstract should be one page synopsis of the project report typed double line spacing, Font Style Times New Roman and Font Size 14.
- **3.4 Table of Contents –** The table of contents should list all material following it as well as any material which precedes it. The title page and Bonafide

Certificate will not find a place among the items listed in the Table of Contents but the page numbers of which are in lower case Roman letters. One and a half spacing should be adopted for typing the matter under this head. A specimen copy of the Table of Contents of the project report is given in **Appendix 3**.

- 3.5 List of Tables The list should use exactly the same captions as they appear above the tables in the text. One and a half spacing should be adopted for typing the matter under this head.
- **3.6 List of Figures** The list should use exactly the same captions as they appear below the figures in the text. One and a half spacing should be adopted for typing the matter under this head.
- 3.7 List of Symbols, Abbreviations and Nomenclature One and a half spacing should be adopted or typing the matter under this head. Standard symbols, abbreviations etc. should be used.

- **3.8** Chapters The chapters may be broadly divided into 3 parts
 - (i) Introductory chapter,
 - (ii) Chapters developing the main theme of the project work such as
 - 1. Objectives
 - 2. Collection of data and required survey work
 - 3. Management and construction procedure
 - 4. Resources scheduling and networking
 - 5. Design details
 - 6. Required drawing set
 - 7. Utility to society if any and Conclusion

The main text will be divided into several chapters and each chapter may be further divided into several divisions and sub-divisions.

- Each chapter should be given an appropriate title.
- Tables and figures in a chapter should be placed in the immediate vicinity of the reference where they are cited.
- Footnotes should be used sparingly. They should be typed single space and placed directly underneath in the very same page, which refers to the material they annotate.
- **3.9 Appendices** Appendices are provided to give supplementary information, which is included in the main text may serve as a distraction and cloud the central theme.
 - Appendices should be numbered using Arabic numerals, e.g. Appendix 1,
 Appendix 2, etc.
 - Appendices, Tables and References appearing in appendices should be numbered and referred to at appropriate places just as in the case of chapters.
 - Appendices shall carry the title of the work reported and the same title shall be made in the contents page also.
- 3.10 List of References –The listing of references should be typed 4 spaces below the heading "REFERENCES" in alphabetical order in single spacing left justified. The reference material should be listed in the alphabetical order of the first author. The name of the author/authors should be immediately followed by the year and other details.

A typical illustrative list given below relates to the citation example quoted above.

Reference:

- Code of practice for plain and reinforced concrete (fourth edition), IS456:2000, Bureau of India Standard, New Delhi
- 2. Neville, A. M., Concrete Technology, Fourth edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 3. Handbook on concrete mixes (based on Indian Standards), SP: 23- 1988, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi, India
- 3.10.1 Table and figures By the word Table, is meant tabulated numerical data in the body of the project report as well as in the appendices. All other non- verbal materials used in the body of the project work and appendices such as charts, graphs, maps, photographs and diagrams may be designated as figures.

4.0 Typing Instructions:

The impression on the typed copies should be black in colour.

One and a half spacing should be used for typing the general text. The general text shall be typed in the Font style "Times New Roman" and Font size 12.

APPENDIX 1

(A typical Specimen of Cover Page & Title Page)

TITLE OF PROJECT REPORT

<1.5 line spacing>

A PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

<Italic>

NAME OF THE CANDIDATE(S)

Submitted for partial fulfillment of requirement for the award of the

diplomain

<1.5 line spacing><Italic>

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION CHENNAI 600 025

<1.5 line spacing>

MONTH & YEAR

SPECIMEN

PLANNING ANALYSIS AND DESIGNING OF MULTI-LEVEL CAR PARKING

A PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

SANDHYA. A	1020038
GAYATHRI. R	1029399
MUTHUSAMY. G	0 1029399
RAJA. D	1 1028989
	8

in partial fulfillment of requirement for the award of the diplomain

CIVIL ENGINEERING

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION CHENNAI 600 025

APRIL 2022

APPENDIX 2

(A typical specimen of Bonafide Certificate)

CENTRAL POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE CHENNAI 600 113

BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

Certified that this project report ent	itled "TITLE OF THE			
PROJECTname				
OF THE CANDIDATE(S) with h	nis/her batch-mates, in partial			
fulfillment of the requirement for the award of	of Diploma in Civil Engineering			
under my guidance.				
< <signature department="" head="" of="" the="">> SIGNATURE</signature>	< <signature guide="" of="" the="">> SIGNATURE</signature>			
< <name>> HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT <<department>> <<full &="" address="" college="" dept="" of="" the="">> >></full></department></name>	< <name>> GUIDE <<academic designation="">> <<department>> <<full &="" address="" college<="" dept="" of="" th="" the=""></full></department></academic></name>			
Submitted for Board Examination Central Polytechnic College.	held onat			
INTERNAL EXAMINER	EXTERNAL EXAMINER			

APPENDIX 3

(A typical specimen of table of contents)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER NO.	TITLE	PAGE NO.
	ABSTRACT LIST OF TABLE LIST OF FIGURES LIST OF SYMBOLS	iii xvi xviii xxvii
1.	INTRODUCTION	1
	1.1 GENERAL	1
	1.2	2
	1.2.1 General	5
	1.2.2	12
	1.2.2.1 General	19
	1.2.2.2	25
	1.2.2.3	29
	1.2.3	30
	1.3	45
	1.4	58
2.	CAHPTER I	69
	2.1 GENERAL	75
	2.2	99
	2.2	100
